MEET AND CONFER LABOR AGREEMENT BETWEEN CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS AND FORT WORTH POLICE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

EXPIRES SEPTEMBER 30, <u>2028</u> 2024

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PREAMBLE

It is the intent and purpose of this Agreement, entered into by the City of Fort Worth, Texas, hereinafter referred to as "the City," and Fort Worth Police Officers Association, hereinafter referred to as "the Association," to achieve and maintain harmonious relations between the Parties and discuss issues of mutual concern, as provided in the Texas Local Government Code ("TLGC"), Chapter 143, Subchapter I. The Agreement has been reached through the process of Meet and Confer with the objective of fostering effective cooperation between the City and its Officers.

ARTICLE 1 AUTHORITY AND RECOGNITION

The City recognizes the Association as the sole and exclusive bargaining agent for all covered Officers, pursuant to Subsection I of Chapter 143 of the TLGC, excluding the rank of Chief of Police, assistant chief (by statute), deputy chief (by this Agreement), commander (by this Agreement) and non-sworn employees. The parties understand and agree that the Chief of Police is a general employee, subject to the City's Personnel Rules and Regulations for General Employees. A Chief of Police who had a civil service rank with the City prior to appointment as Police Chief has civil service protection to the extent set out in TLGC Section 143.013.

It is agreed that Officers appointed to deputy chief <u>and commander</u> pursuant to Article 15 of this Agreement shall be considered as working out of classification for the duration of their appointment, and they will be covered by an executive pay plan, rather than this Agreement's provisions for pay and benefits.

The Association has determined that Deputy Chiefs' and Commander's benefits under the executive pay plan, and under the City's Ordinance pertaining to this rank are, taken as a whole, favorable in the context of pay and benefits in the Department and that it is reasonable and consistent with the Association's duties under Texas law to exclude them from the bargaining unit for all other purposes, for the duration of this Agreement. Should the City repeal said Ordinance, or if said Ordinance is found by a court of law to be invalid, in whole or in part, the Association shall have the right to reopen negotiations as to this group of employees only, and only to the extent of the effect of the repeal or invalidation.

In the event an individual files an action against the Association and the City on account of the operation of Article 1, the City agrees to defend on behalf of both parties the validity of this provision adopted by both parties, with counsel of the City's choice. This provision does not preclude the Association from retaining its own defense counsel, at its expense, and the City shall reasonably cooperate with counsel designated by the Association to participate. Any obligation for back pay or benefits, or the fees or costs of such litigation (not including any attorneys' fees paid by the Association to their own separate counsel) resulting from such litigation shall be the sole responsibility of the City of Fort Worth.

ARTICLE 2 DEFINITIONS

"Active Duty" means the normal performance of the duties of a sworn position in the Police Department.

"Administrative Inquiry" is an investigation by the chain of command of alleged misconduct that, if proven true, would not result in disciplinary action as defined in Article 7, Section 2.

"Agreement" refers to this Meet and Confer Agreement, negotiated between the City of Fort Worth and the Fort Worth Police Officers' Association.

"Association" means the Fort Worth Police Officers' Association.

"Board of Directors" means the members of the Association who are duly elected or appointed and serve as members of the Board of Directors of the organization pursuant to the Constitution and By-laws of the Association.

"Business Day" means Monday through Friday during normal business hours of 8:00 o'clock a.m. to 5:00 o'clock p.m. and shall not include weekends or City holidays, except as otherwise specifically defined in this Agreement.

"Calendar Day" means each day inclusive of weekends and holidays. "Chief" means the Chief of Police of the City of Fort Worth.

"City" means the City of Fort Worth.

"City Manager" means the City Manager of the City of Fort Worth.

"Civilianization" or "civilianize" means authorized uses of non-civil service personnel, as set out in Article 21.

"Commission" means the Fire Fighters and Police Officers Civil Service Commission of the City of Fort Worth.

"Department" means the Police Department of the City of Fort Worth.

"DABM" means a designated association board member.

"Dispute" means for purposes of Article 8 any and all disputes related to the interpretation of this Agreement between the Association and the City.

"Executive Board" means the members of the Association who are duly elected or appointed

and serve as members of the Executive Board of the organization pursuant to the Constitution and By-laws of the Association.

"Holiday Leave" means up to 8 hours of leave, as set out in Article 19. "Holiday Pay" means up to 8 hours of compensation, as set out in Article 1.

"Preempt" has the same meaning as "supersede."

"Holiday Premium Pay" means compensation paid to an Officer for work performed on a holiday, as set out in Article 19.

"Meet and Confer Statute" means Subchapter I of Chapter 143 of the TLGC, Section 143.301-143.313.

"Member" means a member of the Association.

"Member of the bargaining unit" means a sworn Police Officer covered by the provisions of Subchapter I of Chapter 143 of the TLGC, except as modified in Article 1 of this Agreement.

"Officer" means a sworn Police Officer commissioned and employed in the City of Fort Worth Police Department who is covered by this Agreement pursuant to Subchapter I of Chapter 143 of the TLGC.

"Party" or "Parties" means the City of Fort Worth and the Fort Worth Police Officers' Association.

"Personnel Rules and Regulations" or "PRRs" means those rules and regulations adopted by the City to govern many of the aspects of the working conditions, pay, and benefits for City employees, including Officers who are subject to this Agreement.

"Regular rate of pay" means the same as "regular rate of pay" as defined and used in the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 USC Section 201, et seq., as revised.

"Strike" means, whether done in concert or individually, a failure to report for duty, the willful absence from one's position, the stoppage of work, or the abstinence in whole or in part from the full, faithful, and proper performance of the duties of employment (including, but not limited to, "slowdowns," "sickouts," and the intentional failure to make arrests), for the purpose of and/or to have the effect of inducing, influencing, or coercing a change in the conditions, compensation, rights, privileges, or obligations of employment.

"Supersede" means to the extent that any provision of this Article conflicts with or changes Chapter 143 or any other statute, executive order, local ordinance, or rule adopted by the City including a personnel board, or Civil Service Commission, this Agreement shall preempt such provisions, as authorized by Section 143.307 of the TLGC.

"TLGC" means Texas Local Government Code.

ARTICLE 3 ASSOCIATION RIGHTS

Section 1. Payroll Deductions.

The City shall deduct bi-weekly an amount from the pay of each individual Officer who has voluntarily authorized such deduction for remittance to the Association. After October 1, 2008, Officers who wish to join the Association, Fort Worth Black Law Enforcement Officers Association, National Latino Law Enforcement Organization - Fort Worth, Texas Municipal Police Association or Combined Law Enforcement Associations of Texas (collectively "designated organizations") will complete and sign the appropriate City form to authorize the bi-weekly deduction amount. The Association and designated organizations may change the amount of the deduction with thirty (30) Calendar Days' notice to the City in writing. The City shall notify the Association and designated organizations in writing regarding all Officers who have authorized automatic payroll deductions for the Association and designated organizations not later than ten (10) Business Days following the end of the pay period following the authorized deduction. Effective upon the date this Agreement is executed, the City will remit deducted amounts directly to the Association for FWPOA, CLEAT and TMPA and directly to the designated organizations for BPOA and NLLEO unless and until such payroll deductions are modified or revoked by the affected Officer. The City will notify the Association and designated organizations in writing regarding any such revocations or modifications of any payroll deductions related to the Association or designated organization. The City will make a reasonable effort to provide the Association and designated organizations with detail on the amount of the deduction taken from each Officer.

During the term of this Agreement, automatic payroll deductions and remittance of dues will be permitted for the Association and designated organizations only. Officers who are members of the Association or designated organizations on October 1, 2008 may continue to utilize automatic payroll deductions, as in the past. Officers who are having dues deducted as of October 1, 2008 will not be required to submit new dues deduction forms. After October 1, 2008, an Officer seeking to become a new member in a designated organization and to pay dues to that organization by automatic payroll deductions, with the exception of the Fort Worth Black Law Enforcement Officers Association and the National Latino Law Enforcement Organization — Fort Worth, must join the Association in order to utilize automatic payroll deductions for the payment of such dues.

- A. Any individual member of the bargaining unit wishing to voluntarily withdraw authorization for deductions must personally sign the appropriate form as required by the City.
 - B. All amounts deducted pursuant to this Article shall be paid to the legally

designated representative of the Association for FWPOA, CLEAT and TMPA or designated organization for BPOA and NLLEO in accordance with the procedures and costs established by the City's Chief Financial Officer or designee. The current cost structure of \$.05 per deduction shall be maintained until such time as the cost is changed to reflect a more accurate assessment of cost. The City's Chief Financial Officer or designee has the sole discretion to establish charges for deductions. The cost of deductions is subject to annual review. The actual cost shall not exceed \$.10 per deduction for the duration of this Agreement. The cost per deduction shall be no more than the cost applied to other employee associations.

The Association shall defend the City and hold the City harmless against any and all claims, demands, suits or other forms of legal action that may arise out of, or by reason of, any actions taken by the City, or any employee of the City in complying with provisions of this Article. The Association and the City shall jointly select and direct counsel retained for such defense, and the Association shall further assist and cooperate with the City during said defense.

Section 2. Association Access to Premises.

The Association shall have the exclusive right to access to premises for matters regarding wages, salaries, rates of pay, hours of work, other terms and conditions of employment, or other personnel issues on which the City of Fort Worth and the Association have agreed. Subject to reasonable advance notice from the Association and approval from the Chief or the Chief's designee, the Association may be permitted reasonable access to the premises of the Department for the purpose of administering this Agreement, including but not limited to roll calls, in-service training and the police academy. Such visits shall be limited to the purpose for which approval was granted and shall be conducted in a manner that does not interfere with the functions of the Department.

Section 3. Communications.

- A. Subject to the Fort Worth Police Department General Orders, the City's Administrative Regulations (particularly Administrative Regulation regarding "Electronic Communications Use Policy"), and the applicable provisions of this Agreement, the Association may utilize pre-approved electronic communications ("E-mail") to communicate with members of the bargaining unit regarding matters of general interest to members of the bargaining unit in accordance with the following restrictions and limitations:
 - (1) Prior to any distribution(s), all Association E-mail communications shall be approved, at least forty-eight (48) hours in advance, by the Chief or the Chief's designee. The decision of the Chief or the Chief's designee to approve or disapprove an E-mail communication shall be final and binding and shall not be subject to dispute resolution procedures. However, the Association may ask the City Manager or the City Manager's designee to review any alleged patterns of repeated disapprovals which the Association contends unreasonably restricts communications with its members relating to subjects authorized by this Agreement.

- (2) If the E-mail is deemed inappropriate for general distribution, the Chief's designee will respond to the Association representative with an explanation or suggestion for change.
- B. Association E-mail communications shall relate solely to the following subjects:
 - (1) Recreation and Social Affairs of the Association.
 - (2) Association Meetings.
 - (3) Association Elections.
 - (4) Reports of Association Committees.
 - (5) Rulings or policies of the State or National Association, without added commentary.
 - (6) Legislative Enactments and Judicial Decisions Affecting Public Employee Labor Relations, without added commentary.
- C. E-mail communications shall not contain any political commentary, any solicitation for membership in, or financial contributions to, any labor organization, special interest organization, or political action organization, or any derogatory or offensive propaganda or commentary which reflects negatively upon the City, its officials, its employees, City employee associations or groups, or upon citizens of the City. On a case-by-case basis, the Chief or Chief's designee may consider requests from individual Officers for approval to distribute E- mail communications regarding solicitations for Officers (or their families) needing financial assistance or other forms of assistance.

ARTICLE 4 TIME OFF FOR ASSOCIATION BUSINESS

Section 1. Association Business Leave Pool.

A. Each year at the beginning of the first pay period of the calendar year, the City will allocate 6000 hours of equivalent work-time hours to be utilized as Association Business Leave ("ABL"), and allocated to an agreed Association Business Leave Pool ("ABLP"). At the same time the 6000 hours are added to the ABLP, 4,700 hours in the ABLP will be immediately deducted from the ABLP for the use by only the Association President and the Designated Association Board Member ("DABM") during that calendar year. The remaining 1,300 hours in the ABLP are available for use by other Officers, pursuant to this Article, and, at the end of the calendar year, any of those 1,300 hours that have not been used that calendar year will carry over to the next year. Each year at the end of the calendar year during this Agreement, the unused hours from the 1300 hours referred to above will be carried over to the next year and added to whatever unused hours have been carried over from previous years. Each year at the end of the last pay period of the calendar year during this Agreement, unused

ABL will carry over to the next year.

- B. Notwithstanding Sections 142.0013(b) and (d) and 143.3015(i) of the TLGC, the vacation leave accrual for each Officer will be reduced by three (3) hours annually, at the beginning of the first pay period of the calendar year. These hours will be included in the ABLP, and used for the purposes agreed to in this Article. The parties agree that the allocation of ABL hours in the ABLP, the source of those ABL hours, and the use of those ABL hours do not constitute the payment of money or a thing of value to the Association; rather, any payment of money or thing of value is for the benefit of the Officer who uses the ABL hours. The vacation accrual rates which will apply for Officers under this Agreement are provided in Appendix B. This section preempts TLGC Sections 142.0013 (b and d).
- C. The ABLP may be utilized starting at the beginning of the first pay period of the calendar year. The Association shall be allowed to debit the ABLP on an hour-for-hour basis, during the calendar year when the Association Board members and/or members of the Association's Meet and Confer negotiating team are required to engage in Association business activities. ABL is only available for Association Board members, Association Meet and Confer negotiating team members, Peer Representatives, and the President and the DABM, unless an exception is granted by the Chief. The Association will inform the Chief and the Civil Service Director of the names of these members so that use of ABL can be permitted in the City's Human Resource Information System. If the Chief declares an emergency, he or she may order the Association President, the DABM, or any Association Officers on ABL to report to work for the duration of the emergency.
- D. The Association may request the use of ABL for Association business activities upon five (5) business days advance written notification to and approval by the Chief. Regular Association business activities are defined as time spent: (a) representing members at disciplinary hearings (to the extent permitted by law or allowed by Department policy) or grievance meetings; or mediation program; (b) preparing for and attending formally scheduled Meet and Confer negotiating sessions with the City; (c) administering the terms of this Agreement; (d) attending meetings of the Association's Executive Board; (e) attending regular business meetings of the Association; or (f) attending other Association meetings, training programs, seminars, workshops, conferences, or events.
- E. The <u>use of ABL</u> is not considered City work time and may not be used to accrue compensatory time, shift differential pay, holiday premium pay or holiday leave time. ABL hours will not count as hours worked for the purpose of calculating overtime, except <u>if</u>: (1) ABL hours are used by an Association negotiating team member due to his or her attendance at a formally scheduled Association Meet and Confer negotiating session with the City; (2) ABL hours are used by an Association team member to attend official Association preparation meetings in advance of a formally scheduled Association Meet and Confer negotiating session with the City, (3) ABL hours are used by an Association Board member to respond to critical police incidents, (4) an exception is granted by the Chief; and (5) the Association uses Premium ABL, which equals 1,000 hours of the annual ABL total, and is subject to allocation by the Association for use by members on Association

business. The City shall separately code ABL and Premium ABL for this purpose. Neither the President of the Association nor the DABM nor any other board member, if they are on full-time release to conduct Association business any other board member if they are on full-time release to conduct Association business may use ABL as productive time, beyond their regular scheduled 40 hours per week schedule. The Association President may request in writing the Chief's approval of extended ABL for designated Association board members. If ABL for such Board member or members is not approved for any reason other than an emergency situation, the Association President may meet with the City Manager and/or Chief to review the decision.

- F. Even though ABL hours are not considered as hours worked for other purposes, ABL hours shall count towards daily and weekly limits on total hours worked. Except in the event of a declared emergency or when necessary to complete a call at the end of the workday, an Officer using ABL under this Article shall not be required to work such additional hours for the City that would exceed the Department's fourteen (14) hour daily restriction on the total of hours worked and secondary employment. This subsection does not apply to the President of the Association, the DABM, or any other board member if they are on full-time release to conduct Association business.
- G. ABL used shall be considered creditable service time for the accrual of benefits or other requirements based on years of creditable service.

Section 2. Leave for Association President and Designated Association Board Member.

- The Fort Worth City Council shall, by ordinance, authorize one additional position to the police department's authorized strength, one of which may enly be filled only by the President of the Fort Worth POA. The staffing ordinance will establish that the classification of the additional position shall be the same as the classification held by the President, which may change if the President's classification changes by promotion or demotion, or if a newly-elected President is of different rank than the incumbent President. If the President is promoted, the parties expressly agree that this provision does not create a vacancy for any amount of time, rather that the classification of the additional position converts to the President's promoted rank, simultaneous with the promotion. Upon election of each new POA President, the outgoing President will be placed into an authorized strength position consistent with his or her classification, and if that placement causes an excess in the classification, the procedures for demotion and reinstatement based on seniority shall be applied. See examples in Appendix F. As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Agreement, the Fort Worth City Council shall, by ordinance, authorize one additional position to the police department's authorized strength which may be filled only by a Designated Association Board Member ("DABM") designated by the Association President.
- B._ For the purpose of filing and maintaining his or her time and attendance reports, the Association President <u>and the DABM</u> shall be placed on special assignment and released on ABL. The President <u>and DABM</u> must <u>each</u> use 2080 hours of ABL per payroll year unless otherwise approved by the Chief or the Chief's designee. However, ABL shall not be used if the

President or DABM is under a suspension without pay. The President's and DABM's ABL will be deducted from the ABLP at the beginning of each payroll year to cover the President's and the DABM's and time from the first pay period through the last pay period of each calendar fiscal year covered by this contract. 4,700 hours of ABL will be deducted from the ABLP at the beginning of the payroll year for the ABL hours for the President and the DABM, to offset the benefits associated with being a City employee. The 2080 hours of ABL for the President will be deducted at a rate of 1.25 hours for each one (1) hour of time allocated for the President's for a total of 2600 hours deducted from the ABLP at the beginning of the payroll year. The additional .25 of an hour will cover the additional cost to the City for the President's retirement, Medicare, health insurance and other operating costs associated with being a City employee.

- C. While on ABL, the President <u>and the DABM</u> will continue to accrue his or her usual vacation, sick leave, personal holiday and family leave. Any leave used by the President <u>and the DABM</u> that is not ABL shall be charged against his or her available vacation, sick leave, accrued holiday, personal holiday, compensatory time, or family leave balances as appropriate. All leave balances are subject to year-end maximums (use or lose). Personal holiday or accrued holiday will not count as time worked. The President <u>and the DABM</u> will maintain a record of leave the President <u>or the DABM</u> uses that is not ABL. At the end of each payroll year, the hours of leave used by the President that are not ABL hours will be credited to the ABLP at the rate of 1.25 hours for each hour of such leave used by the President.
- D. No overtime, compensatory time, shift differential, holiday premium pay, or holiday accrual shall be accrued or paid while the President <u>or the DABM</u> is on ABL except, with respect to overtime and compensatory time, when the President <u>or the DABM</u> is recalled to duty by the <u>Chief</u> and required to labor in excess of the normal forty (40) hour week. The Chief retains the right to recall the President <u>or the DABM</u> to duty during an emergency or special event involving overriding need for the protection of the citizens of Fort Worth. If the President is recalled to such duty, the City shall credit hours worked by the President to the ABLP at the rate of 1.25 hours for each hour worked.
- E. ABL shall not be treated as a break in service, and the President and the DABM shall not lose seniority, promotional opportunity, sick leave, vacation (subject to the City's vacation accumulation restrictions), retirement or any other benefits, including mandatory Texas Commission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE) training, while on such leave. While on ABL, the President and the DABM will retain the privileges of his or her employment and shall be maintained by the Department as a Commissioned Peace Officer in the State and a classified Civil Service Employee of the City of Fort Worth.

Section 3. Association Negotiating Team.

The Association's negotiations team shall consist of a Chief Negotiator and no more than five (5) other members. Additional team members may be present, but no more than eight (8) individuals total on the Association's team will be eligible for productive time status during any scheduled meetings. Each team shall advise the other of the name and position of the

individual it intends to designate as a negotiating team member. Either team may change the members of its negotiating team by written or electronic notification to the other team.

Section 4. Association Board of Directors.

Within thirty (30) Business Days after the execution of this Agreement, the Association shall notify the Chief in writing as to the names of the Association's Board of Directors. The Association shall thereafter promptly notify the Chief of any change in the composition of its Board of Directors. To the extent that any designated member(s) of the Association's Board of Directors is otherwise scheduled to work, and upon five (5) Business Days advance written notification to and approval by the Chief, the member shall be permitted to attend the monthly Association membership meeting and the regularly scheduled Association Board meetings and, upon 24-hour notice, any specially called Board meetings. All time in such activities will be deducted from the ABLP.

Section 5. Time Off Without Pay.

The Chief will consider requests for additional time off without pay to attend to other Association business.

ARTICLE 5 MANAGEMENT RIGHTS

Section 1. Except as provided for by State or Federal law or as expressly modified, delegated, or abridged by the provisions of this Agreement, the City shall retain the sole, exclusive, and vested right and prerogative to manage the Department and the workforce in the Department in all respects, including, but not limited to: the right to hire, train, promote, demote, discipline, suspend, discharge, assign, transfer, retain, or lay off employees; the right to establish, eliminate, or modify the qualifications and minimum requirements for hiring, training, promotions, transfers, and job assignments; the right to establish, eliminate, classify, reclassify, or modify the number and types of positions and job classifications; the right to assign and direct the work of Officers, including the scheduling and assignment of duties, responsibilities, and hours of work; the right to establish, eliminate, or modify the methods, processes, means, and personnel by which operations are to be carried out; the right to establish, eliminate, modify, review, and enforce rules and standards governing job performance, personal conduct and appearance, uniforms and equipment, safety, training, education, attendance, discipline, and efficiency; the right to establish, abolish, or modify processes and procedures for investigating and reviewing Officer conduct and complaints relating to that conduct; and the right to determine the wages, hours of work, benefits, and working conditions of the Officers in the Department.

Section 2. Except as provided for by State or Federal Law, or as expressly modified, delegated, or abridged by the provisions of this Agreement, the exclusive rights and

prerogatives of management not expressly mentioned or described in this Article are nevertheless retained by the City and are not to be interpreted as having been diminished, waived, or ceded in any respect. If this Agreement does not, by its terms, expressly and specifically restrict, modify, or abridge a particular right or prerogative of management, then the City retains such right or prerogative of management, solely and exclusively subject to State or Federal law. Moreover, the City's retained rights and prerogatives of management shall not be restricted, diminished, waived, or ceded by any purported past practice, purported condonation or ratification of prior acts of employees, or by prior arbitration decisions or civil service hearing decisions.

Section 3. To the extent the City's vested and exclusive rights and prerogatives of management described or enumerated in this Article or in other provisions of this Agreement differ from the provisions of any federal or state statutes, including Chapters 142 and 143 of the TLGC, the provisions of this Agreement shall supersede and preempt those conflicting provisions of the TLGC or other statutes, as provided in § 143.307 of the TLGC.

ARTICLE 6 NO STRIKE, NO LOCK-OUT

- **Section 1.** The City agrees that it will not lock out any Officer.
- **Section 2.** The Association agrees that neither it nor any of the Officers will permit, sanction, call, encourage, support, acquiesce or engage in any strike; sit-down; slow-down; speed-up; sick-out; sympathy strike; picket; or any other work stoppage or interference with the operation of the City for any reason.
- **Section 3.** It is expressly understood and agreed that the refusal or concerted failure by any Officer to cross or work behind the picket line of any association, union or other organization shall constitute a violation of this Agreement. It is likewise understood and agreed that the refusal or failure of any Officer to faithfully and impartially to enforce the laws of the State of Texas and the ordinances of the City at the site of or in connection with any labor dispute shall constitute a violation of this Agreement.
- **Section 4.** Any Officer who participates in any action prohibited by this Article may be discharged, suspended, demoted and/or otherwise disciplined, at the option of the City. This Section shall be cumulative of any other rights the City may have by statute, at common-law or in equity against the Association and/or the Officer.

ARTICLE 7 DISCIPLINARY ACTION

Section 1. Investigations.

- A. The Parties agree that TLGC § 143.312(f) shall be superseded as follows: A person may not be assigned to conduct an administrative investigation or a chain-of-command investigation if the person is the complainant, the ultimate decision-maker regarding disciplinary action, or a person who has any personal involvement regarding the alleged misconduct. Provided, however, that an investigator who discovers additional violations during the course of an administrative investigation or a chain of command investigation may be the reporting party on those violations and may investigate those violations. An Officer who is the subject of an administrative investigation has the right upon request to inquire and, on inquiry, to be informed of the identities of each investigator participating in an interrogation of the Officer.
- B. Nothing in this Article will be interpreted to prohibit a supervisor from gathering information, either informally, or as a part of a chain-of-command investigation, and then providing such preliminary information to the Internal Affairs Section for their use in an administrative investigation. If, while gathering information during a chain-of-command investigation, determine, if possible, misconduct has occurred, including questioning subordinate officer. A supervisor believes that the matter should be investigated by Internal Affairs, the supervisor can provide the information gathered in the chain-of-command investigation to Internal Affairs for further action, if any. May not use this provision does not allow a supervisor to circumvent any procedural rights under this article Article 7, Section 2 or Article 7, Section 3. However, if while gathering information either informally or during an Administrative Inquiry as described in Section 3 below, a supervisor believes that the matter could result in disciplinary action, as defined in Section 3 below, and therefore should be investigated by Internal Affairs, the supervisor shall provide the information gathered to Internal Affairs for further action, if any. Refer to Section 3 below for more information regarding the details of an Administrative Inquiry.

Section 2. Rights of an Officer who is the Subject of an Administrative Investigation.

- A. The term "administrative investigation" as used in this Article means an investigation conducted by the Internal Affairs Section. This Section only applies to Officers who are the subject of an administrative investigation conducted by the Internal Affairs Section that could result in disciplinary action. "Disciplinary Action" means suspension, demotion, or indefinite suspension. Section 143.312 (b)(5) is preempted and does not apply.
 - 1. This section does not apply to criminal investigations.
 - 2. This section does not apply to any investigations conducted by the Major Case Unit, the Special Investigations Section, or an involved officer's chain of command to Administrative Inquiries.
 - 3. This section does not apply to Officers who are witnesses for an administrative investigation.
 - 4. If an investigation conducted by the Major Case Unit, the Special Investigations Section, or any other departmental criminal investigative entity, leads

to the discovery of possible misconduct that could result in disciplinary action, that investigation, and all of the products of that investigation, shall be turned over to Internal Affairs, which will investigate the possible misconduct pursuant to this Section. When the Major Case Unit turns over the products The Officer shall be provided with a copy of its investigation their interview to being required to make a statement to Internal Affairs, this will not include any interview of the involved Officer. Any at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to being formally interviewed, expect as provided with situations involving exigent circumstances. Any additional interview of the involved Officer will be conducted by Internal Affairs pursuant to this Section.

- 5. If the involved Officer is a member of the Internal Affairs Unit, and an Administrative Investigation is warranted, the investigation shall be referred by the Chief or the Executive Assistant Chief, to another trained IA investigator who is no longer with the IA Unit and who has no personal knowledge of the alleged misconduct. Nothing in this provision prohibits supervisors in Internal Affairs from conducting audits of their subordinates or from conducting Administrative Inquiries as set forth in Section 3 below.
- B. Except in situations involving exigent circumstances, an Officer who is the subject of an administrative investigation shall be informed of the general nature of the investigation forty-eight hours prior to being formally interviewed except as provided with situations involving exigent circumstances, (Section 2(F)(4)(j)). A Personnel Complaint form signed by the complaining or reporting party which that contains a general notification to the officer regarding the nature of the investigation, if served at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to the interview. Signatures need not be notarized. The officer can only waive the 48-hour requirement by signing a written waiver of the 48-hour waiting period.
- 1. An "Officer who is the subject of an administrative investigation" who may also be referred to herein as the "involved Officer," is the person who is the subject of an administrative investigation resulting from a complaint of misconduct received from any source.
- 2. A "complaining party" is a person making a complaint that he or she was harmed by the officer's alleged misconduct. Section 143.312 (b)(1) is preempted and does not apply.
- 3. A "reporting party" is a person who is a witness or third party source of information regarding alleged misconduct, or a member of the Department who becomes aware of misconduct through personal observation. If the Department has initiated the complaint on the basis of reported information, a supervisor is a reporting party for the misconduct complaint. A "Personnel Complaint Form" is a form used by the Department to notify an involved Officer of allegations of misconduct.
 - 4. A "reporting party" on a personnel complaint can be:
 - (a) A person "who personally observed, and is present during, an incident involving

possible Officer misconduct and reports it to the department, and who is not a complaining party.

- (b) A person who reports possible Officer misconduct to the department, but who was not a witness to the event on which the report is based; or
- (c) A member of the department who becomes aware of possible Officer misconduct through personal observation, or information learned by, or reported to, the member of department. This includes information reported to a member of the department from a person who wishes to make the report anonymously.

The personnel complaint form used by the department will include boxes for "Complaining Party" and "Reporting Party." The name of the complaining party or reporting party will be disclosed on the personnel complaint. People who are witnesses, but not a reporting party, do not need to be named in the personnel complaint.

- <u>5.</u> 4. An investigator who discovers additional violations during the course of an <u>administrative</u> investigation may be the complainant or reporting party on those violations and may investigate those violations.
- <u>6.</u> 5. A "Personnel Complaint Form" is a form used by the Department to document allegations of misconduct by Department employees. The form shall contain the name of the person making allegations of misconduct or departmental representative. The involved Officer is prohibited from making contact with member of the public who is a complaining party, or reporting party, or any persons who were or may be, witnesses to the alleged misconduct.
- 7. 6. A "Peer Representative" is a trained member of the bargaining unit, who is but not an Association Board Member who that may act as an Officer's representative for purposes of this Section.
- 8. 7. An "Association Representative" is an Association Board Member who acts may act as an Officer's representative for purposes of this Section.
- C. An interview of an officer who is the subject of an administrative investigation shall take place at a location designated by the investigator. Whenever practical the interview shall take place during the officer's normal duty hours. Time missed from work due to participation in an administrative interview shall not be used against any Officer for purposes of determining whether to impose disciplinary action. The interview may be conducted at the officer's residence unless the Officer objects, in which event the interview shall be reconvened at another location designated by the investigator. The officer's objection to be interviewed at their residence may not be used against the officer in any manner.
 - D. Recording devices in Administrative Investigations.

- 1. In an administrative investigation, investigators may record all interviews or conversations conducted in the course of such administrative investigations, without prior notice to the officer who is the subject of the investigation.
- 2. The officer who is the subject of the investigation, and their Association or Peer Representative, if any, are not prohibited from recording an interview or a conversation with an investigator, but must inform the investigator that they are recording the interview or conversation before the interview or conversation begins.
- 3. Upon completion of the interview, the Officer and their Association or Peer Representative may schedule a time with the investigator to obtain a recorded copy of the interview. The Officer shall supply the investigator with any necessary data storage device at their own expense to complete the copy and transfer to the officer.
- 4. The Officer shall not release any recording collected during the course of the investigation to anyone other than their Association or Peer Representative and the officer's legal counsel. An Officer who is the subject of an administrative investigation may be subject to disciplinary action if the Officer releases any such recording to any person other than the Officer's Association or Peer Representative or legal counsel.

E. Confidentiality.

The Officer shall be required to execute a confidentiality agreement. Nothing in this Section shall modify the Chief's ability to order Peer Representatives or Association Representatives to keep confidential all of the information discussed during the interview of the involved officer and anything he or she learns in the course of the investigation.

- F. During an administrative investigatory interview, the following procedures shall apply:
- 1. This subsection does not apply to an on-the-scene investigation as set out that occurs immediately after an incident that may become the subject of an administrative investigation, except that the Officer under investigation must be furnished, as soon as practicable, a written statement of the allegations in TLGC 143.312(g) the complaint.
- 2. An officer who is the subject of an administrative investigation shall be informed of the rank and name of the assigned investigator and the identity of all persons present during the interview, and their each person's role in the investigation. An Officer shall be entitled to 48-hour written notice if Officers from another Law Enforcement Agency will be present during the interview.
- 3. Except in exigent circumstances where the seriousness of the complaint warrants an extended interview or when the time to impose disciplinary action will expire within sixty (60) calendar days of the Officer's interview date, an Officer shall not be required to submit

to any single interview for longer than six (6) hours. Interview sessions may be held on multiple or consecutive days until the interview process is completed.

- 4. An officer who is the subject of an administrative investigation has the right to have an Association or Peer Representative present during an administrative interview. The officer cannot be punished for making a request for representation. At the Officer's request, a second Peer Representative may be present to only observe the interview of the Officer who is the subject of the administrative investigation. That person will be considered to be "in training" as a Peer Representative and may participate as a Peer Representative "in training" only one time. The Peer Representative "in training" is subject to the same ruls concerning conduct as the Peer Representative.
 - a. The Association or Peer Representative may not be an Officer who is related to the Officer under investigation or a witness to the incident being investigated. The Association or Peer Representative may not speak, interrupt, or disrupt the interview in any manner. This includes but is not limited to making comments, using signs or signals, or making noises which, intentionally or unintentionally, disrupt the interview, such as sighing, tapping, or repeated coughing. If the Association or Peer Representative disrupts the interview in any manner except to make a reasonable request for a break, or has a reasonable belief that the Officer is suffering from a mental health crisis, the investigator may, with the approval of the investigator's supervisor or a member of the Internal Affairs chain of command, exclude the Representative from the interview room and continue the interview without the Representative with the approval of the investigator's supervisor or designated supervisor.

If an Association or Peer Representative engages in conduct that the investigator determines is disruptive to the interview of the Officer under investigation, or disruptive to an investigation, the investigator can disallow that Association or Peer Representative from participating further in that investigation. The investigator will adjourn the interview, allow the involved Officer a reasonable time to locate a new Association or Peer Representative, and the interview will be resumed within 48 hours after the original interview was adjourned. If the involved Officer does not locate a substitute Association or Peer Representative within that 48-hour period, the investigator will proceed with the interview, without an Association or Peer Representative present. If the Chief agrees that the Association or Peer Representative was disruptive to the interview or investigation, the Chief, or designee, can, after discussing the matter with the Association, disallow that person from serving as an Association or Peer Representative, and that person will be removed from the list of Association or Peer Representative referred to in subsection 4(b), immediately below.

- The Association shall maintain a monthly list of ten (10) total Association b. and/or Peer Representatives that will be provided to the Chief's office seven (7) business days before the start of the next month. Individuals on the monthly list will be on-call during that month to act as a Representative as outlined in this Section. If an officer who is the subject of an administrative investigation chooses to be represented by an Association or Peer Representative, the officer must select a person from the monthly list. The monthly list may be modified by the Association if the Chief's office is provided with notice fourteen (14) business days in advance. If the Chief determines that an Association or Peer Representative was disruptive to an interview, the Chief or designee, shall discuss the matter with the Association and may disallow that person from serving as an Association or Peer Representative. In such case, the Chief or designee will provide to the Association a written explanation of the behavior that was determined to be disruptive, and that person will be removed from the list of Association or Peer Representative referred to in this subsection.
- c. A Peer Representative will be allowed to use <u>Association Business Leave</u> (ABL) pursuant to Article 4. An Association or Peer Representative must also obtain prior approval from their Captain or designee before leaving their assigned duties. Any time spent by an Association or Peer Representative assisting an officer will not be considered City work time and shall not be counted as hours worked for the purpose of calculating overtime unless an exception is granted by the Chief or designee, in advance of the representative rendering assistance.
- d. The Association or Peer Representative does not have a privilege for representation and advice to an officer in an administrative investigation. This provision is included to ensure that Officers who are the subject of an administrative investigation are informed of the process, as well as their duties and rights under this Agreement and Department Policy. There is no privilege to protect statements or disclosures to the Officer's representative in any criminal matter. It is the expectation of the parties that, in an administrative investigation, the Department will generally not inquire of the discussions, explanations, and advice given to the Officers who are the subject of an administrative investigation, but each Officer of the FWPD is at all times obligated to follow Department rules and regulations. In unusual circumstances when the Department becomes aware that the involved Officer has made an admission of misconduct to the Association or Peer Representatives, the Officers' Officer's representative may be interviewed or required to testify about statements and admissions made by the officer who is the subject of an administrative investigation, or other knowledge or information that the representative has obtained about the charged misconduct. The Officer's representative may also be interviewed in the administrative investigation, or

called as a witness to testify at the hearing of a suspension appeal, about matters relevant to the alleged misconduct within the personal knowledge of the representative, that the representative did not acquire through the representative's in their role as the Officer's representative. An Officer's representative called as a witness in an administrative investigation or civil service hearing shall be entitled to 48 hour's written notice and the right to counsel.

- e. At a minimum of least two hours prior to the scheduled interview, the involved officer must inform the investigator whether an Association or Peer Representative will be present during the interview. If so, the name of the representative must be given to the investigator. Failure to give this notice may result in the representative not being allowed to be present in the interview with the approval of the investigator's supervisor or designated supervisor. At the time the personnel complaint is served the investigator shall provide to the involved Officer the contact information, including the telephone number and email for the person or persons (including the investigator), involved in making arrangements for the involved Officer's interview. The Officer shall be promptly notified if the contact information changes.
- f. The Association or Peer Representative must arrive at the designated location for the interview and have concluded the consultation with the involved officer by the scheduled start time of the interview.
- g. If the Association or Peer Representative is unavoidably delayed, such as having to complete a dispatched call for service or some important work task, the representative must contact the investigator by telephone at least one hour in advance of the scheduled start time of the interview. The investigator has the option of delaying the interview or rescheduling it with the approval of the investigator's supervisor or designated supervisor.
- h. If the Association or Peer Representative fails to contact the investigator as outlined above and good cause for failing to make timely contact is not provided prior to the scheduled start time for the interview, the investigator may, with the approval of the investigator's supervisor or designated supervisor, commence the interview with the officer without the presence of the representative. The involved officer may not make another request for representation for that particular interview.
- i. If for any reason a representative is not able to attend the interview and the interview was set to take place within forty-eight (48) hours of the officer being served with notice of the charges, the involved officer may elect to withdraw his or her 48-hour waiver so that the interview will be rescheduled for a later time. Any information obtained prior to the officer's withdrawal

of a 48 hour waiver may be used against the officer in the investigation.

- j. If an exigent circumstance exists that necessitates the immediate interview of an officer without waiting forty-eight (48) hours, and the officer makes a request for representation, the investigator shall give the officer an opportunity to immediately contact an Association or Peer Representative. The Association or Peer Representative shall be provided two hours from the time of the request for representation to arrive at the designated location of the interview and consult with the involved officer. If the Association or Peer Representative does not respond and complete the consultation within the two hour time frame, the investigator may conduct the interview without a Representative; and the officer may not make another request for representation for that particular interview.
- 5. During the interview of the Officer under investigation, time shall be provided for personal necessities, meals, telephone calls, and rest periods as deemed necessary and reasonable by the investigator.
- 6. The Officer under investigation shall not be subjected to any offensive language, nor shall the Officer be threatened with transfer, dismissal, or other disciplinary punishment. No promise of reward shall be made as an inducement to answering questions. Nothing herein is to be construed so as to prohibit the investigating Officer from informing the Officer under investigation that the misconduct being investigated could result in disciplinary action or termination of employment, or from informing the Officer that he or she can be disciplined for untruthfulness during failure to answer truthfully reasonable questions directly related to the investigation or to cooperate fully in the conduct of the investigation may result in punitive action.
- 7. At an Officer's Pre-disciplinary meeting with the Chief, or person acting as the Chief under this Agreement, the Officer can have a Peer Representative outside the room in which the pre-disciplinary meeting is occurring to be available to speak with the Officer should the Officer so desire or have questions from the meeting. The Officer shall be allowed to request reasonable breaks during the pre-disciplinary meeting, as needed, to discuss relevant matters with their peer representative outside of the meeting. Breaks will be limited to 15 minutes each, unless the time is extended by mutual agreement. An Officer shall not be penalized for requesting a break(s) to speak with their peer representative.
- G. All video recordings, audio recordings, digital files, written statements, other documents, photographs, GPS/AVL readings, Taser readouts, and any other type of information collected during the course of an administrative investigation shall remain in the custody of the Internal Affairs Section, other than the copy of the Officer's own statement that is provided to the Officer. Before giving a statement, an Officer who is the subject of an administrative investigation, or a witness Officer if they have provided any prior statement—will be allowed to review any videos or media, prior statements, and Taser readouts in the

investigator's possession, that depict any incident that is the focus of the investigation. Prior statements, police reports or any other documents that could assist the Officer's memory, including statements made by the Officer to Major Case, Special Investigations Unit or any other investigative unit, will be provided to the officer, only to the extent that the Officer specifically requests any such items. The Officer must make arrangements with the investigator to schedule a time to review the items set out in this section, at least two hours in advance of the time set for the Officer to give the statement set out in this section. The Investigative—The Internal Affairs Unit shall make reasonable and appropriate efforts to obtain videos or media, and Taser readouts that exist in the FWPD for this purpose. The Officer can review such videos or media, and Taser readouts outside of the presence of the investigator, but only the Officer's Association or Peer Representative or attorney will be allowed to be in the room with the Officer when the Officer reviews the videos or media, and Taser readouts. The Officer and Association or Peer Representative or attorney are prohibited from recording, copying, or transmitting the substance of the videos or media, and Taser readouts by any means, at any time before the conclusion of the investigation. All recording devices will be turned off in any room used by the Officer, Association or Peer Representative, or attorney to review videos or media, or Taser readouts. During the review of the above by the Officer, it is prohibited for a member of IAD or anyone acting on their behalf, to monitor or record the Officer's review of the materials listed above.

- 1. In addition to videos and media, and Taser readouts the officer under investigation shall be allowed to review, but not copy verbatim, photocopy or photograph, any information collected during the course of an administrative investigation. The investigator shall determine at what point in the investigation the officer shall be allowed this review, however, once the Officer receives a written statement of suspension related to the investigation, the Officer and his or her counsel shall be provided a copy of the complete investigation, to the extent authorized by law, no later than five (5) <u>calendar</u> days after the Officer receives the written statement of suspension. If the Officer receives these materials after the date that the Officer receives the written statement of suspension, the Officer's time to appeal will begin to run on the date the materials are provided to the Officer. The Officer's right to review under this paragraph does not include videos or photographs from third party sources.
- 2. Upon request, the officer under an administrative investigation shall be given an exact copy of the officer's own written statement, however, the officer may not release a copy of his or her statement to any person, nor may the officer discuss details of the case with any party, with the exception of his or her Association or Peer Representative, and the officer's legal counsel.
- H. In investigations where the officer is subject to a companion or concurrent criminal investigation, the Department shall ensure that any statement of the officer who is the subject of the investigation, which is gathered as a part of the administrative investigation, shall not be released to the entity conducting the criminal investigation except as required by a subpoena or required to be disclosed by law or Court decision. No criminal investigator shall be allowed to participate in an administrative investigation or interview.

- I. The refusal by any involved officer to answer pertinent questions concerning any administrative matter related to the alleged misconduct may result in disciplinary action or termination of employment.
- J. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of the Chief to conduct administrative investigations, nor shall anything in this section be construed to relieve the officer under investigation of the duty to adhere to the rules, regulations, and policies of the Fort Worth Police Department and the City of Fort Worth, or to provide thorough, complete, and truthful responses to requests for verbal or written statements and written interrogatories in connection with an administrative investigation.

K. The procedures and provisions above are in addition to Section 143.312 (c)-(i). Sections 143.312 (j), (k) and (l) are preempted and do not apply.

If an Officer in a disciplinary appeal proves that: (1) the Chief or his or her representatives, after objection by the involved Officer or their Association or Peer Representative, intentionally or knowingly failed to comply with the provisions of Section 2 of this Article; (2) the violation adversely affected the involved Officer's substantive rights provided in that same section; and (3) the involved Officer proves that the disciplinary outcome or punishment would have been different, if not for the alleged violation, the Hearing Examiner may make such determinations as may be necessary to achieve substantial justice and effectuate the provisions of this Article. The Chief or designee will provide a written response to the Officer's objection within 10 calendar after the objection is asserted. This rule does not automatically require exclusion of any evidence. The involved Officer shall have the burden of proof on this issue, even though the City has the burden of proof on the disciplinary violation and reasonableness of punishment. An involved officer or their Association or Peer Representative must give written notice to the Chief or his or her representatives of an alleged violation of Section 2 of this Article within 48 hours after the involved Officer or their Association or Peer Representative knew, or should have known, of the alleged violation. The notice must specify the sub-section violated and the facts underlying the alleged violation. If the involved Officer or their Association or Peer Representative does not provide timely notice of an alleged violation, the involved Officer cannot raise the issue in any manner during a disciplinary appeal, and the Hearing Examiner cannot consider the alleged violation in making his or her decision in the appeal. If the City takes appropriate actions which are deemed necessary to correct, reverse or cure the involved Officer's timely asserted alleged violation, the involved Officer cannot raise the issue in any manner during a disciplinary appeal, and the Hearing Examiner cannot consider the alleged violation in making his or her decision in the appeal.

<u>L. M.</u> Military Deployments <u>or Other Protected Leave</u> During an Administrative Investigation.

In the event that an Officer is deployed, or his or her service activated by any branch of the armed services during an administrative investigation, the 180 <u>calendar</u> day time period contained in Tex. Loc. Gov't Code 143.062 (h) shall be suspended as of the date of the military order that notifies the Officer that he or she is being deployed or called to active service. Upon return to full duty with the Department, the Chief, Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief, or Commander, in making a decision to impose disciplinary action on the Officer, shall be allowed to exhaust however many of the 180 <u>calendar</u> days were left prior to the date of the military orders. The 180 calendar day requirement in TLGC 143,062(h) will also be suspended during the time that an Officer is on approved leave under FMLA or ADA, or Line of Duty Injury or Illness Leave under TLGC 143.073, or out on worker's compensation. Upon returning to work with the Department, the Chief, Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief, or Commander shall be allowed to exhaust however many of the 180 calendar days were left prior to the date of the military orders, worker's compensation, or protected leave.

Section 3 Chain of Command Investigations. Administrative Inquiries.

A. A "complaining party" is a person making a complaint that he or she was harmed by the officer's alleged misconduct. Section 143.312 (b)(1) is preempted and does not apply.

B. Sections 4, 5 and 6 of this Article shall apply to procedures subsequent to chain of command investigations.

C. TLGC Section 143.312 shall otherwise apply to chain of command investigations.

A. D. In a chain of command investigation, the supervisor conducting a chain of command investigation and the Officer being interviewed will be permitted to record any interview provided that all parties are notified of the recording at time the recording is made. An Administrative Inquiry is an investigation by the chain of command of alleged misconduct that, if proven true, would not result in disciplinary action as defined in Section 2. An Officer's chain of command cannot conduct an administrative investigation. The chain of command may only conduct an Administrative Inquiry. An Administrative Inquiry can occur in any division in the Department, including, Internal Affairs, SIU or Major Case. An Administrative Inquiry cannot be conducted to investigate allegations of (1) use of force, (2) use of deadly force, (3) untruthfulness, (4) false statements, (5) sexual harassment, or (6) alleged or possible criminal acts.

B. The highest level of action that can be taken following an Administrative Inquiry is a written reprimand. If new allegations arise during an Administrative Inquiry that could lead to disciplinary action as defined in Section 2, the supervisor shall cease the inquiry and refer the matter to Internal Affairs for further investigation. Prior to question the Officer as part of an Administrative Inquiry, the supervisor must explain to the Officer that the supervisor is conducting an administrative inquiry and inform the Officer of the subject matter of the administrative inquiry. At the time an Administrative Inquiry begins, if the supervisor conducting it believes there is a question whether it would lead to disciplinary action, the matter will be referred to Internal Affairs to determine if an Administrative Investigation is warranted.

- C. TLGC Section 143.312 shall not apply to Administrative Inquiries. However, if a Written Reprimand is issued to the Officer at the conclusion of an Administrative Inquiry, the Officer will have the right to respond within 10 calendar days, pursuant to TLGC Section 143.312(k).
- D. In an administrative Inquiry, the supervisor conducting the inquiry and the Officer being interviewed are each permitted to record the interview so long as all parties are notified of the recording at the time the recording is made.

Section 4. Disciplinary Suspensions.

- The Chief can impose a disciplinary suspension on Officers of up to 15 calendar days, or an indefinite suspension. The Chief and the Officer shall retain the right under TLGC Section 143.052(g) to agree in writing to voluntarily accept, with no right of appeal, a suspension of 16 to 90 calendar days for the violation of a civil service rule. The Chief and the Officer can also agree to disciplinary action of 15 calendar days or less, with no right of the Officer to appeal the disciplinary action. The offer shall All offers that require an Officer to relinquish their right to appeal must be presented in writing and, at the Officer's request, the Officer will be given 2 two business days to consider the offer, including consulting with the Association representative and/or legal counsel. When The Chief presents the offer to the Officer, the Chief must also present to the Officer, in writing, what disciplinary action will be imposed if the Officer rejects the offer. After the Chief presents the offer to the Officer, there will be no further negotiation on that matter. If the Officer accepts the Chief's offer, then the written offer will be signed by the Chief and the Officer and will be binding on all parties. The Officer's written election shall be the imposed discipline. If the Officer declines the Chief's offer fails to make a written election by the deadline, then the suspension with the right to appeal shall be the imposed discipline. The rejected offer shall not be admissible in any civil service appeal. An appointed Executive Chief Assistant Chief can impose exercise the disciplinary action that powers of the Chief believes is appropriate, as set out forth in this Section 4(A).
- B. Assistant Chiefs and Deputy Chiefs can impose disciplinary suspensions on Officers of up to 5 10 calendar days, which is appealable to the same extent as discipline imposed by the Chief pursuant to TLGC Chapter 143. An Assistant Chief or Deputy Chief can also agree with an Officer, in writing, to a disciplinary action of 10 5-days or less, with no right of the Officer to appeal the disciplinary action. The offer must shall be presented in writing, and at the Officer's request, the Officer will be given 2 two business days to consider the offer, including consulting with the Association representative and/or legal counsel. After the Assistant Chief or Deputy Chief presents the offer to the Officer, there will be no further negotiation on that matter. If the Officer accepts the offer, then the written offer will be signed by the Assistant Chief or Deputy Chief and the Officer and will be binding on all parties. If the Officer declines, then the Assistant Chief or Deputy Chief can impose the disciplinary action that he or she believes is appropriate, as set out in this Section 4(B). The rejected offer shall not be admissible in any civil service appeal.

- C. Deputy Chiefs can impose disciplinary suspensions on Officers of up to 5 calendar days, which is appealable to the same extent as discipline imposed by the Chief. Deputy Chiefs can also agree with an Officer, in writing, to a disciplinary action of 5 days or less, with no right of the Officer to appeal the disciplinary action. The offer must be presented in writing, and at the Officer's request, the Officer will be given 2 business days to consider the offer, including consulting with the Association representative and/or legal counsel. After the Deputy Chief presents the offer to the Officer, there will be no further negotiation on that matter. If the Officer accepts the offer, then the written offer will be signed by the Deputy Chief and the Officer and will be binding on all parties. If the Officer declines, then the Deputy Chief can impose the disciplinary action that he or she believes is appropriate, as set out in this Section 4(C). The rejected offer shall not be admissible in any civil service appeal.
- <u>D. C.</u> Commanders can impose disciplinary suspensions on Officers of up to 3 calendar days, which is appealable to the same extent as discipline imposed by the Chief pursuant to TLGC Chapter 143. A Commander can also agree with an Officer, in writing, to a disciplinary action of 3 days or less, with no right of the Officer to appeal the disciplinary action. The offer <u>must shall</u> be presented in writing, and at the Officer's request, the Officer will be given <u>2 two</u> business days to consider the offer, including consulting with the Association representative and/or legal counsel. After the Commander presents the offer to the Officer, there will be no further negotiation on that matter. If the Officer accepts the offer, then the written offer will be signed by the Commander and the Officer and will be binding on all parties. If the Officer declines, then the Commander can impose the disciplinary action that he or she believes is appropriate, as set out in this Section <u>4(D)</u>. The rejected offer shall not be admissible in any civil service appeal.
- <u>E. D.</u> Any person serving as the "Acting Chief" or "Interim Chief" shall have the same power and authority to impose discipline as the Chief. <u>A person serving as an acting Assistant chief, acting Deputy Chief, or acting Commander role has the same power and authority to impose discipline as the position for which the person is serving in an acting role.</u>
- <u>F</u>. <u>E</u>. In this section, a "working day" is defined as an 8-hour day. If an Officer is assigned to work a 10-hour shift, the Officer may use vacation leave or compensatory time for the remaining two hours of the shift, or the Officer may elect to work the two hours anytime during that workweek with the approval of their supervisor.
- G. F. The Chief or the Chief's designee shall not be required to deliver in person a written statement of suspension to the Officer being suspended. The written statement of suspension shall be deemed to have been delivered upon the Officer when the written statement of suspension (1) is hand-delivered to the suspended Officer by the Chief, the Chief's designee, or by a designated messenger; or (2) is delivered to an attorney representing the suspended Officer. A written statement is deemed delivered to the Officer's attorney by handing it to the attorney or by leaving it with another attorney in the attorney's office or a member of the attorney's staff, or by delivering it by any other means that the attorney consented to in writing. If the City attempts in good faith to deliver the written statement as

provided herein, but such attempts are unsuccessful, the written statement may be mailed by certified mail to the last known address of the suspended Officer. Service is complete upon mailing, and the suspension shall be automatically appealed to an independent <u>Hearing Examiner</u>.

- $\underline{\mathsf{H}}$. $\underline{\mathsf{G}}$. The written statement of suspension shall not include the officer's home address or telephone number.
- <u>I</u>. H. The written statement of suspension will not include charges or conclusions of misconduct that are not related to or relevant to the charges that were sustained; however, this does not preclude factual allegations from the investigation that were found to be true that relate to or support the sustained charges. <u>The City may include prior disciplinary actions in</u> the written statement of suspension <u>shall not list</u> <u>if those matters occurred within ten (10) years prior to the date of the disciplinary action that was and were considered by the <u>Chief in his</u> decision, <u>but maker in determining the disciplinary consequences for the current sustained misconduct. This does not include written reprimands or coaching sessions. The City is also entitled to offer, at any hearing on appeal, <u>any</u> evidence <u>on the of prior discipline or disciplinary history similar sustained misconduct</u> that was considered in connection with the suspension imposed.</u></u>
- J. I. Within ten_10 calendar days of an officer being placed on restricted duty, including but not limited to administrative reassignment or any other duty status that changes or limits the Officer's regular duty status, the Chief shall provide the officer with a brief written statement of the basis or reason for the action or a written personnel complaint.

Section 5. Procedures After Felony Indictment or Misdemeanor Complaint.

The Parties agree that TLGC § 143.056 shall be superseded as follows:

- A. If an Officer is indicted for a felony or officially charged with the commission of a Class A or B misdemeanor, the Chief may temporarily suspend the person with or without pay for a period not to exceed forty-five (45) calendar days after the date of final disposition of the specified felony indictment or misdemeanor complaint.
- B. The Chief shall notify the suspended Officer in writing that the person is being temporarily suspended for a specific period with or without pay and that the temporary suspension is not intended to reflect an opinion on the merits of the indictment or complaint.
- C. If the action directly related to the felony indictment or misdemeanor complaint occurred or was discovered on or after the 180th <u>calendar</u> day before the date of the indictment or complaint, the Chief may, within forty-five (45)-calendar days after the date of final disposition of the indictment or complaint, bring a charge against the Officer for a violation of civil service rules.



- D. An Officer indicted for a felony or officially charged with the commission of a Class A or B misdemeanor who has also been charged by the Chief with civil service violations directly related to the indictment or complaint may delay the civil service hearing for not more than thirty (30) calendar days after the date of the final disposition of the indictment or complaint. "Final disposition," for the purpose of this section, means a disposition in the trial court, by acquittal, conviction, or plea agreement including a guilty plea, a no-contest plea, deferred adjudication, or probation.
 - 1. An Officer's potential recovery of back pay in a successful appeal, when the appeal was abated because of a pending criminal charge, will be determined as follows:
 - (a) An Officer may recover full back pay if the criminal charges were dropped not as part of after completion of First Responders Court;
 - (b) If the criminal charges were dismissed as part of a plea deal, or in connection with a deferred disposition, the Officer's potential back pay ends as of the date of the plea deal or order of deferred disposition.
- E. If the Chief temporarily suspends an Officer under this section and the Officer is not found guilty of the indictment or complaint in a court of competent jurisdiction, or the charges are dismissed and not re-filed as another offense, the Officer may appeal to the Commission or to a Hearing Examiner for recovery of back pay. The Commission or Hearing Examiner may award all or part of the back pay or reject the appeal; provided, however, that if an Officer has pled pleaded guilty or received probation or deferred adjudication in connection with another or lesser included offense in order to obtain dismissal of the felony or Class A or B misdemeanor, the Officer may not receive more than 180 calendar days of back pay in such an appeal. If the City and the Officer agree, an Officer who appeals a disciplinary suspension or an indefinite suspension, who was also placed on unpaid temporary suspension prior to the disciplinary suspension or indefinite suspension may have his appeal for backpay during the officer's unpaid temporary suspension heard at the same time as the disciplinary appeal by the selected Hearing Examiner or the Civil Service Commission. This agreement between the City and the Officer can be made at any time after the disciplinary appeal or request for back pay is filed.
- F. Acquittal or dismissal of an indictment or a complaint does not mean that an Officer has not violated civil service rules and does not negate the charges that may have been or may be brought against the Officer by the Chief.
- G. Final conviction of a felony shall terminate the employment of an Officer without right of appeal, and conviction of a Class A or B misdemeanor may be cause for disciplinary action or indefinite suspension.
 - H. The Chief may issue a disciplinary suspension, including an indefinite suspension

based on an act classified as a felony or a Class A or B misdemeanor after the 180 <u>calendar</u> day period following the date of the discovery of the act by the Chief if the Chief considers delay to be necessary to protect a criminal investigation of the person's conduct. If the Chief <u>intends</u> to issue is considering issuing a disciplinary suspension, including an indefinite suspension after the 180 <u>calendar</u> day period, the Chief must file with the attorney general a statement describing the criminal investigation and its objectives within 180 calendar days after the date the act complained of occurred. Contemporaneously, the City will provide the Officer with a copy of the letter to the attorney general.

I. If an Officer is indicted for a felony or officially charged with the commission of a Class A or B misdemeanor the Officer shall notify the Chief <u>or Internal Affairs Division</u> of the charge or indictment within 48 hours of any arrest related to the charge or indictment. Upon <u>plea</u>, conviction, acquittal or dismissal of a Class A or B misdemeanor or felony the Officer shall within 48 hours notify the Chief <u>or the Internal Affairs Division</u>.

Section 6. Hearing Examiner List and Selection Process.

- A. An Officer who appeals a disciplinary action may elect to appeal to an independent third- party Hearing Examiner. The Hearing Examiner shall be selected pursuant to the procedure set forth in this Section.
- В. The Civil Service Director shall maintain a list of eight (8) neutral Hearing Examiners selected by mutual agreement of the City and the Association to serve as Hearing Examiners. The selected Hearing Examiners must have prior experience in hearing police disciplinary cases. The City and the Association shall meet within thirty (30) calendar days after the execution of this Agreement to select the Hearing Examiners that will be included on the initial list. If there is a delay in reaching agreement on the initial list of Hearing Examiners, or reaching an agreement on re-appointing any Hearing Examiners, the then-current list will remain in effect until a new list is agreed to by the City and the Association. Each of the Hearing Examiners who are selected for the initial list, or who are added to the list by agreement of the City and the Association, shall remain on the list until removed by agreement of the City and the Association, or when the Hearing Examiner expresses his or her desire to no longer receive assignment of cases. If a Hearing Examiner who has been designated to hear a disciplinary appeal is removed from the list while that appeal is pending, that Hearing Examiner will continue to hear that appeal to its conclusion, unless the Hearing Examiner is unable or refuses to do so. In that event, the parties will have 10 business days to agree on a replacement Hearing Examiner, or, if they cannot agree, then the Civil Service Director, or his or her designee shall select the first Hearing Examiner on the list. The City and the Association may at any time, by mutual written agreement, remove or add Hearing Examiners to such list.
- C. At the same time that the City and Association agree to the initial list of Hearing Examiners, set out above, the City and Association will also agree to a list of 3 Alternate Hearing Examiners. Within 30 <u>calendar</u> days after learning of a vacancy on the Hearing Examiners' list,

such as by resignation, incapacitation, death, or agreed-upon removal, the City and the Association shall meet within 30 <u>calendar</u> days of learning of the vacancy and select a replacement Hearing Examiner from the list of Alternate Hearing Examiners. If the City and the Association cannot agree on who should fill the vacancy from the Alternate Hearing Examiner list, then the replacement will be chosen by alternating strikes, until one person remains. The party that exercises the first strike will be determined by a coin toss. During that same meeting, the parties will either agree on a replacement on the Alternate Hearing Examiner list for the person who was selected to be on the Hearing Examiners' list, or the City and the Association will each submit one name and the replacement will be determined by a coin toss. At the conclusion of that meeting, the Hearing Examiner list will contain eight names and the Alternate Hearing Examiner list will contain three names.

- D. Within ten (10) 5 business days after the date an appeal is filed, the Officer, individually, or through the Officer's attorney, and the Chief through the designated attorney for the City may agree on the selection of a Hearing Examiner from the list. If agreement cannot be reached, the Civil Service Director or his or her designee shall select the first Hearing Examiner on the list.
- E. The Hearing Examiner list shall initially be in alphabetical order. After a Hearing Examiner is selected, by agreement or otherwise, the Civil Service Director or designee shall notify the Hearing Examiner of the selection. If the Hearing Examiner agrees to hear the appeal, that person will be designated as the Hearing Examiner for that appeal, and his or her name shall be moved to the bottom of the Hearing Examiner list. The Civil Service Director, or designee, shall note the date and time each appeal is filed, and will designate Hearing Examiners for such appeals in the chronological order in which they are filed. If more than one appeal is received by the Civil Service Director, or designee, at the same time, the Civil Service Director, or designee, will file each with a different timestamp time stamp, and the chronological order of the respective time- stamps will determine the order in which they were filed. The determination of filing order by the Civil Service Director, or designee, is final and cannot be changed. A Hearing Examiner for a later-filed appeal will not be selected until after Hearing Examiners for all previously-filed appeals have been designated unless by agreement.
- F. This process shall apply to any appealable disciplinary action or back-pay appeal and to all Officers covered by this Agreement, regardless of the Officer's affiliation with or membership in the Association or who will represent the Officer in the appeal. Thus, each time an appeal is filed by an Officer in which the Officer elects to have the appeal heard by an independent Hearing Examiner, a Hearing Examiner from the Hearing Examiner list shall be selected to hear the appeal.
- G. In the event the written statement of suspension is delivered by mail, the deadline by which the Parties have to agree to a Hearing Examiner from the Hearing

Examiner list will be extended until ten (10) 5 business days after the Officer's actual receipt of the written statement.

H. The deadline by which the Officer and the Chief, through their representatives, may agree upon a Hearing Examiner from the Hearing Examiner list may be extended by mutual agreement of the representatives of the Parties with notice to the Civil Service Director or his or her designee so long as it does not impact the 120-day time limit set forth in Section 7.

Section 7. Appeal.

- A. Scheduling an appeal of promotional bypasses with a Hearing Examiner, as set out in Article 15, will be subject to the same deadlines set out herein for disciplinary appeals.
- B. Scheduling an appeal of a proposed demotion with a Hearing Examiner will be subject to the same deadlines set out herein for disciplinary appeals, except the applicable deadlines will begin to run on the date the Civil Service Commission finds that there is probable cause for the demotion.
 - C. A. Right to Appeal to the Civil Service Commission or Hearing Examiner.

If an Officer is indefinitely or temporarily suspended or demoted (from a civil service tested rank), the Officer shall have the right to appeal the suspension or demotion (from a civil service tested rank) to the Civil Service Commission or to an Independent Third Party Hearing Examiner, pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement. The Commission or Hearing Examiner may affirm or reduce an indefinite suspension imposed by the Chief, to a temporary suspension not to exceed 90 calendar days.

D. B. Time for Appeal to a Hearing Examiner.

If an Officer appeals to a Hearing Examiner, and a Hearing Examiner has been designated, the Civil Service Director or designee shall contact the Hearing Hfor available dates for the hearing shall be scheduled to begin within 10-120 calendar days of the filing of the notice of appeal. If the Hearing Examiner does not have available dates within 120-day time period, the parties will have 3 business days to select another Hearing Examiner. Within 5 business days of receiving available dates for the hearing from the Hearing Examiner, the parties will must agree on a date for the hearing. The 10-business days period can be extended by agreement of the parties. In determining the date of the hearing, If the parties will use their best efforts to schedule hearings within 180 calendar days cannot agree or fail to do so in the required time, the Hearing Examiner shall unilaterally set the date for the hearing, which shall begin no more than 120 calendar days after receiving available dates for the hearing from the Hearing Examiner the filing of the notice of appeal. In scheduling appeals, the parties will give priority to matters as follows: (1) indefinite suspensions; (2) promotional bypasses; and (3) suspensions for a definite period.

E. C. Exception to the time for an appeal to a Hearing Examiner.

It shall be an exception to the 180 calendar day period for scheduling hearings in Section 7(B) if an Officer has appealed. In an Officer appeals discipline that was issued for conduct that is also the subject of a criminal investigation or criminal prosecution, including proceedings before the grand jury, the Officer may request to delay the hearing beyond the 120-day time limit required by Section 7(B). If the Officers chooses to delay the hearing, the parties need not select a Hearing Examiner until after the criminal case has ended.

For an Officer who has criminal charges pending on the day a definite or indefinite suspension is imposed, if the Officer chooses to abate the hearing on the suspension appeal because of the pending criminal charges, the Officer must choose to abate the appeal of the suspension at the same time that the Officer files his appeal of the suspension. If criminal charges are filed against the Officer after the Officer files an appeal, the Officer must inform the City and Civil Service Director, or designee, of the Officer's intention to abate the suspension appeal, within 5 business days after the Officer learns of the criminal charges.

F. D. Cancellation or Postponement of Hearing.

If a hearing date is cancelled or postponed at the request of one party, that party shall pay whatever cancellation fees are charged by the Hearing Examiner for the cancellation or postponement. In no event shall a hearing be postponed at the request of the same party more than once, nor shall a hearing be delayed at the request of any party for more than 60 calendar days after the expiration of the initial 120 calendar day time limit unless delayed under Section C. If a hearing date is cancelled or postponed by agreement of the parties, the parties shall each pay 1/2 of the cost of the cancellation fee charged by the Hearing Examiner for the cancellation or postponement. If there is a settlement it shall be deemed an agreement of the hearing, it shall be deemed an agreement of the parties toi cancel. No hearing for an indefinite suspension shall be held more than 180 calendar days after the filing of a notice of appeal unless delayed under Section C. If the hearing is postponed at the request of the Officer, for up to 60 calendar days after the expiration of the initial 120 calendar day time period, any back pay awarded to the Officer will be reduced by the number of days of the delay between the original hearing date and the date the hearing actually begins.

Postponed hearings shall be rescheduled within the time for the appeal, if feasible, but shall not be scheduled later than 60 calendar days after the time for appeal deadline. If the parties are unable to reach an agreement on the new hearing date in the required time frame, the Hearing Examiner shall unilaterally set the date for the hearing, which shall begin no later than 60 calendar days after the required time frame.

In the event the hearing examiner does not have availability during the required time frame, the parties shall agree on another hearing examiner. In the event the parties cannot agree on Hearing Examiner, the Civil Service Director or his or her designee shall select the first Hearing Examiner on the list.

G. Remote Hearings in Limited Circumstances.

The Parties may mutually agree to conduct a hybrid hearing wherein some parties are in-person and some parties are remote, including but not limited to the Hearing Examiner, but a hybrid hearing can only involve pre-hearing matters, such as motions and discovery issues, or when the Hearing Examiner is requested to approve an order confirming an agreed settlement of the appeal.

Section 8. Settlement Agreements.

TLGC, Section 143.088 Unlawful Resignation or Retirement is preempted to allow for an Officer as a part of a settlement agreement to resign and receive backpay or other thing of value.

Section 9. Reinstatement and Back-Pay.

The City's Policy entitled "reinstatement and Back-Pay Advisory" that is in effect on the effective date of this Agreement can be amended by the City at any time, if the City provides to the Association notice of what changes will be made, 30 calendar days before any such changes become effective. After a successful appeal of an indefinite suspension, the Officer shall submit proof of his or her interim earnings to the City within 30 calendar days of reinstatement. The City shall provide the Officer with his or her projected backpay calculations, and projected restored leave amounts, based on the City's Reinstatement and Back Pay policy then in effect, with 60 calendar days after receiot of proof of the Officer's interim earnings. If the Officer does not agree with the projected pack pay or leave, the Officer will have 10 calendar days to identify what is disputed. After that, the City's Human Resources department will schedule a meeting with the employee to occur within 30 calendar days to attempt to resolve the disagreement. If after that meeting, there is still a disagreement on back pay or leave amounts, that dispute may be presented to the Hearing Examiner or the Commission for determination, at the Officer's election.

Section <u>10.</u> **8.** Preemption.

It is expressly understood and agreed that all provisions of this Article shall preempt any statute, Executive Order, local ordinance, City policy or rule, which is in conflict with or is inconsistent with this Article and the procedures developed hereunder, including for example and not by way of limitation, any contrary provisions of Texas Local Government Code Chapters 141, 142, and 143, including but not limited to Section 143.312, and Chapter 143, Subchapters A, B, C and I, as amended, and Texas Government Code Sections 614.021, 614.022 and 614.023. The following subsections of TLGC 143.312 are specifically and wholly preempted: 143.312(b)(1), 143,312(b)(2), 143.312(b)(5), 143.312(d), 143.312(e), 143.312(f), 143.312(g), and 143,312(j).

ARTICLE 8 DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURE

Section 1. Scope of Procedure.



The City and the Association agree that the purpose of the dispute resolution procedure contained within this Article (herein procedure) is to provide a just and equitable method for resolving disagreements between the Parties regarding the interpretation of the provisions of this Agreement. Only matters involving the interpretation, application, enforcement or alleged violation of a specific provision of this Agreement shall be subject to this procedure. Disciplinary matters shall be administered pursuant to Chapter 143, TLGC or as otherwise provided in this Agreement, including Article 7 above, and are not subject to this procedure.

Section 2. Time Limits.

The Parties shall adhere to the time limits as set forth in this procedure. In the event the Officer or Association fails to meet the time limits at any step of the procedure, the Dispute shall be considered resolved and no further action shall be taken. Failure by the City to meet the time limits at any step shall be considered an unsatisfactory response and shall automatically allow the Dispute to proceed to the next step. Such time limits may be waived, however, by mutual consent of the Parties in writing.

Section 3. Steps.

A Dispute within the scope of this procedure as defined in Section 1 above shall be handled as follows:

Step 1. Within thirty (30) Calendar Days of the event or circumstance made the basis of the Dispute, an Officer shall submit such Dispute in writing to the Association with a copy to the Chief. The written description of the Dispute must contain: (1) a statement of the facts upon which the Dispute is based; (2) the Article or provision of the Agreement that is alleged to have been violated; (3) the remedy sought; and (4) signature of the individual requesting the resolution. A determination of whether a Dispute exists shall be made by a Dispute Resolution Committee appointed by the Association or by the Association Board of Directors, at the discretion of the Association Board. The committee or the Association Board of Directors, whichever is applicable, shall meet and render its decision in writing within thirty (30) Calendar Days of the receipt of the written Dispute by the Officer. In the event that the committee or the Association Board of Directors, whichever is applicable, decides that a Dispute exists, the Association shall prepare a formal written grievance regarding the Dispute and proceed to Step 2 as the representative of the grievant. Nothing herein shall prohibit the City from challenging whether a Dispute is timely.

The Association shall judge each grievance in a fair and equitable manner. In its sole discretion, the Association shall determine whether the grievance is valid or not. The Association may modify, revise, or amend the grievance if necessary to properly place the dispute in issue for resolution. Only the Association has standing to initiate, pursue or settle a grievance under the terms of this Agreement.

It is the intent of the Parties to attempt to resolve Disputes over the application, interpretation and enforcement of the Agreement at the lowest level. Nothing herein shall prevent the Association from meeting and conferring with the City, its designees, the Chief or his or her designees in an attempt to resolve the alleged Dispute before the time limits in Step 1 expire.

Step 2. The Association's written grievance may be emailed to the office of the Chief or the Chief's designee at Police. Chief@FortWorthTexas.gov by 5 p.m. on the date the written grievance is due. A hardcopy of the written grievance shall also be sent in regular mail or hand delivered personally in writing to the office of the Chief or the Chief's designee. The Chief or the Chief's designee shall have thirty (30) Calendar Days to act on the Dispute and render a decision in writing. The Chief's response may be emailed to the Association at admin@fwpoa.org by 5 p.m. on the date the written response is due. A hardcopy of the written response shall also be sent in regular mail or hand delivered personally in writing to the Association's offices.

If the Step 2 decision from the office of the Chief or Chief's designee contains an offer to settle the dispute, the parties may have additional time to meet and confer at Step 2 as mutually agreed in writing.

Step 3. If the Dispute is not resolved at Step 2, the Association shall submit its written grievance to the City Manager and Civil Service Director within seven (7) Calendar Days from the date that the Step 2 decision is received by the Association.

The City Manager shall review the matter and render a decision in writing within thirty (30) Calendar Days. The Civil Service Director shall obtain the response from the City Manager or the City Manager's designee and inform the President of the Association of the response and results within seven (7) Calendar Days of the decision of the City Manager or the City Manager's designee.

If the Dispute has not been settled at Step 3, the Parties shall have seven (7) Calendar Days from the date the President of the Association is notified in writing of the Step 3 decision of the City Manager or City Manager's designee, in which to appeal the Dispute to arbitration. An appeal from the Association shall be submitted in writing to the Civil Service Director.

A Dispute protesting action by the City Council or City Manager shall be initiated at Step 3 instead of Step 2.

Section 4. Class Dispute.

The Association may submit a class action Dispute at Step 1 on behalf of similarly situated members of the bargaining unit within thirty (30) Calendar Days of the aggrieved Officer's actual or constructive knowledge of the occurrence or event made the basis of the class-wide Dispute.

Section 5. Arbitration.

If a Dispute is submitted to arbitration as provided in Step 3 (above), the City and the Association shall meet and confer within fourteen (14) Calendar Days regarding the selection of an Arbitrator. If the Parties fail to agree upon an Arbitrator, the parties agree that the Arbitrator will be selected from the list of eight (8) neutral Hearing Examiners who have prior experience hearing grievance arbitrations agreed to by the parties under Article 7, Section 6(B) of this Agreement, and that the process for selecting the Arbitrator for the Dispute will be the same as selecting a Hearing Examiner set out in Article 7, Section 6(B). All of the provisions of Article 7, Section 6(B) that apply to maintaining a list of Hearing Examiners and selecting a Hearing Examiner for a civil service appeal will also apply to maintaining a list of Arbitrators and selecting an Arbitrator to decide a Dispute brought under this Article. This list of Hearing Examiners maintained by the Civil Service Director will be under this Article.

The conduct of the hearing shall be governed by the rules set out for civil service hearings in the Civil Service Commission Rules, except as such rules conflict with any provision in this section.

Upon written request delivered at least ten (10) seven (7) Calendar Days prior to the date of the hearing, a Party to the proceeding shall provide to the opposing Party the names and addresses of witnesses expected to be called at the hearing and all exhibits expected to be used at the hearing on or before ten (10) Calendar Days prior to the hearing. In the absence of good or excusable cause, the Arbitrator may exclude the testimony of a witness upon the failure of a Party to disclose such a witness or any exhibit the Party failed to exchange with the opposing Party. The Parties, in writing, may request discovery from each other concerning the Dispute. Should the opposing Party not agree to provide the requested information within seven (7) Calendar Days of the request; the request shall be deemed denied. The requesting Party may then apply to the Arbitrator, who shall order such discovery as is appropriate to the nature of the case, consistent with, but not bound by, the rules of discovery in Texas civil cases. In considering the application, the Arbitrator, shall consider the burden and expense of producing the information, the need of the requesting Party, the amount of time available prior to the hearing, and such other matters as he or she may deem material. In no event shall discovery be requested within seven (7) Calendar Days prior to the hearing. Subject to rulings by the Arbitrator, the City is required without subpoena to produce all fact/relevant witnesses that are employed by the City as requested in writing by the Association at least two weeks prior to the hearing.

The Arbitrator shall not have the power to add to, amend, modify, or subtract from the provisions of this Agreement in arriving at his or her decision on the issue or issues presented and shall confine his or her decision to the interpretation of this Agreement. The Arbitrator shall confine himself or herself to the precise issue or issues submitted for arbitration and shall have no authority to determine any other issues not so submitted to him or her. The decision of the Arbitrator shall be final and binding upon the City and the Association. Within thirty (30) Calendar Days after conclusion of the hearing or the filing of briefs the Arbitrator shall issue a written opinion and award with respect to the issues presented. A copy of the

Arbitrator's opinion and award shall be mailed or delivered to the Association and the City's representative.

It is specifically and expressly understood that a grievance under this Article that is submitted, as its last step, to final and binding arbitration, constitutes an election of remedies and a waiver of any and all rights by either Party, to litigate or otherwise contest the last answer rendered through this grievance procedure in any court or other appeal forum, unless the Arbitrator exceeds the scope of his or her jurisdiction or authority hereunder or the decision was procured by fraud or other unlawful means, or is based upon a clear and manifest error of law. In such event, a Court may set aside an award and require arbitration before another Arbitrator.

The City shall bear the expense of any witnesses called by the City. The Association shall bear the expense of any witnesses called by the Association, which shall include the grievant(s), Association Officers, and any supporting members not testifying as to matters within their assigned official role or duty. If the Association calls an Officer as a witness to matters related to the Officer's duty, the Parties will coordinate to make the appearance possible on duty, and if not possible or the City so elects, the City will pay the Officer in accordance with the policy on Court time appearances. The City and the Association shall share equally the fees and expenses of the Arbitrator. If a transcript of the proceedings is requested, then the Party requesting it shall pay for such transcript, unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties.

The parties agree that any arbitration hearing, or conference with the arbitrator concerning preliminary matters such as document requests or motions, under this Article may be conducted, by mutual agreement, as a hybrid hearing, wherein some participants are in-person at the arbitration hearing, and other participants, including the arbitrator and witnesses, appear at the arbitration remotely, through an online platform, such as Zoom or Teams.

ARTICLE 9 LABOR RELATIONS CONSULTATION PROCESS

The City and the Association, having recognized that communication between management and employees is indispensable to the accomplishment of sound and harmonious labor relations shall jointly maintain and support a Labor Relations Consultation process. In Article 1 of this Agreement, the City has recognized the Association as the sole and exclusive bargaining agent for all covered Officers pursuant to Subsection I of Chapter 143 of the TLGC, excluding the rank of Chief of Police, assistant chief, deputy chief, commanders, reserve officers, police trainees and non-sworn employees. Therefore, the Chief will not negotiate with individual representatives of other labor organizations or committees composed of such representatives regarding wages, hours of work, working conditions, and other terms and conditions of employment to which the City and Association have agreed as described in this Agreement.

The Chief will not negotiate with individual representatives of other labor organizations

or committees composed of such representatives regarding wages, hours of work, working conditions, and other terms and conditions of employment to which the City and Association have agreed as described in this Agreement.

Nothing in this Agreement prohibits the Chief from creating advisory committees of covered Officers from other labor organizations acting in an individual (non-representative) capacity and nothing in this Agreement prohibits the Chief from creating any committees in the Chief's command staff. It is understood and agreed that this provision is intended to prohibit Officers from being appointed to a committee primarily because of their office or position in another labor organization instead of their knowledge, experience, expertise or assignment which would be beneficial to the work of the committee.

The Chief, or Chief's designee, shall meet with the Association President and his or her designated representatives, during each month, in order to discuss issues and working conditions covered by this Agreement. Nothing herein prevents the discussion of the health and safety of Officers' equipment, vehicles and facilities.

ARTICLE 10 WAGES AND CERTAIN SPECIAL PAYS

Section 1. Wages.

Subject to all the other provisions of this Agreement, the wages of the Officers covered by this Agreement shall be paid, during the existence of this Agreement, in accordance with the wage rates, terms, and conditions described in the structured pay plan described in Appendix C, which is incorporated by reference. Appendix C includes the elimination of Step 9 from the prior structured pay plan, so that the total number of Steps in the structured pay plan is 10, rather than 11, as in the structured pay plans in prior Meet and Confer Agreements. Elimination of Step 9 will be effective as of the first full pay period after October 1, 2024.

Effective the first full pay period after October 1, 2024 all Officers shall receive the following raises for Fiscal Year 2025:

- For Officers in Steps 1-4, on October 1, 2024 12%
- For Officers in Steps 5-8 on October 1, 2024 10%
- For Officers in Steps 9-10 on October 1, 2024 5%

Effective the first full pay period after January 1, 2026 all Officers shall receive the following raises for Fiscal Year 2026:

- For Officers in Steps 1-8 on January 1, 2026 3%
- For Officers in Steps 9-10 on January 1, 2026 4%

Effective the first full pay period after January 1, 2027 all Officers shall receive the following raises for Fiscal Year 2027:

- For Officers in Steps 1-8 on January 1, 2027 3%
- For Officers in Steps 9-10 on January 1, 2027 5%

Effective the first full pay period after January 1, 2028 all Officers shall receive the following raises for Fiscal Year 2028:

- For Officers in Steps 1-8 on January 1, 2028 3%
- For Officers in Steps 9-10 on January 1, 2028 5%
 - Effective the first full pay period after December 1, 2020 all Officers shall receive a 4% for Fiscal Year 2020-2021.
 - Effective the first full pay period after October 1, 2021 all Officers shall receive a 2.287% for Fiscal Year 2021 2022.
 - Effective the first full pay period after October 1, 2022 all Officers shall receive a **2%** for Fiscal Year 2022 2023.
 - Effective the first full pay period after October 1, 2023 all Officers shall receive a 2% for Fiscal Year 2023 2024.

Section 2. Education Incentive and Certificate Incentive Pays.

All Officers shall be paid for the highest degree and the highest certificate pay as outlined below:

Educational Incentive Pay	Monthly	Certificate Incentive Pay	Monthly
Associate degree or 60 accredited college hours	\$60.00	Intermediate Certificate	\$30.00
Bachelor's degree	\$180.00	Advanced Certificate	\$60.00
Master's degree	\$240.00	Master Peace Officer Certificate	\$240.00
Doctorate degree or higher	\$300.00		

Section 3. Acting Pay.

For only the situations identified below, Officers temporarily assigned to work in a classification higher than the Officer's civil service classification will be paid acting pay in an amount that is the

base pay for the higher classification, or 5% increase, in the Officer's current step pay, whichever is greater. Such Officer will also continue to receive the Officer's applicable longevity pay, educational incentive pay and certification pay. While the Officer is serving in an acting capacity, the Officer's assignment pay may be discontinued if the acting duties no longer qualify the Officer for the assignment pay. Acting pay will be calculated by this section only for the following situations:

- A. An Officer temporarily filling the position of Corporal/Detective;
- B. A Corporal/Detective temporarily filling the position of Sergeant;
- C. A Sergeant temporarily filling the position of Lieutenant; or
- D. A Lieutenant temporarily filling the position of Captain.

All other pay will be paid according to TLGC Chapter 143. Acting pay will never be paid at a step rate above the base pay for the higher classification. TLGC Section 143.038(B) is specifically preempted for the situations identified in this section.

ARTICLE 11 HIRING FOR BEGINNING POSITIONS IN THE FORT WORTH POLICE DEPARTMENT

- **Section 1.** The entry-level hiring procedures and Minimum Standards listed in The City of Fort Worth Firefighters' and Police Officers' Civil Service Rules and Regulations ("Local Rules") will be used for hiring entry-level police officers when not in conflict with this Article.
- Section 2. Subject to City Council review, approval, and oversight authority, the Civil Service Commission ("Commission") or the Civil Service Director acting as the Commission's designee shall maintain authority and jurisdiction over the entry-level hiring process as described in this Article, including issues related to the enforcement, interpretation, or revision of the entry-level recruitment and hiring process described in this Article. The Commission shall approve any changes to the classification structure, entry-level hiring procedures, and Minimum Standards in the Local Rules. During this Agreement, the City will first discuss with the Association any changes to be recommended to the Commission relating to entry-level hiring procedures or Minimum Standards in the Local Rules. The City Council shall establish the number of positions in the Department and may approve, disapprove, or modify any changes to the classification structure made by the Commission. For the limited purpose of interpreting this Article, the provisions of Section 143.021 (a) and (b) of the TLGC will apply to the extent such provisions are not modified or superseded by the provisions of this Agreement.
- **Section 3.** All entry-level candidates for police officer, re-appointed FWPD officers and lateral law enforcement officers hired under the modified hiring process shall be required to

pass the identical steps in the hiring process including but not limited to the City authorized medical examination, drug screening, physical fitness and psychological examination to be considered for employment as a police officer. Any candidate who fails to pass the medical examination or psychological examination may appeal that result by following the procedures described in the Local Rules, Section 6.27 (or successor or superseding Sections).

Section 4. Recruitment for police officer candidates shall be a cooperative effort between the Department and the Human Resources Department. Recruitment methods shall be based on the needs of the Department to maintain full staffing to the extent possible. Recruitment efforts will be publicized, using methods and locations the Department deems are appropriate, and recruitment notices will be posted on the City's Job Announcement web page. Recruitment may be conducted on a continuous or periodic basis depending on the staffing needs of the Department, in addition to other places the Department deems are appropriate.

Section 5. Eligibility to become a police officer will be determined by a candidate's ability to meet the minimum standards established in the Local Rules. Candidates must meet all minimum standards and requirements to be eligible for future licensing by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement. A candidate must be 20 years of age and cannot yet be 51 45 years of age on the date of the entry-level test required of that candidate.

Section 6. The selection of a candidate to be a police officer shall be based primarily upon the candidate's suitability to serve as a police officer, as determined by the Chief or the Chief's designee. All testing and selection procedures shall be designed and intended to identify the most suitable candidates for selection from those who apply and to exclude those candidates who are deemed not likely to possess the characteristics and abilities to be successful in the performance of police work. Unless modified in writing by mutual agreement of the Association and the City as an interpretation or clarification of this Article, as allowed in Article 25, Sec. 2 of this Agreement, all candidates that are not hired under the Modified Hiring Process for Lateral Entry Officers as described in Section 13 of this Article, shall be required to pass a written cognitive test intended and designed to measure the candidate's ability to shall be required to pass an entry-level test intended and designed to measure the candidate's suitability and ability to perform police work. A passing score will be established, based on the psychometric characteristics of the test as recommended by the test publisher. A candidate may be tested only once for a specific eligibility list. Candidates may be tested at different times and in different locations as long as adequate test security and test monitoring is used to ensure insure the safety and fairness of the test. Examinations for beginning positions in the police department do not have to be held within the municipality. The same test will be used to test all candidates for a specific eligibility list. The City can limit the number of applicants who will be allowed to sit for a particular test. If the number of applicants is limited by the City, the number of applicants who will be allowed to sit for the test may be included in the announcement related to the test. Those who will be allowed to sit for the test will be determined based on minimum standards and by the order in which they submitted their

completed applications.²

Candidates who have been honorably discharged from United States military service must provide proof of an honorable discharge by submitting a DD 214 which shows an honorable discharge at least twenty-four (24) hours prior to the date and time of the entry-level test. The candidate characteristics for which additional points shall be added to a passing test score and the point values for such characteristics are as follows:

U.S. Military Veteran 5 points

(with honorable discharge per DD 214)

Bachelor's degree (or higher degree) 5 points

Graduate of the Fort Worth Police Department's 2 points

Cadet Program

Additional points will be awarded only for the highest educational degree. Example: A candidate with a Bachelor's degree and a Master's degree will receive additional points for the Master's degree only. All degrees must be from an accredited college or university to be eligible for additional points. Five (5) points is the maximum cumulative number of additional points which shall be added to a candidate's passing test score. The City's Human Resources Department will verify the accuracy of each candidate's degree before the eligibility list is created and award the points for a degree only if the degree is verified as accurate.

Section 7. Candidates with passing test scores will be placed on an eligibility list in the order of their overall eligibility scores (test score plus additional points). The entire eligibility list will be provided to the police department at one time for further processing and all those applicants will be considered to have been "referred" at that time. New eligibility lists may be created while an active list is being processed. The effective dates of an eligibility list may be set to coincide with the expiration of an existing list, a time period between three (3) and eighteen (18) months, until a specific number of candidates for an academy class have been hired or any combination of these. The conditions that will determine when an active list may be closed, other than by the Commission, must be determined prior to the posting of the exam. Candidates may not be hired from an eligibility list that is created after an existing active eligibility list has been established until the existing list has been exhausted or has expired. An exception to this is that a Lateral Entry Officer ("LEO") may be processed and hired while an existing eligibility list is in effect. With the approval of the Commission, the Civil Service Director may close an eligibility list and cancel all candidate processing if sufficient reason, as determined by the Commission, exists to do so.

Section 8. The rank order of candidates having the same eligibility score will be determined by a lottery. Each such candidate will draw a number from a pool of mixed numbers randomly

² FWPOA NOTE: A11, Sec. 6 – This should reflect the agreement of CFW & FWPOA 8-29-2024

chosen for each list. Candidates drawing the lowest lottery numbers will be assigned the highest rank order among those candidates with the same eligibility score.

Section 9. The Department will determine those candidates who are most suitable to be hired as police officers based on a structured and job-related selection process. The selection process will include testing for physical ability, personal characteristics linked to the performance of essential job functions, decision-making, communication skills, and interpersonal skills. The Department may utilize interview boards, assessment exercises, written tests, electronically administered test, polygraph examinations, background reviews, personal references or other appropriate selection methods to assess candidates as long as the methods have been reviewed by the Human Resources Department and found to be objective and job-related and applied consistently in processing candidates. Pass/fail standards or relative weighting standards may be established for the various selection methods. A candidate must complete and pass each step in the entry-level hiring process before being allowed to proceed to the next step in the process. Any candidate needing a reasonable accommodation in order to complete a step in the process will be afforded an opportunity to request that accommodation. A final review will be conducted by the Chief or the Chief's designee who will make the final determination whether to hire a candidate. The Civil Service Director or designee will review all rejection decisions to help ensure consistency and fairness in the selection process, and any corrections or errors not resolved by the Chief or the Chief's designee shall be referred to the Commission for a decision. Any disagreement on the rejection of a candidate between the Chief or the Chief's designee and the Commission will be resolved by the City Manager, or designee. The parties agree that the information gathered or provided as part of any background check, and the applicant's polygraph examination results will be considered confidential for the purpose of the City's response to any Public Information Act or subpoena requesting such items.

Section 10. All candidates on an eligibility list must be processed and either hired or rejected before candidates lower on the list may be hired. In the event there is a delay in processing one or more candidates that could prevent the Department from the timely seating of an academy class, the Civil Service Director may, upon written request and appropriate justification by the Chief or the Chief's designee, allow the candidate(s) to be by-passed and candidate(s) lower on the list, or from another eligibility list, to be hired.

Section 11. (a) All new hire, LEOs, and reappointed officers will serve a probationary period beginning on the date of hire as a police officer or recruit/trainee, and ending one year following being commissioned (or recommissioned) as a Fort Worth police officer. In the event that a probationary employee is unable to satisfactorily perform duties or training during the probationary period due to a temporary physical or mental impairment, or condition, or temporary on duty injury, the Department may either terminate the employee or suspend the probationary period (as of the date served) and restart the probationary period when the person is capable of proceeding with the essential functions and duties of the job and/or training. The determination of whether to terminate the employee or suspend the probation

should be made as part of the interactive process if the ADA is implicated. In the event that a probationary employee is unable to satisfactorily perform duties or training during the probationary period due to pregnancy, the Department may suspend the probationary period (as of the date served) and restart the probationary period when the person is capable of proceeding with the essential functions and duties of the job and/or training. This provision does not override or modify any other rights or privileges of the officer independent of Chapter 143 of the TLGC. During the probationary period, a probationary employee may be disciplined or terminated without civil service appeal rights. Upon completion of the probationary period, the employee will have full civil service protection, except as modified or abridged by this Agreement.

(b) Leave benefits for probationary police officers will accrue and become accessible based upon length of continuous service from date of hire. Probationary police officers will be eligible to use available sick leave after six months of service from the date of hire. Probationary police officers will be eligible to use available vacation and family leave after one year of service from the date of hire. Probationary police officers who terminate after one year of service from the date of hire will be paid for any accrued but unused vacation time as stated within the City of Fort Worth Personnel Rules and Regulations.

Section 12. Modified Hiring Process for Reappointed CFW Officers.

The Chief may reappoint former City of Fort Worth Officers in accordance with the City of Fort Worth Firefighters' and Police Officers' Civil Service Rules and Regulations (Local Rules) (or any successor or superseding provisions), beginning with the provisions of 6.33 in Chapter 6, entitled "Reappointment After Resignation for Police Department" except that the probationary period will be 12 months, rather than 6 months. All former City of Fort Worth Officers who are reappointed pursuant to this Article will be reappointed at the rank of Police Officer.

Beginning compensation for Officers who are reappointed twelve months or more after their last day of work as an Officer for the City will be that of a Police Officer at Step 3 for Officers who served between 2-5 years and Step 4 for Officers who served 6 or more years as described in the structured pay plan in Appendix C. All benefits, including leave accruals and longevity pay for these Officers will be based on their date of reappointment.

Beginning compensation for Officers who are reappointed less than twelve months after their last day of work as an Officer for the City will be that of a Police Officer, at the step of the structured pay plan described in Appendix C, based on the reappointed Officer's years of service with the City before their voluntary resignation, rounded down to the nearest year. For example, an Officer who, at the time they voluntarily resigned their employment with the City, was at the rank of Sergeant with 12 years and six months of service, who is reappointed eight months after their resignation, would be reappointed at the rank of Police Officer, and their beginning compensation would be at the step for a Police Officer with 12 years of service. All benefits, including leave accruals and longevity pay for these Officers will be based on

their date of reappointment.

The Chief may adopt a written policy on commissioning and training requirements of reappointed officers.

Section 13. Modified Hiring Process for Lateral Entry Officers ("LEOs").

The Chief shall establish requirements for applicants for lateral hiring from other law enforcement agencies. The requirements need not be the same as those established by Chapter 143 or those applicable to applicants for the position of recruit in the regular training academy. The requirements may be modified by the Chief, but shall include at least the following:

- (a) At the time of application, each LEO applicant must either be actively employed or had been employed in the last 180-calendar days in good standing as the following:
- (1) be actively employed as a full-time paid police officer with a municipal, county or state or federal or military law enforcement agency, provided that:
- (a) the applicant has a total of 3 years of active service for one or more municipal, county, or state law enforcement agencies that the agency has at least 30 sworn (or equivalent) police officers and handles a full array of urban police work (i.e., respond to all types of calls for law enforcement services);
- (b) LEO applicants who work or worked for an agency that has fewer than 30 sworn police officers will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis.
- (2) By the date listed on the application, each LEO applicants must: be no less than 20 years, 6 months old and have not reached their 46th birthday at the time they apply to be hired as a LEO; and
- (a) have a total of 2 years of active patrol experience with handling a full array of police work (i.e., respond to all types of calls for law enforcement services); and
 - (b) have not reached their 51st birthday to be hired as a LEO.
 - (3) have obtained a high school diploma, or a GED.
- (b) The Chief, or designee, at his or her sole discretion can deny the application of any LEO applicant. The Chief will take the necessary steps for all applicants to make sure that they accomplish the required hours and learn the necessary curriculum to

receive a Texas Peace Officer License by TCOLE, prior to graduation (if they do not already have a license at the time of application) and to be eligible for the intermediate certificate prior to completing their academy course of study.

- (c) The Chief shall establish the selection criteria and procedures for the Modified Hiring Process, consistent with this Agreement. Applicants who meet the selection criteria and procedures may be hired without being placed on an eligibility list.
- (d) Upon commissioning with the City of Fort Worth, the applicant will be placed in a position senior to those applicants in the Department's regular Training Academy who have not been commissioned.
- (e) The Chief <u>or designee</u> shall establish the training requirements for a Modified Training Academy for LEOs. All applicants hired through the Modified Hiring Process must successfully complete the Modified Training Academy <u>and/or complete</u> additional training as needed up to a full curriculum/BPOC.

The Chief <u>or designee</u> may determine that <u>a LEO</u> an applicant for an LEO class should complete additional training, as required by the Chief, up to and including the full training academy curriculum. LEO trainees will be paid in accordance with section 13(i) 13(i) below during their training.



- (f) All applicants will serve a probationary period from the date of hire until completion of the Modified Training Academy and one year following being commissioned as a Fort Worth police officer. In the event that a probationary employee is unable to satisfactorily perform duties or training during the probationary period due to a temporary physical or mental impairment or condition, such as pregnancy, or temporary on duty injury, the Department may either terminate the employee or suspend the probationary period (as of the date served) and restart the probationary period when the person is capable of proceeding with the essential functions and duties of the job and/or training. The determination of whether to terminate the employee or suspend the probation should be made as part of the interactive process if the ADA is implicated. This provision does not override or modify any other rights or privileges of the officer independent of Chapter 143 of the TLGC. During the probationary period, a probationary employee may be terminated without civil service appeal rights. Upon completion of the probationary period, the employee will have full civil service protection, except as modified or abridged by this Agreement.
- (g) Each applicant will be assigned to a Field Training Officer (FTO) for a minimum of 8 weeks, unless an exception is granted based on a recommendation of the FTO and approved by the Chief or designee allowing the officer to end the FTO assignment

after $\underline{4}$ 6 weeks. If the exception is granted, one of the six weeks of training will be with an FTO in plainclothes, commonly referred to as the ghost phase. Otherwise, at least two weeks of training will be with an FTO in plainclothes, commonly referred to as the ghost phase.

- (h) Regardless of any rank or position the officer previously held in another law enforcement agency, an applicant who successfully completes the Modified Training Academy will be placed in the civil service classification of Police Officer and will automatically become a full-fledged civil service employee with full civil service protection, subject to successfully completing probation.
- (i) The pay rate for lateral hires with 3–5 years of law enforcement experience will be compensated at the Officer Step 3 rate of pay of the structured pay plan described in Appendix C. The pay rate for lateral hires with 6 or more years of experience will be compensated at the Officer Step 4 rate of pay of the structured pay plan described in Appendix C.
- (j) The Modified Hiring Process described by this Article may be used by the Chief to commission up to 100 sixty applicants for lateral hiring from other applicable Law Enforcement Agencies each fiscal year, and each fiscal year, after hiring 100 60 such Officers, additional laterals may be hired on a one-to-one basis with applicants hired to attend the regular police academy.
- (k) LEO's hired under the Lateral Modified program will be eligible to take the promotional examination for promotion to corporal/detective 2 years from their commission date with the City of Fort Worth. After the promotion to corporal/detective, LEOs will then follow the promotional scale for all other promotions under Article 15, Section 6 and 7.

Section 14. Electronic Testing.

The City may, during the term of this Agreement, begin testing applicants for entry-level positions by using electronic or computer testing procedures. The decision regarding how and when to begin electronic or computer testing will be made by the City, in its sole discretion.

Section 15. Preemption.

In accordance with the provision in TLGC Section 143.307, the Parties expressly agree that this Article shall preempt and supersede any inconsistent provisions contained in TLGC Chapter 143, including but not limited to Section 141.032 and Sections 143.021 through 143.037. The parties further expressly agree that this Article preempts any inconsistent provision in the City of Fort Worth Firefighters' and Police Officers' Civil Service Rules and

ARTICLE 12 COMPENSATORY TIME AND SPECIAL EVENTS STAFFING

Section 1.

- a) As permitted by the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"), 29 U.S.C. § 207(o), the City may compensate Officers with compensatory time in lieu of overtime compensation required by the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 207. Such compensatory time will be at a rate of not less than one and one-half hours for each hour of employment for which overtime compensation is required by 29 U.S.C. § 207. Officers shall accrue overtime based on a 40-hour work week.
- b) The Officer has the option prior to accepting the work assignment to refuse such compensatory time off and elect to be paid overtime at one and one-half the Officer's regular rate of pay. This Article supersedes any and all agreements or understandings related to compensatory time arrived at between the City and any individual member of the bargaining unit during the term of this Agreement. If this Agreement expires, any lawful contracts or understandings that were made with individual Officers regarding compensatory time will apply.
- c) Officers shall be allowed to accrue compensatory time up to a maximum accrual of two hundred and forty (240) hours. The rank of Captain shall be a non-exempt position for the purpose of earning and paying overtime, in accordance with the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 207 and Texas Local Government Code Section 142.0015.

Section 2. Special Event Staffing.

Definitions in this Section:

- (1) The Chief shall have the authority to designate Special Events, and shall notify all Officers of such designations each year. This Section shall apply to those special events.
- (2) "Significant schedule change" or "schedule change" means a change to an Officer's regularly assigned duty-hours or days off, or an assignment of additional overtime work hours, initiated or approved by the Chief of Police or Assistant Chief of Police.
- (3) "Department Overtime" or "Elective Department Overtime" means voluntary participation in job or duty related assignments originating from within the Department, which are outside an employee's regularly scheduled forty (40) hours of work per week, and for which the employee normally, but not necessarily, receives overtime compensation from the City of Fort Worth. Compensation either can be at the expense of the Department or reimbursed through outside funding, and will be included in the Officer's regular City

payroll. This does not include Court Overtime, late calls, overtime related to workload or emergency holdovers.

a) Special Event Staffing

The Chief of Police shall have the responsibility of staffing Special Events. The number of Officers needed at any such Event shall be within the exclusive prerogative of the Chief.

b) Department Overtime Policies

Department policies shall apply to Special Event assignments except as modified by this Agreement.

c) Special Events

- (1) This Subsection shall only apply to Special Events assignments. The purpose of this Subsection is to lessen the need for reassigning Officers from their normal duty assignments while still adequately staffing the Special Events to protect our citizens and visitors. Subject to the provisions set out below, nothing in this Subsection shall be construed as limiting the Police Chief's authority and discretion to determine personnel assignments.
- (2) The Department shall establish a volunteer sign-up roster for non-exempt Officers who wish to work Special Events as an Elective Department Overtime assignment.
- (3) The Department shall first be required to call or otherwise make available the opportunity for eligible Officers on the Volunteer Roster to work as an Elective Department Overtime assignment. The Volunteer Roster shall be open for at least twenty-one (21) <u>calendar</u> days, after which the Department may fill any remaining need for certified personnel with: (1) paid or volunteer peace officers employed by Outside Law Enforcement Agencies, and/or (2) paid Reserve Officers, and/or (3) by a schedule change for Officers not on the Volunteer Roster. If sufficient staffing has not been achieved using these options, the Police Chief may require Officers to work additional hours as overtime at overtime rates, subject to Department policies and this Agreement. Officers not on the Volunteer Roster whose schedules are changed to work Special Events may use vacation leave or may modify their regular schedules, with supervisory approval, so that the Special Events shift(s) qualify for overtime.
- (4) Officers on the Special Events Volunteer Roster may be denied the ability to work Special Events:
- (i) In accordance with Department overtime, elective and secondary employment, and attendance policies; or
 - (ii) If assigning an Officer from the Volunteer Roster creates a need for backfill.

- (5) The parties agree that denial of an Officer's ability to work Special Events, the failure for any reason to select or use an Officer on the Volunteer Roster, or the reassignment of an Officer from their normal duty assignment shall not provide the basis for a dispute, claim, or complaint under Article 8 of this AGREEMENT. This provision does not prohibit a dispute, claim, or complaint under Article 8 of this AGREEMENT for the failure to comply with the process set forth herein.
- (6) Non-exempt Officers selected from the Special Events Volunteer Roster or assigned to work additional overtime hours, shall receive overtime pay, at the rate of 1.5 times the Officer's regular rate of pay, for productive hours worked in excess of forty (40) in a work week. If vacation hours are approved by the Department for the stated purpose of working a Special Event, those hours shall be productive hours for overtime purposes. This Section does not otherwise change the City policy or rules for productive hours for overtime purposes.
 - d) Notice of Significant Schedule Change for Special Events
- (1) Except for exigent circumstances, the City will make a good faith effort to ensure that an Officer subjected to a significant schedule change or assigned additional hours or work above the normal forty (40) hour schedule to perform duties at a Special Event will be provided a fourteen (14) calendar-day notice of the schedule change. If such notice is not provided, the Officer will be paid double time instead of time and one half for all such rescheduled hours.
 - (2) This Subsection shall not apply to:
- (a) A significant schedule change caused, less than fourteen (14) days prior to the Special Event by the need to back-fill for any law enforcement personnel assigned to work the Special Event pursuant to this Section but who is not available for the assignment.
- (b) A significant schedule change caused, less than fourteen (14) days prior to the Special Event by an unforeseen change in the schedule or scope of the Special Event.

Section 3. Preemption.

The provisions of this Article shall supersede and preempt the provisions of any statute, executive order, local ordinance or rule which is in conflict with or is inconsistent with this Agreement and the procedures developed hereunder, including for example and not by way of limitation, any contrary provisions of Chapters 141, 142, and 143 of the Texas Local Government Code. Work hours required in compliance with this Article or the past practice of the Department for extra schedule work (such as hold over duty time) are permitted notwithstanding any provisions in Chapter 142 of the Texas Local Government Code, which is preempted to such extent.

ARTICLE 13 SENIORITY

Section 1. Seniority Defined.

- A. For persons in the police officer classification, seniority for the purpose of asserting a seniority preference shall be determined by the date of the commission. If the commission dates are the same for two or more Officers, seniority will be determined by the Officers' relative final position in their academy class.
- B. For persons above the police Officer classification, seniority for the purpose of asserting a seniority preference shall be determined by the date of promotion to the person's current classification. If the promotion dates are the same for two or more such persons above the police officer classification, seniority will be determined by their position on the eligibility list, from which they were promoted to their current classification, provided that any officer promoted after being by-passed shall not be senior to an officer actually promoted first.
- C. For Lateral Entry Officers ("LEOs") hired pursuant to Article 11, Section 13, seniority for the purpose of asserting a seniority preference shall be determined by the date of commission. If the commission dates are the same for two or more LEOs, seniority will be determined by the LEOs' relative final positions in their Modified Training Academy class. Regardless of the pay rate established for each LEO, seniority for purposes of eligibility for longevity pay shall begin when the officer successfully completes the Modified Training Academy.
- D. Officers may not assert their seniority to bump other Officers from their days off, holidays, or vacations that have already been set.
 - E. The Chief may make assignments based upon hardship or other special needs.
 - F. Assignments of the Chief are not subject to challenge or grievance.

Section 2. Tiebreaker for Promotion.

For all promotional opportunities, if two or more persons tie on final scores, the tie will be broken in favor of the person who has the highest examination raw score, prior to the additional of seniority points, but after the Civil Service Commission's determination of appealed questions, if any. If two or more persons continue to have tied raw scores, then seniority, as defined in this Article, will be the only factor used to break that tie on the eligibility list for the promotional opportunity.

Section 3. Seniority after Demotion and Eligibility for Promotional Examinations.

If an Officer is removed from an appointed classification solely at the discretion of the Chief, the Officer will be reinstated to his or her prior tested classification with no loss of seniority rights or break in service.

TLGC Section 143.085, Force Reduction and Reinstatement List, is superseded to the extent that if the Chief demotes an Officer from an appointed position and the Officer's return to his/her prior tested classification results in an Officer who holds a civil service classified position with the least seniority in that classification being demoted, the demoted officer shall remain on the reinstatement list for promotion to the classified position from which he/she was demoted until such time as a new position in that classified position becomes vacant. Any such affected Officer shall not be required to re-test for their previously held classification to be eligible for promotion to that position from the reinstatement list.

Section 4. Purposes for which Seniority can be Asserted.

Officers in the rank of lieutenant and below may assert seniority preference for unit and shift assignment in accordance with the General Order, or Special Order, promulgated by the Chief, for In-House Vacancy Selection of Sworn Personnel. If the Chief determines that a revision to the above-stated General Order, or Special Order, is necessary, the Chief or the Chief's designee, and not more than two (2) representatives of the Association will discuss the proposed changes prior to implementation. The Chief's decision on any revision to the above- stated General Order or Special Order will be final.

Section 5. Commission Date for Reappointed Officers.

- A. The adjusted commission date for Officers who are reappointed twelve months or more after voluntary resignation shall be determined by their date of reappointment. Such an Officer's seniority will be based on the Officer's adjusted commission date for asserting a promotional or seniority preference.
- B. The adjusted commission date for Officers who are reappointed less than twelve months after a voluntary resignation will be calculated based on the additional time from the original commission date and the reappointed date. For example, an Officer who has an original commission date of 01.09.2013, resigns with a 04.01.2025 effective date and is then reappointed with a 12.01.2025 effective date, would have a break of service equaling 244 days. The adjusted commission date would be calculated by adding the break in service days of 244 to the original commission date of 01.09.2013; making the adjusted commission/seniority date 09.10.2013. For asserting a promotional or seniority preference an Officer's seniority will be based on the adjusted commission date. The adjusted commission date for Officers who are reappointed less than twelve months after voluntary resignation will be based on the years of service prior to the Officers' resignation. For example, the adjusted commission date for an Officer who was hired on 1.1.03, resigned after 12 years and three months of service (on 4.1.15), and was reappointed eight months after resignation (on 12.1.15), is 12 years and three months before

the officer's date of reappointment (that is, the adjusted commission date will be 9.1.03. Such an Officer's seniority will be based on the Officer's adjusted commission date for asserting a promotional or seniority preference.

Section 6. Preemption.

In accordance with the provision in TLGC Section 143.307, the Parties expressly agree that this Article shall preempt and supersede any inconsistent provisions contained in any Civil Service Commission Rule, including Rule 11.07, and TLGC Chapters 141, 142 and 143, including but not limited to Section 141.032.

ARTICLE 14 PHYSICAL FITNESS PROGRAM

Section 1. Applicability.

- a. Voluntary participation for incumbent Officers. Officers hired prior to October 1, 2009 may voluntarily participate in the mandatory physical fitness provisions of this Article. As to such Officers, the provisions of Chapter 143 shall continue to apply to any issues of fitness for duty, light duty, assignment, line of duty injury leave, or disability retirement.
- b. Mandatory Participation for Future Officers and Reappointed Officers. Officers and reappointed officers hired on or after October 1, 2009 shall be required as a condition of continued employment to be and remain physically fit during their employment with the Department. The basis for the standards is further delineated below.

Section 2. Principles of Agreement.

The Parties have agreed that implementing a Department-wide physical fitness program and culture will require different strategies tailored to Officers in various career phases, and a transition period in order to facilitate the necessary changes and expectations for the program to work and achieve support. The Parties agree that a combination of these components are necessary:

- (1) Appropriate standards based on actual biometric studies of job tasks, and taking into account factors such as an Officer's rank, assignment and duties.
- (2) Incentives for physical improvement and conditioning.
- (3) A process for application and enforcement which is objective, fair and provides for an appeal.
- (4) Identification of a category of Officers exempted from the mandatory fitness standards.
- (5) A representative of the Association will be included as a member of any

committee that is tasked with recommending changes to the components or requirements of the Physical Assessment test that is utilized under this Article to determine the standard for an Officer's physical fitness.

Section 3. Physical Fitness Trainer.

The City shall designate a physical fitness trainer on a full-time basis to assist Officers to reach program fitness levels.

Section 4. Physical Fitness Incentive Pay.

- A. Officers hired before October 1, 2009: Officers who achieve voluntary physical fitness standards established in accordance with the criteria in this Article shall be paid a physical fitness incentive of \$1,000.00 per calendar year and payable in September of each year in which when the Officer meets the applicable annual physical fitness standard. The Training Academy will conduct physical fitness assessments from October to August and submit a list of Officers eligible for the physical fitness incentive payment at the end of each month. Payout will be made by the end of the following month. No Officer shall be eligible for more than one \$1,000.00 physical fitness incentive payment per calendar year. To be eligible to receive the payment provided for in this Article, an eligible Officer must be employed by the City on the date the payment is scheduled to be made.
- B. Officers and Reappointed Officers Hired on or After October 1, 2009: These Officers and Reappointed Officers shall be required to meet the mandatory physical fitness standards established in accordance with the criteria in this Article and as recommended by the Joint Committee on Physical Fitness, as modified from time to time by the Human Resources Department and the Chief of Police. Officers who achieve mandatory physical fitness standards established in accordance with the criteria in this Article shall be paid a physical fitness incentive of \$1,000.00 per calendar year and payable when the Officer meets the applicable annual physical fitness standard in September of each year in which the Officer meets the applicable annual physical fitness standard. The Training Academy will conduct physical fitness assessments from October to August and submit a list of Officers eligible for the physical fitness incentive payment at the end of each month. Payout will be made by the end of the following month. No Officer shall be eligible for more than one \$1,000.00 physical fitness incentive payment per calendar year.

Section 5. Officers on Medical Leave or Light Duty.

An Officer who is (1) off work on approved leave (including FMLA, Line-of-Duty leave, sick leave, ADA leave), because of the Officer's own medical condition, or (2) working in a light-duty or limited-duty assignment, whether considered mandatory or voluntary, as set out in Section 1, above, is not eligible to participate in the assessment of whether their physical fitness meets the physical fitness standard set out in this Article, and is not eligible to receive the \$1000 physical fitness incentive payment, if participating in the physical fitness assessment would require the

Officer to engage in a physical act that is inconsistent with the Officer's medical restrictions on which the approved leave, light-duty or limited-duty assignment is based. If the Officer provides a signed release from the Officer's medical provider certifying that the assessment activity is not inconsistent with the Officer's medical restrictions, the Officer will be allowed to participate in the assessment. If, by the end of the calendar year, such Officer is no longer on approved leave or in a light-duty or limited-duty assignment, the Officer may then participate in the assessment and receive the \$1000 physical fitness incentive payment, if the Officer meets the physical fitness standard applicable at that time.

Section 6. Enforcement of Mandatory Standards for Officers Employed After October 1, 2009.

Any Officer employed on or after October 1, 2009, who refuses to take part in the assessment of physical fitness as scheduled without a duly authorized deferment shall be considered insubordinate and neglecting their duty and may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination. Any such Officer who fails to achieve and maintain their applicable physical fitness standard shall be subject to disciplinary action up to termination, after three consecutive assessments, and such failure shall not qualify the Officer for light duty. To the extent feasible, a physical fitness assessment shall occur at twelve (12) month intervals.

Section 7. Deferments of Mandatory Standards for Officers Employed After October 1, 2009.

The parties have formed a Joint Committee on Physical Fitness. The Committee shall establish policies regarding deferments from these physical fitness standards, including medical and administrative deferments or alternative assignments exempt from the provisions of this article.

Each Party shall maintain three (3) members for the Joint Committee on Physical Fitness. One member of the City Human Resources staff shall act as an advisor to the Committee in order to ensure validity of recommended actions. In the event the Committee should reach an impasse, the Parties will submit the disputed issues to mediation before a mutually selected mediator within thirty (30) Calendar Days. In the event that mediation fails to resolve the impasse, the City and the Association shall each designate one representative for a panel determination of any remaining disputed issues. These two representatives shall select one neutral panel member. The three (3) person panel shall convene within thirty (30) Calendar Days after the conclusion of mediation to finally resolve the disputed issues. A meeting or hearing shall be established as necessary. The panel shall prepare a written decision on any issues and forward the final results to the Chief. The Chief is authorized to administer a physical fitness assessment program and physical fitness standards including policies regarding deferments, for all members of the Department as recommended by the Committee, or resulting from mediation or panel decision.

Issues relating to deferments will be referred to the Joint Committee on Physical Fitness for

recommendations to be made to the Chief. If the Committee votes to deny the deferment, or if the vote of the Committee results in a tie vote, then the deferment will be denied. If the Chief disagrees with any recommendation of the Committee, the affected Officer may appeal the disputed deferment recommendation to the City Manager for a final and binding determination.

The Committee shall establish policies regarding deferments from these physical fitness standards, including medical and administrative deferments or alternative assignments exempt from the provisions of this Article.

Section 8. Appeal of Mandatory Standards for Officers Employed After October 1, 2009.

An Officer who is terminated after a third failure to maintain their applicable physical fitness standard may appeal the accuracy and correctness of the determination to a panel of three qualified individuals, one selected by the Association, one selected by the City and one selected by the other two representatives. The panel shall only be authorized to determine if the testing was properly conducted, the outcomes or scoring were correctly carried out and determined, and that the standards were applied in a substantially equal manner. If the panel determines that irregularities in the testing process occurred, the panel may elect to retest the Officer at a date and time determined by the panel. The panel shall have no authority to modify the testing standards. The appeal process of TLGC 143.081 shall not apply to this appeal

Section 9. Preemption.

The Parties have expressly agreed that this Article shall preempt contrary statutory provisions, and to the extent of any conflict with the provisions of TLGC, Chapter 143, any other statute, executive order, local ordinance, or rule adopted by the City, including any personnel board, or any Civil Service Commission, the provisions of this article shall prevail; provided, however, nothing in this Agreement shall preempt the authority of Civil Service Commission to order a physical and mental fitness for duty examination under TLGC 143.081.

ARTICLE 15 PROMOTIONS, DEMOTIONS AND REINSTATEMENTS

Section 1. Definition.

For the purpose of this Article (except for Section 7 herein), the term "demotion" or "demoted" means a demotion or return to an Officer's prior tested rank, and reappointment from Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief or Commander.

Section 2. Appointment of Assistant Chief.

A. All promotions to the rank of Assistant Chief shall be exempt from competitive

examinations, and instead shall be made by discretionary appointment of the Chief. The Chief will not be required to make promotions to the rank of Assistant Chief within any specific time period.

- B. An Officer appointed to the rank of Assistant Chief may be demoted at the exclusive discretion of the Chief, and shall have no right to appeal such a demotion. An Officer so demoted shall have no right to prior notice, a statement of charges or to file a grievance or other complaint. Neither the Civil Service Commission nor an Arbitrator shall have any jurisdiction, power, or authority to investigate or review such demotion or to alter the terms of such demotion.
- C. The Chief may provide by policy for Chain of Command coverage for Assistant Chiefs and their subordinates.
- 1. A Captain assigned to a position in a chain-of-command which is directly supervised by an Assistant Chief shall not be entitled to higher classification pay unless required by a direct order to actually serve as an Assistant Chief. In the event that such a Captain, who is directly supervised by an Assistant Chief, is ordered to serve in the higher classification of Assistant Chief, that Captain is entitled to the Captain's hourly rate of pay plus a 10% increase for the hours worked as Assistant Chief.

Section 3. Appointment of Deputy Chief.

- A. All promotions to the rank of Deputy Chief shall be exempt from competitive examinations, and instead shall be made by discretionary appointment of the Chief. The Chief will not be required to make promotions to the rank of Deputy Chief within any specific time period.
- B. An Officer appointed to the rank of Deputy Chief may be demoted at the exclusive discretion of the Chief, and shall have no right to appeal such a demotion. An Officer so demoted shall have no right to prior notice, a statement of charges or to file a grievance or other complaint. Neither the Civil Service Commission nor an Arbitrator shall have any jurisdiction, power, or authority to investigate or review such demotion or to alter the terms of such demotion.
- C. The Chief may provide by policy for chain-of-command coverage for Deputy Chiefs and their subordinates.
- 1. A Lieutenant assigned to a position in a chain-of-command which is directly supervised by a Deputy Chief shall not be entitled to higher classification pay unless required by a direct order to actually serve as a Deputy Chief. In the event that such a Lieutenant, who is directly supervised by a Deputy Chief, is ordered to serve in the higher classification of Deputy Chief, that Lieutenant is entitled to the Lieutenant's hourly rate of pay plus a 10%

increase for the hours worked as Deputy Chief.

2. A Captain assigned to a position in a chain-of-command which is directly supervised by a Deputy Chief shall not be entitled to higher classification pay unless required by a direct order to actually serve as a Deputy Chief. In the event that such a Captain, who is directly supervised by a Deputy Chief is ordered to serve in the higher classification of Deputy Chief, that Captain is entitled to the Captain's hourly rate of pay plus a 5% increase for the hours worked as Deputy Chief.

Section 4. Appointment of Commander.



- A. After the effective date of this Agreement, All promotions to the rank of Commander shall be exempt from competitive examination and instead shall be made by discretionary appointment of the Chief. The Chief will not be required to make promotions to the rank of Commander within any specific time period.
- B. An Officer appointed to the rank of Commander after the effective date of this Agreement may be demoted at the exclusive discretion of the Chief, and shall have no right to appeal such a demotion. An Officer so demoted shall have no right to prior notice, a statement of charges, or to file a grievance or other complaint. Neither the Civil Service Commission nor an Arbitrator shall have any jurisdiction, power, or authority to investigate or review such demotion or to alter the terms of such demotion. Officers who were in a tested rank prior to the effective date of this Agreement will retain whatever disciplinary appeal rights they had prior to this Agreement, with respect to their service in their prior rank.
- C. The Chief may provide by policy for chain-of-command coverage for Commanders and their subordinates.
- 1. A Lieutenant assigned to a position in a chain-of-command which is directly supervised by a Commander shall not be entitled to higher classification pay unless required by a direct order to actually serve as a Commander. In the event that such a Lieutenant, who is directly supervised by a Commander, is ordered to serve in the higher rank of Commander, that Lieutenant is entitled to the Lieutenant's hourly rate of pay plus a 10% increase for the hours worked as a Commander.
- 2. A Captain assigned to a position in a chain-of-command which is directly supervised by a Commander shall not be entitled to higher classification pay unless required by a direct order to actually serve as a Commander. In the event that such a Captain, who is directly supervised by a Commander is ordered to serve in the higher rank of Commander, that Captain is entitled to the Captain's hourly rate of pay plus a 5% increase for the hours worked as a Commander.

Section 5. Additional Requirements.

- A. The department will have three appointed ranks below that of Chief. They are, in rank order, referred to in this Agreement as Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief and Commander, respectfully. Organizationally, the rank of Assistant Chief is immediately below that of Chief, and Deputy Chief is immediately below the rank of Assistant Chief and immediately above the rank of Commander is immediately below the rank of Deputy Chief and immediately above the rank of Captain. The Chief has the right to set the wages and benefits for Assistant Chiefs, Deputy Chiefs and Commanders, subject to approval of the City Council as part of the police department's budget. The parties agree that the pay and benefits provided to Assistant Chiefs, Deputy Chiefs and Commanders are not subject to TLGC 143.041(b) or 141.033, and that 143.041(b) and 141.033 are expressly preempted in this Agreement.
- B. The Chief's appointments to Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief and Commander may be from any rank, as so provided in TLGC Section 143.014(b). The positions of Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief and Commander will be exempt for the purpose of earning and paying overtime, in accordance with FLSA, 29 U.S.C. 207, et seq., and Texas Local Government Code Chapter 142.0015.
- C. Assistant Chiefs, Deputy Chiefs, and Commanders may appeal disciplinary actions only if the proposed discipline is: (1) a demotion to any rank below the rank the Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief, or Commander occupied when he or she was first appointed as an Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief, or Commander; or (2) a demotion to the rank the Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief, of Commander occupied when he or she was first appointed as an Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief, or Commander, plus an additional sanction, such as a suspension. Even if the Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief, or Commander can pursue an appeal of a disciplinary action, as provided in this Section, he or she cannot include in that appeal the demotion from an appointed position, and such appeal cannot result in reinstatement to any appointed position.
- D. Officers in the ranks of Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief and Commander shall be considered to have continuously served in their prior lower tested classification from the date he or she was initially promoted into that rank and, if demoted, will be eligible to take a subsequently scheduled promotional exam to the next higher classification if the required number of years of service or other eligibility criteria are met. Officers appointed to the ranks of Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief or Commander, while serving in that rank, can take promotional examinations, and be considered for promotion resulting from such examination, if they meet all of the eligibility requirements to take such an examination.
- E. The City may have up to (10) appointed positions including both the ranks of Assistant Chief and Deputy Chief, and as many positions in the rank of Commander as necessary to assign one Commander to each patrol division. Any new appointments to the rank of Commander will be subject to prior approval of any new patrol divisions and necessary staffing by the City Council.

- F. Requirements after Appointment to Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief or Commander
- 1. Effective October 1, 2020 Officers appointed to Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief or Commander shall be required to obtain a Bachelor's Degree from an accredited college or university within thirty-six (36) months after appointment. Officers who have already satisfied this requirement shall present proof of completion to the Chief or designee Officers who fail to provide proof to the Chief or designee within the specified time period shall be unappointed and will return to their previous civil service rank and seniority. Officers appointed to the rank of Assistant Chief, Deputy Chief or Commander prior to October 1, 2020 shall be grandfathered and exempt for the educational requirement so long as they remain in that same appointed rank. However, any such "grandfathered" Officer who is returned to, or appointed to, a rank with an educational requirement will be required to comply with that applicable educational requirement.
- 2. If the Officer fails to complete the mandatory college requirements within the prescribed time period after appointment, or return to a rank with an educational requirement, the Officer will be allowed to appeal the un-appointment to the Chief only if exigent circumstances or an emergency situation occurred which prevented the Officer from completing the requirements. The Chief has the discretion to allow more time to fulfill the requirements; however, the requirements will not be waived. The Chief's decision on the issue is final, not appealable and not grievable.
- 3. If an Officer is appointed to a higher rank before completing the educational requirements for the previous appointed rank, the time requirements remain in effect for completion of the appropriate educational requirements for that previous appointed rank.

Section 6. Promotion to Corporal/Detective, Sergeant and Lieutenant.

- A. Eligibility for Promotion.
- 1. Corporal/Detective. An Officer will not be eligible to take a promotional eligibility examination for promotion to corporal/detective unless the Officer has served in the Department in the next lower classification or other positions specified by the Civil Service Commission for at least three (3) four (4) continuous years immediately before the date the promotional eligibility examination is held. An Officer's promotional eligibility to corporal/detective shall be determined by their commission date in accordance with the seniority provisions in Article 13.
- 2. Sergeant and Lieutenant. An Officer's eligibility to take a promotional examination for sergeant and lieutenant shall be determined by the following criteria:
 - a. The Officer has served in the Department in the next lower classification or other positions specified by the Civil Service Commission for at least $\underline{\text{two (2)}}$ three (3) continuous years immediately before the date the promotional

eligibility examination is held.

b. The Officer must satisfactorily complete a supervisory or management training course of study for the promotional classification before the Officer may take the promotional eligibility examination. The City will provide reasonable opportunities, at the City's expense, for candidates to attend such courses of study. The Chief shall develop future training programs in-house, or in conjunction with educational institutions or agencies, which are tailored to individual supervisory ranks.

B. Promotional Examinations.

- 1. Vacant positions in the ranks of Corporal/Detective, Sergeant and Lieutenant shall be filled from an eligibility list created by a promotional procedure consisting of a written examination.
- 2. A study list must be posted for at least 90 calendar days prior to a written examination being given. Officers must meet all eligibility requirements to apply for the exam process. Officers will have until 10 business days, excluding weekends and holidays, before the date and time of the written examination to apply for the promotion process.
- 3. The written examination will have a total point value of 100 points. The written examination must have between 50 and 100 questions. The exam questions may utilize different styles of test questions as long as all answers to questions can be scored objectively. The written exam may contain questions from the Department's mandatory supervisory class that is required for promotion.
- 4. Additional points will be added to a passing final promotional examination score for Corporal/Detective, Sergeant or Lieutenant, based on Chart 1, below. Additional points will be awarded only for the highest educational degree. Example: A candidate with an Associate's degree, a Bachelor's degree, and a Master's degree will receive additional points for the Master's degree only. For all purposes in this Agreement, college hour credits and degrees must be from an accredited college or university, as reflected in the database of accredited colleges and universities maintained by the U.S. Department of Education. One (1) additional point will be added to a passing final promotional examination score for Corporal/Detective, for prior military service, as indicated in Chart 1, below. To receive the additional point, the Officer must provide a true and correct copy of a DD 214 which shows an honorable discharge, at least twenty-four (24) hours prior to the date and time of the promotional examination.

Chart 1:

Points on Corporal	Points on Sergeant	Points on Lieutenant
Examination	Examination	Examination

One point for each year of service	One point for each year of service	One point for each year of in rank
in rank immediately below	in rank immediately below	immediately below lieutenant = up
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
corporal/detective = up to 10	sergeant = up to 10	to 10
60 semester (or equivalent)	60 semester (or equivalent)	
college hours/Associate Degree = 1	T	
benege neurs, resource segree 1	conege mours, resociate begins	
Bachelor's Degree = 2	Bachelor's Degree = 2	Bachelor's Degree = 2
Master's Degree = 3	Master's Degree = 3	Master's Degree = 3
U.S. Military = 1		
Total Maximum Points	Total Maximum Points	Total Maximum Points

Allowed = 13	Allowed = 13	Allowed = 13	

- 5. Eligibility lists for promotion to Corporal/Detective, Sergeant and Lieutenant will expire one year after the date of the written examination.
 - C. Requirements after Promotion to Lieutenant.
- 1. Within forty-eight (48) months after being promoted, Officers promoted to Lieutenant shall be required as a condition of maintaining the rank to complete with a passing grade at least sixty (60) hours of college credits or achieve an Associate's Degree from an accredited college or university. Officers who have already satisfied this requirement shall present proof to the Chief or designee. Officers who fail to provide proof to the Chief or designee within the specified time period shall be demoted to their previous rank and seniority.
- 2. If the Officer fails to complete the mandatory college requirements within the prescribed time period after promotion, the Officer will be allowed to appeal the demotion to the Chief only if exigent circumstances or an emergency situation occurred which prevented the Officer from completing the requirements. The Chief has the discretion to allow more time to fulfill the requirements; however, the requirements will not be waived.
 - D. Continuation and Life of Eligibility List.

Any promotional process which has proceeded to the point of the administration of any test shall continue to its conclusion, irrespective of the expiration of this Agreement. Any eligibility list certified after the effective date of this Agreement shall expire by its own terms, irrespective of the expiration of this Agreement.

Section 7. Promotion to Captain.

A. Eligibility for Promotion.

- 1. An Officer's eligibility to take a promotional examination for Captain shall be determined by the following criteria:
 - a. The Officer has served in the Department in the next lower classification or other positions specified by the Civil Service Commission for at least two (2) three (3) continuous years immediately before the date the promotional eligibility examination is held.
 - b. The Officer must satisfactorily complete a management training course of study for the promotional classification before the Officer may take the promotional eligibility examination. The City will provide reasonable opportunities, at the City's expense for the candidate to attend such course of study.

B. Promotional Examination.

1. Vacant positions in the rank of Captain shall be filled from an eligibility list created by a promotional procedure consisting of a written examination and an assessment center. Placement on a final eligibility list will be based on the total points scored on the written examination and the assessment center process, along with the points awarded for service time and education as set forth in the Chart 2 below. All college credits and degrees must be from an accredited college or university.

Chart 2:

Captain Examination

Additional Points	Written Examination	Assessment Center Points
	Points	
One point for each year of		
service in rank immediately		
below Captain = up to 10	Maximum total 100 points	Various exercises
Bachelor's Degree = 2		
Master's Degree = 3		
Total Maximum Points	Total Maximum Points	Total Maximum Points
Allowed = 13	Allowed = 100	Allowed = 100

^{*} The maximum number of points an applicant can receive is 213 (if an assessment is included).

2. A study list study list must be posted for at least 90 calendar days prior to written examination being given. Officers must meet all eligibility requirements to apply for the exam

process. Officers will have until 10 business days, excluding weekends and holidays, before the date and time of the written examination, to apply for the promotion process.

3. The written examination will have a total point value of 100 points. The written examination must have between 50 and 100 questions. The exam questions may have different styles of test questions as long as all answers to questions can be scored objectively. The written exam may contain questions from the Department's mandatory management class that is required for promotion. Candidates must obtain a passing score on the written examination (without any service or educational points added) in order to proceed to the assessment center portion of a promotional process.

C. Assessment Center.



1. The Human Resources Department, in coordination with the Department will hire a consultant to develop an assessment center process in advance of the need to create an eligibility list for a promotional rank using an assessment center process. If an assessment center has not been developed or an existing assessment center needs to be revised to include new or different scenarios or situations and exercises, then following the posting of a vacancy announcement for the written examination, the assessment center development or revision process should be initiated.

Due to the complexities and time involved in choosing a qualified vendor to participate in the development of an assessment center based on the essential job functions of the rank or the revision of an existing assessment center, a significant amount of time may pass between creating an eligibility list based on a written exam and conducting the assessment center.

- 2. The portions of the assessment center that require verbal communication from the Officer, such as Structured Interviews, Role-Playing, Oral Presentation, etc., will be video recorded. An individual candidate may review, but may not copy, their recorded video responses on a single occasion after executing a confidentiality non-disclosure form. The Association shall be entitled to meet with the test designer to review statistical test evaluations, outcomes and methodology, which shall include the materials associated with rater training and performance, and any candidate orientation materials. After such meeting, if the Association raises a concern about failure to comply with the provisions of this Agreement, they may request access to the video recorded assessments, which shall be considered by the Chief. If denied by the Chief, an arbitrator appointed in connection with a contract grievance shall be authorized to require production of the relevant materials. This paragraph shall not prevent access by the Association to any materials that are public records under state law.
- 3. The assessment center will be developed based on the professional guidelines for assessment centers advocated by the American Psychological Association. The Department will follow City purchasing requirements to select one or more consultants to design and develop an assessment center for the rank of Captain. The consultant shall make all final decisions concerning the design and implementation of the assessment center. Revision of an existing

assessment center to avoid "familiarization" of assessment center content may be done by the same or different consultant. If necessary, an assessment center will be revised by a consultant if the revision involves removing unnecessary exercises or adjusting rating scales.

- 4. The Consulting Company shall also select the assessors who shall meet the following criteria:
 - a. Equivalent rank to the promotion, or above;
 - b. Shall not reside in the city of Fort Worth;
 - c. Shall not be related within the second degree to any candidate for promotion;
 - d. Shall not personally know any candidate for promotion;
 - e. Shall have at least two (2) years of experience in the rank being assessed or an equivalent rank; and
 - f. Shall not be a current or former employee of the City, Department or any other entity legally related to or controlled by the city of Fort Worth.
- 5. The consultant will utilize, as appropriate, the following types of exercises typically found in assessment centers:
 - a. In-Basket
 - b. Problem Solving/Analysis
 - c. Written and Oral Resumes/Structured Interviews
 - d. Role-Playing
 - e. Memo/Report Writing
 - f. Oral Presentation/Plan Preparation
 - g. Staff Meeting
 - h. Special Event/Operations.

The consultant may utilize other types of assessment exercises or methods if there is documented research on the validity of the exercise or method for use with assessing the rank of Captain.

- 6. The consultant will have responsibility or oversight of the following administrative functions:
 - a. Collect data on the essential job duties of the tested rank for test and exercise development.
 - b. Conduct transportability study for use of standard assessmentexercise or methods for use with the tested rank.
 - c. Provide any documentation or research supporting the validity of the exercises or methods used.
 - d. Provide an Administrator's manual if the assessment center is administered by the Human Resources Department. This should not be

- construed as granting authority for Human Resources to write, control or grade the test.
- e. Provide guidance on the selection of assessors.
- f. Conduct or provide a training manual for training assessors to objectively evaluate candidate performance or behavior and rate candidates on the appropriate rating scales.
- g. Provide rating scales and criteria for evaluating candidates on the appropriate assessment dimensions and a methodology to combine assessment center scores to place candidates on a rating scale with 100 points.
- h. Conduct or provide materials and information for an orientation to the assessment center process for candidates.
- i. Provide guidance or conduct any other administrative function deemed necessary to insure the fairness or efficiency of the assessment process.
- The number of Officers on the written examination eligibility list who will move to the second step of the promotion process (assessment center) will be based on the number of vacancies in the promoted rank that were filled from the prior promotion list for the rank. For each vacancy that was filled from the prior promotion list, the top three Officers on the written examination list will be eligible to participate in the assessment center. For example, six Officers will be eligible to participate in the assessment center if two vacancies were filled from the prior promotion list for the particular rank. Based on the number of prior vacancies, it is possible that all Officers on the list will be eligible. If there was only one (1) vacancy on the prior promotion list, the top five (5) Officers on the written examination list will be eligible to participate in the assessment center. Only those Officers who pass the written examination will be qualified to participate in the assessment center.
- 8. The assessment center will have a total point value of 100 points. The scoring of points are detailed in Chart 2. Scoring in assessment centers relies on human observation and judgment. Assessors will receive training on the assessment center process. Assessors will also be provided with rating standards for use in the scoring process. While matters relating to the written examination can be appealed under TLGC 143.034, due to the subjective nature of assessment center scores, assessment center contents and results are not appealable to the Civil Service Commission, a hearing examiner, or District Court.
- 9. During the term of this Agreement either party may in writing request to meet and confer about amending the assessment process for Captains, expanding the assessment process to include the Lieutenant's promotional examination, and any other promotional issues. If the parties reach an agreement on amending this Article, the agreement is effective only if the members of the bargaining unit ratify and the City Council approves the agreement.
- 10. During the term of this Agreement the chief or designee may choose to not utilize an assessment process allowed under this Agreement. If the Chief or designee decides to not use an assessment process for a promotional examination, the study list relating to that examination

must state that an assessment process will not be used.

D. Promotion to Captain from an Eligibility List.

Upon finalization of the eligibility list, the Chief or designee will request an eligibility list from the Director of Civil Service or designee, in accordance with TLGC 143.036(b). The Chief shall select the Officer from the list with the highest combined score, in accordance with Chart 2, unless the Chief has a valid reason for not appointing the person in accordance with TLGC 143.036 (f). An eligibility list will expire twelve (12) months from the date that the eligibility list is posted by the Civil Service Director or designee or when exhausted. An Officer referred but not promoted (bypassed) three times may be struck from the eligibility list at the request of the Chief.

E. Tests/Assessment Centers Occurring During U.S. Military Leaves of Absence.

Officers who are serving on active U.S. military duty as members of the armed forces while this contract is in force will be eligible to take promotional written examinations accordance with the conditions and requirements of the Local Rules, Promotional Examination Policy for Active U.S. Military Duty Employees, 11.28 – 11.33. If the promotional process includes an assessment center to be placed on a promotional eligibility list and the Officer is eligible to participate in a promotional assessment center, the Officer will be required to participate in an assessment center conducted after the Officer returns to work. If the Officer has already taken the written examination and an assessment center is scheduled within 180 calendar days of the Officer's return to work, the Officer may voluntarily participate in the assessment center. Otherwise, the Officer will participate in the next promotional process after 180 calendar days of returning to work. This provision is intended to comply with requirements of the federal Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA), and to supersede the terms of Section 143.032(b) of the Texas Local Government Code. This Agreement does not prevent the City from taking steps to comply with USERRA under unique or special circumstances.

F. Requirements after Promotion to Captain.

- 1. Within sixty (60) months after being promoted, Officers promoted to Captain shall be required as a condition of maintaining the rank to obtain a Bachelor's Degree from an accredited college or university. Officers who have already satisfied this requirement shall present proof of completion to the Chief or designee. Officers who fail to provide proof to the Chief or designee within the specified time period shall be demoted to their previous rank and seniority.
- 2. If the Officer fails to complete the mandatory college requirements within the prescribed time period after promotion, the Officer will be allowed to appeal the demotion to the Chief only if exigent circumstances or an emergency situation occurred which prevented the Officer from completing the requirements. The Chief has the discretion to allow more time to fulfill the requirements; however, the requirements will not be waived.

3. If an Officer is promoted to the next higher rank before completing the educational requirements for the previous rank, the time requirements remain in effect for completion of the appropriate educational requirements for that previous rank. For example, an Officer is promoted to Lieutenant on January 1, 2025 2014 and has forty-eight (48) months, that is, until January 1, 2029 2018, to complete sixty (60) hours of college credits or achieve an Associate's degree. If the Officer is promoted to Captain on January 1, 2028 2017 without achieving the college hours or the degree. The Officer will have until January 1, 2029 2018 to obtain sixty (60) hours of college credit or an Associate degree. Officers who fail to provide proof to the Chief or designee within the specified time period shall be demoted to their previous rank and seniority.

G. Continuation and Life of Eligibility List.

Any promotional process which has proceeded to the point of the administration of any test shall continue to its conclusion, irrespective of the expiration of this Agreement. Any eligibility list certified after the effective date of this Agreement shall remain in effect until it expires by its own terms irrespective of the expiration of this Agreement.

Section 8. Bypass Situations.

An officer can appeal the Chief's decision to bypass the Officer in making a promotional appointment. If the Officer is bypassed a second or third time from the same eligibility list, and the Chief's reasons for bypassing the Officer the second or third time are the same as stated by the Chief when the Officer was bypassed the first time, the Officer cannot appeal the second or third bypass, or the Officer's removal from the eligibility list. Such an appeal will be subject to the applicable provisions in Article 7, Section 6.

Section 9. Promotional Examination Appeals.

On request, a promotional candidate will be allowed to review his or her promotional examination and the correct answers, source material and examination grading. For the rank of Captain, this review can include including the written and assessment examinations for promotion to the rank of Captain. The examination may be reviewed by an Officer only once. The review and appeal period shall begin the first business day after the date of the examination. All appeals must be filed no later than 5 business days after the date of the examination. A candidate may appeal one or more examination questions by stating in writing why the graded correct answer is incorrect or another answer is clearly more correct than the graded correct answer.

A candidate's appeal of a promotional examination question or questions will be submitted by the Human Resources Department without the names of the appealing promotional candidate or candidates, to a Review Board composed of three Officers at the rank of Captain appointed by the Association. The three Officers appointed by the Association to serve on the Review

Board <u>must</u> shall be at the rank being tested or higher and have no conflict of interest in participating as a Review Board member.

The Review Board will review each appealed promotional question and make a written recommendation by majority vote as to the validity of the appeal and appropriate remedy. If the Review Board and Human Resources Department are in agreement as to the validity of the appeal and appropriate remedy, their decision shall be final and binding. The Commission shall review all written recommendations and rule on all timely appeals of promotional examination questions and remedies in which the Review Board and the Human Resources Department are in disagreement. The Commission will be provided with the promotional candidate's appeal, the recommendation of the Review Board and the justification for the correct answer by the Civil Service Director or designee. The Commission will rule on the validity of the appeal based on the documentation provided without oral argument. All promotional examination questions will be graded with either one correct best answer, multiple correct answers or all answers graded correct. The Commission's decision on an appeal of a promotional examination question or questions shall be final.

Beginning with For any promotional examination that is given on or after the effective date of this Agreement October 1, 2022, the Association may waive the right to appoint a Review Board in writing to the Human Resources Department at least thirty calendar days prior to the date of a promotional examination. If the Association waives the right to appoint a Review Board, all promotional question appeals shall be pursuant to TLGC Chapter 143.

Section 10. Preemption Provision.

This Article shall preempt any contrary provisions in Chapter 143, including but not limited to those set forth in Section 2 of this Article and in Sections 143.014, Subchapter B (143.021-143.038) and 143.072 of the statute, it being expressly agreed and specifically so provided under the authority of Section 143.307.

ARTICLE 16 VACANT PROMOTIONAL POSITIONS RESULTING FROM MILITARY LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Section 1. When an Officer in the rank of corporal/detective or higher rank is serving on active military duty and has taken a military leave of absence, the Commission shall fill the person's position in the Department in accordance with the content of this Agreement.

Section 2. If an Officer who is in a promotional rank is on unpaid military leave of absence, a vacancy occurs as of the date the unpaid leave begins. Military leave includes Officers' initial entry into a branch of the service as well as Officers who are recalled to active military duty. An Officer may request unpaid military leave by making application to the Commission. When

an Officer on military leave must be placed in an unpaid status, this will be construed the same as making application for unpaid military leave with the Civil Service Commission. If an Officer is receiving full pay from the City while on military leave, whether through vacation, supplemental pay or other paid leave, or through substitutions as authorized in TLGC, Chapter 143.072(h), no vacancy is created. A vacancy only occurs if an Officer is on unpaid military leave of absence. For the purpose of this Agreement, unpaid military leave shall exist anytime an Officer does not receive full pay from the City from salary, working agreement, accrued paid leave, supplemental leave benefit or any combination thereof.

- **Section 3.** The Officer who fills the promotional position is subject to replacement by the person who was on the military leave at the time the person returns to Active Duty in the Department unless subsequent vacancies resulting in promotions have occurred in the same rank. In that case, the person most recently promoted to that rank, and thus having the least seniority time in that rank, would be returned to their former position in accordance with the provisions below.
- **Section 4.** If the reinstatement of an Officer who received a military leave of absence causes that person's replacement, or the person most recently promoted to that rank, to be returned to a lower rank and placed on a reinstatement list, the person on the reinstatement list has a preferential right to a subsequent appointment or promotion to the rank from which the person was demoted. This preferential reinstatement right is valid for up to one year from the date of the demotion and has priority over an existing eligibility list. This preferential right is also subject to the replaced person remaining physically and mentally fit to discharge the duties of that position. If an eligibility list does not exist, no new eligibility list will be created until an existing reinstatement list is exhausted or it expires.
- **Section 5.** Supervisors shall make a reasonable effort to adjust work schedules as needed for officers who are required to attend military training.
- **Section 6.** Officers who are eligible for military leave pursuant to TLGC Section 143.072 shall be allowed to use up to 150-hours per calendar year.

ARTICLE 17 NON-DISCRIMINATION

Section 1. Discrimination Prohibited.

Neither the Association nor the City shall engage in discrimination against any employee because of the employee's membership or non-membership in the Association.

Neither the Association nor the City shall engage in discrimination against any employee because of the employee's race, color, national origin, religion or creed, age, sex or gender, sexual orientation, military status or veterans' status, or disability or handicap. An employee who

believes that they have been discriminated against because of the employee's race, color, national origin, religion or creed, age, sex or gender, sexual orientation, military status or veterans' status, or disability or handicap retains all rights afforded to them under state and federal laws; however, neither the employee nor the Association can initiate a grievance under the Dispute Resolution in Article 8 concerning such allegations.

Section 2. Non-interference With Protected Rights.

Neither the Association nor the City shall cause or attempt to cause an Officer to interfere with, restrain, or coerce an employee from exercising their right to join or support the Association or other organization or to refrain from joining or supporting the Association or other organization. Likewise, neither the Association nor the City shall cause or attempt to cause an Officer to interfere with, restrain, or coerce an employee's right to engage in lawful Association activities or to refrain from engaging in lawful Association activities. Protected rights include reporting suspected contract violations to the Association through the grievance procedure set out in Article 8 of this Agreement. In any proceeding in which it is alleged that the City interfered with an Officer's Association rights, the Association will have the burden to prove that the interference occurred and resulted in some tangible adverse action against the Officer or Association. Nothing in this Article affects the authority of the Department to impose discipline on an Officer for violation of a civil service rule. An allegation of interference with an Officer's Association rights, whether proven or not, will not negate or affect any disciplinary action imposed or proposed against an Officer.

Section 3. Association Duty of Fair Representation.

The Association recognizes its responsibility as the sole and exclusive bargaining agent under the applicable provisions of the TLGC and this Agreement and agrees to represent all Officers in a non-arbitrary and non-capricious manner, regardless of their membership or non-membership in the Association or other organization.

Section 4. City Non-Interference.

The City shall not dominate, interfere, or assist in the formation, existence or administration of any employee organization which is qualified to be a collective bargaining agent for Officers; or contribute financial support to any such employee organization.

ARTICLE 18 MAINTENANCE OF STANDARDS

Section 1. Excluded Items.

Save and except for motorcycle pay, take home cars, auto allowance, mileage reimbursement, military leave pay supplement, retirement benefits, and vacation leave which is

provided herein, existing special pay amounts and leave allowances as set forth in written City or Department policy as of the effective date of this Agreement, shall remain unchanged for the duration of this Agreement.

Section 2. Effect of Pay or Benefits Anomalies.

Any mistake, overpayment, underpayment, or improper payment regarding pay or benefits provided to an Officer will not be interpreted as changing that Officer's base salary. In addition, special pay amounts listed herein, or maintained under Section 143.041(b) is expressly preempted in that regard. This Section applies even if an overpayment of pay or benefits to an Officer is not recouped by the City from the Officer.

If the City determines that, because of an overpayment, or other reason related to the Officer's job duties, an Officer owes the City a sum of money (not including money owed to the City for other reasons, for example, utility services, or traffic citations), the City will, with the Officer's consent, consult with the Association and/or Officer, in an effort to reach an agreement regarding the mount owed, the period of time within which it will be repaid, and the method of repayment.

Section 3. Past Practices.

The City reserves the right to make or change any act or decision that is reserved to the City in Article 5 of this Agreement, entitled "Management Rights," and the exercise of that right cannot be limited by any written or unwritten past practice or policy. The City's exercise of such right will not be contrary to this Agreement or the City's Personnel Rules and Regulations ("PRRs"), as such PRRs are applicable to members of this bargaining unit. The parties understand that the City is in the process of revising the PRRs, and that some revisions may affect members of this bargaining unit. The City will provide to the Association 30 days' advance notice prior to implementing these revised PRRs. Thereafter, the City will provide to the Association two weeks advance notice of any subsequent changes to the PRRs. Special Pays currently in effect shall continue to be calculated and payable in accordance with the existing PRR's, however, the exercise of Management Rights may affect or change the specific employees selected, or the number and frequency of employees entitled to pay under the PRR's, as a result of the reserved powers and prerogatives in Article 5. To the extent of a conflict between this Agreement and the PRRs, this Agreement controls. Any topic that is not covered in this Agreement, but is covered by City ordinance, state or federal law, or by the PRRs, will be controlled by the applicable law or the PRRs.

Section 4. Pension Changes.

A. Nothing in this Article shall be interpreted to abrogate or supersede the provisions of Chapter. 2.5, Art. I, Section 2.5-1, et seq., of the City of Fort Worth Code (the Retirement Ordinance), or Article 6243i of the Texas Revised Civil Statutes ("Article 6243i"), but this Article does contractually require the City to provide certain advance notice to the Association, as specifically provided for herein.

- B. The City acknowledges that there were substantial changes made to the pension plan and employees would like reassurances that no further changes will be made prior to calendar year 2022. The City fully intends to see the impacts of the FY22 risk sharing mechanism before considering further pension changes.
- C. The City recognizes that due to the timing required to convene and receive input from all employee groups and to have the data to analyze the impacts of the FY22 risk sharing mechanism, additional pension changes are not expected to be made prior to the beginning of fiscal year 2022-2023. The City retains the right to engage in processes to consider and make pension changes, if necessary to protect the fund or its financial solvency.
- B. D. If the City decides that further changes need to be made, the City will provide 180 days' notice to the Association prior to taking any action that would reduce pension benefits for Officers and during that 180 days, the City Manager will solicit input from affected employee groups regarding such proposed changes.
- C. E. In this article, the City has not bargained over pension benefits and has not included pension benefits as a bargaining item by including this language in the M&C Agreement. Sections 1 and 2 of this Article will not apply to Officer pension benefits and related contributions. Any dispute between the City and the Association, or any Officer, will be brought and resolved through judicial action in a court of competent jurisdiction, and not under the grievance provisions in this Agreement.

ARTICLE 19 HOLIDAYS

Section 1. Holidays Identified.

As of the effective date of this Agreement, the City recognizes and provides paid time off for the following 9 % holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King Day, Memorial Day, June 19 (Juneteenth Day), Independence Day (4th of July), Labor/9-11 Remembrance Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Day after Thanksgiving, and Christmas Day. If the City adds an additional permanent holiday for all City employees during the term of this Agreement, the holiday will be added to the list of recognized holidays above. For the members of this bargaining unit, these holidays will be observed as follows: (1) New Year's Day, Independence Day (4th of July), Thanksgiving Day, the Day after Thanksgiving, and Christmas Day will be observed on the actual calendar date of the holiday; (2) Martin Luther King Day, Memorial Day, and Labor/9-11 Remembrance Day will be observed on the City-designated holiday. Holiday Pay or Holiday Leave accrual for a holiday is limited to 8 hours of the 24-hour day on which the holiday occurs.

Section 2. Holiday Accrual and Pay Upon Separation.



Officers may accrue up to 128 hours of Holiday Leave. Maximum payment upon separation will be limited to 128 hours Holiday accrual. Unused Personal Holiday time will not be paid upon separation.

Section 3. Personal Holidays and Pay Upon Separation.

In addition to these paid holidays, Officers who have completed their initial probationary period are given one (1) two (2) Personal Holiday at the beginning of the payroll year that must be used prior to the end of the payroll year, or the Personal Holiday is forfeited. Personal Holiday time can be taken on any day of the year that the Officer is scheduled to work, with supervisory approval. Unused Personal Holiday time will not be paid upon separation.

Section 4. Holiday Premium Pay and Eligibility for Overtime.

Holiday Premium Pay will be paid as follows: (a) If an Officer works on a holiday and the hours the Officer works during that week do not result in the Officer being eligible for overtime, the hours worked by the Officer on the holiday will be paid at 1 1/2 times the Officer's step rate of pay; (b) If an Officer works on a holiday and the hours the Officer works during that week do result in the Officer being eligible for overtime, the hours worked by the Officer on the holiday will be paid at 1 1/2 times the Officer's regular rate of pay. Hours worked by an Officer on a Holiday, for which the Officer receives Holiday Premium Pay, will be coded as non-productive time to allow for the overtime credit under 29 CFR §778.200(b)(2) to be automatically applied not count as hours worked for the purpose of calculating eligibility for overtime during the work week that includes the holiday.

Section 5. Holiday Pay and Holiday Leave.

A. Officers who are not scheduled to work on a holiday.

Officers who are not scheduled to work on a day that is a holiday, as set out in Section 1, above, and who do not work on that holiday will receive 8 hours of Holiday Leave, to be used at a later date. In addition to Holiday Premium Pay, Officers who are not scheduled to work on a day that is a holiday, as set out in Section 1, but who do work on that holiday will be allowed to choose to receive Holiday Pay, at their regular step rate of pay, or accrue Holiday Leave, for use at a later date, in an amount of hours equal to the number of hours they worked on the holiday, up to a maximum of 8 hours. If such Officer works fewer than 8 hours on the holiday, they also will accrue Holiday Leave, to be used at a later date, in an amount of hours equal to the difference between 8 hours and the number of hours they worked on the holiday.

B. Officers who are scheduled to work on a holiday.

Officers who are scheduled to work on a day that is a holiday, as set out in Section 1, and who do not work on that holiday will receive 8 hours of Holiday Pay, at their regular step rate of pay. For officers who are scheduled to work on a day that is a holiday, as set out in Section 1, and

who do not work on that holiday shall receive 10 hours of Holiday Pay, at their regular step rate of pay if the officers are assigned to work a 10 hour work day. This provision will take effect on the earliest pay period possible but no later than Thanksgiving Day 2017.

In addition to Holiday Premium Pay, Officers who are scheduled to work on a day that is a holiday, as set out in Section 1, and who do work on that holiday will be allowed to choose to receive Holiday Pay, at their regular step rate of pay, or accrue Holiday Leave, for use at a later date, in an amount of hours equal to the number of hours they worked on the holiday, up to a maximum of 8 hours. If such Officer works less than 8 hours on the holiday, they also will receive Holiday Pay, at their regular step rate of pay, in an amount of hours equal to the difference between 8 hours and the number of hours they worked on the holiday.

C. Daybreaker.

If due to a daybreaker schedule, an Officer is scheduled to work less than an entire shift (e.g., the Officer's workweek begins at 10:00 pm on the holiday), in addition to receiving Holiday Premium Pay, the Officer will be allowed to choose to receive Holiday Pay at their regular step rate of pay, or accrue Holiday Leave for use at a later date, for the number of hours worked. The Officer will accrue as Holiday Leave the difference between 8 hours and hours worked.

- D. Hours paid as Holiday Pay will count as hours worked for the purpose of calculating eligibility for overtime during that week. Hours accrued by the Officer as Holiday Leave will count as hours worked for the purpose of calculating eligibility for overtime, in the week that the leave is taken.
- E. Officers who are on paid occupational injury leave, city-compensated military leave, or jury duty will accrue a holiday (8 hours). Officers may not use any other paid leave on the holiday to accrue the holiday. Any leave scheduled on a holiday will not be deducted from an Officer's leave balance, and the Officer will receive holiday pay instead of using leave time.

Section 6. Scheduling of Non-Essential Personnel On Holidays.

Nothing in this Article will prevent the Chief or designee, from implementing requirements for non-essential personnel regarding scheduling Officers to work on, or observe, actual or City-designated holidays, and the resulting mandatory use of accrued holiday, or other, leave on such holidays. For example, the Chief can implement a policy that requires all Officers who were not scheduled to work, and did not work, on Christmas Day, when it falls on a Sunday, to use the accrued leave from that holiday on December 26th, the City-designated Christmas holiday.

Section 7. Definitions.

"Holiday Leave" means up to 8 (or up to 10) hours of leave, as set out in this Article, depending upon an Officer's Officers' schedule. This provision will take offect on the first pay period possible but not later than Thanksgiving Day 2017.

"Holiday Pay" means up to 8 hours of compensation paid to an Officer at the Officer's step rate of pay relating to a holiday.

"Holiday Premium Pay" means compensation paid to an Officer for work performed on a holiday, paid at the rate of either: (a) 1 1/2 times the Officer's step rate of pay if the Officer works on a holiday and the hours the Officer works during that week do not result in the Officer being eligible for overtime; or (b) 1 1/2 times the Officer's regular rate of pay, if an Officer works on a holiday and the hours the Officer works during that week do result in the Officer being eligible for overtime.

Section 8. Examples.

A number of examples are provided in Appendix D to demonstrate how time will be paid during a holiday week. The parties agree that these examples correctly state the application of the provisions of this Article.

Section 9. Preemption.

This Article preempts TLGC Section 142.0013(d).

ARTICLE 20 SHIFT DIFFERENTIAL

- **Section 1.** Shift differential will be paid for time worked between the hours of 6:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. Shift differential will be paid for only the time worked between these nours regardless of an Officer's assigned shift. Shift Differential will be paid at an additional rate of 6% of base step pay.
- **Section 2.** Shift differential will be paid on the actual hour(s) worked in the shift differential time period during the workweek when compensatory time is earned. Shift differential will be included in the calculation of regular rate of pay.
- **Section 3.** Shift differential will not be paid for any leave time used, including holiday leave, personal holiday and compensatory time used. Shift differential is also not paid for working eligible hours on Grant Details (as distinguished from full-time grant-funded positions), Emergency Call Back, Court Time, DA Time, non-emergency call back time, of the ½ time premium component of Holiday Premium Pay.
- **Section 4.** The City agrees to pay Officers assigned to the following currently existing assignments or task forces, shift differential, as set out in the first paragraph of this Article,

for hours worked by these Officers between 6:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m.:

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a.) DEA OCDETF
b.) FBI Joint Terrorism Task Force
c.) FBI Violent Gang Task Force
d.) IRS - Financial Crimes Task Force
e.) ATF Task Force (DOJ MOU)
f.) HIDTA 2 Task Force
g.) Tarrant County Auto Theft Task Force
h.) U.S. Marshal Task Force
i.) Anti-Human Trafficking Task Force (for full-time positions)
      ATF
      Dallas Violent Crimes
      Financial Crimes
      North Texas Joint Terrorism
      North Texas Child Exploitation and Human Trafficking
f. Tarrant Regional Auto Crimes
g. U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement Homeland Security Investigations
h. USMS Northern District of Texas
i. USSS Cyber Fraud Task Force
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Section 5. Shift differential will not be earned or payable for hours worked by Officers between 6:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. in the following currently-existing assignments or task forces, and the parties agree that these assignments or task forces will be considered to be "grant details" as that term is used in this Article:

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a.) Texas State Tobacco
b.) TxDOT STEP Commercial Motor Vehicles (CMV) c.)

TxDOT STEP Comprehensive (COMP)
d.) Project Safe
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Neighborhoods e.) Federal

Motor Carrier

f.) TXDOT Click it or ticket

g.) TxDOT Impaired Driver Mobilization

h.) Anti-Human Trafficking Team (for non-full-time positions)

- a. BIA DNA CEBR Program Formula
- b. BIA JAG Program Formula
- c. Project Safe Neighborhood
- d. COPS Hiring Program
- e. First Responder Mental Health
- f. Internet Crimes Against Children Grant
- g. TXDOT STEP Commercial Motor Vehicles (CMV)c.) TXDOT STEP Comprehensive (COMP)
- h. Victims of Crime Act Grant
- i. Victim Coordinator and Liaison Grant
- j. TXDOT Operation Slowdown
- k. State-BIA JAG Program

The parties agree that for grants, task forces, assignments, or other situations, Section 6. not specifically identified in this Article, including new grants, task forces, assignments, or other situations that arise during the time this Agreement is in effect, wherein an agency other than the City of Fort Worth agrees to provide some level of financial support, or specified personnel, in furtherance of a stated goal, the police department will endeavor to negotiate the terms of those grants, task forces, or other arrangements to include shift differential in the amounts that will be paid or reimbursed to the City for hours Officers work between 6:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. The City will pay shift differential, under the terms set out in this Article, to Officers working in those circumstances in which, by the terms of the document that governs the arrangement between the City and the other agency, the City is paid or reimbursed for shift differential as part of that arrangement with the other agency. The City will never be required to pay shift differential for any hours worked other than between 6:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. Those Officers who work in assignments for which the arrangement between the City and the relevant agency does not include payment or reimbursement to the City for shift differential will be considered to be working a "grant detail" as that term is used in this Article 20, and will not earn or be paid shift differential for any hours worked as part of that assignment.

Section 7. K-9 Officers will be paid shift differential as provided herein, and for all hours scheduled for animal care outside of their regular work hours and on their regular days off or



on days when they use leave.

Section 8. This Article will control over any inconsistent or contrary provision in Texas Local Government Code Section 143.047 or any conflicting city ordinances, policies or practices.

ARTICLE 21 CIVILIANIZATION OF CERTAIN SWORN OFFICER POSITIONS

Section 1. General.

Notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement to the contrary (if any), and without altering any other provision of this Agreement, the City is authorized to civilianize positions, as set out in this Article, and any civilianization action in those areas heretofore taken by the City is hereby ratified and approved by the Association.

It is understood and agreed, however, that no civilian position will supervise or command sworn civil service personnel in the areas allowed by this Agreement, or any areas in which civilian positions are created in the future.

It is understood and agreed that use of non-sworn personnel in the areas and positions allowed under this Article will not result in a reduction of the number of Officers employed by the City.

Section 2. Civilian personnel assigned as Crime Scene Specialists.

Non-sworn employees meeting the following Minimum Qualifications <u>as set forth in Section 5</u> below can be assigned as crime Scene Specialists.

A. Graduation from an accredited four-year college or university with major course work in Criminal Justice, Science, or a field related to the job, plus (2) years' experience in crime scene investigation, in a crime laboratory, or in law enforcement.

B. Any combination of experience that would likely provide the required knowledge in Section 2A can be considered in meeting the minimum qualifications.

Section 3. Jail Staffing.

The parties agree that the City's current or prior practice of using non-sworn employees to perform duties at the jail, or other detention facility, complies with the applicable standards under TLGC Chapter 143, and that same practice may continue at any jail or other detention facility operated or staffed, in whole or part, by the City.

Section 4. Other Civilian Personnel.

Non-sworn personnel meeting the Minimum Qualifications set by the Chief <u>in Section 5</u> <u>below</u> can be assigned to positions in the Digital Forensics Lab, or to positions involving responding to Public Information Act requests and subpoenas.

During the term of this Agreement either party may in writing request to meet and confer about adding to or amending the positions approved in this Article for civilian employees. If the parties reach an agreement on amending this Article, the agreement is effective only if the members of the bargaining unit ratify and the City Council approves the agreement.

Section 5. Minimum Qualifications for Civilian Personnel Performing Certain Functions.

Non-sworn employees must meet the Minimum Qualifications for each civilianized position pursuant to this Article in the department in accordance with the qualifications outlined by specific job classification.

- A. Civilian job classifications shall be developed in consultation with CFW HR and PD HR to ensure all appropriate industry standards are met and to ensure competitive pay and benefits. Positions may include multiple steps or classifications to meet the needs of the department.
- B. The Chief of Police or designee will approve all job qualifications and job descriptions prior to the positions being posted. These qualifications may include education requirements, job experience or combinations thereof, and in cooperation with HR, will be appropriate to the job duties of the position.

Persons holding civilian positions created pursuant to the Article will not be considered to be covered by civil service and are not covered by this Meet and Confer Agreement.

Section 6. 5. Preemption.

It is expressly understood and agreed that all provisions of this Article shall preempt any statute, Executive Order, local ordinance, City policy or rule, which is in conflict with or is inconsistent with this Article and the procedures developed hereunder, including for example and not by way of limitation, any contrary provisions of TLGC Chapters 141, 142, and 143, including but not limited to Chapter 143, Subchapters A, B, C and I as amended.

ARTICLE 22 TUITION REIMBURSEMENT

The City shall fund and sworn Department employees shall be eligible to participate in the City's Tuition Reimbursement or Education Reimbursement program during the term of this

Agreement. The City's Human Resources Department shall determine eligibility and administer and oversee the program subject to the terms and conditions set out in the City's Personnel Rules and Regulations, with the exception of the funding limitations noted in the Statement of Purpose.

The Education Reimbursement Policy from the City's Personnel Rules and Regulations is set out in Appendix E.

ARTICLE 23 REOPENER PROVISIONS FOR HEALTHCARE AND PENSION BENEFITS

Section 1. Employee or Retiree Health Care.

In the event that the City negotiates future provisions for health care or retiree health care with the Fort Worth Professional Firefighter's Association (not including provisions relating to any VEBA trust) which are different than those set forth herein, the Association shall be entitled to reopen Meet and Confer discussions with the City regarding any such asserted differences. The parties agree that those discussions may result in changes, postponement or reduction in some benefits in order to provide similar health care or retiree health care benefits. If Meet and Confer discussions are reopened, they will be limited to such differences in health care or retiree health care that the Association identifies, in writing, 30 days before the beginning of the reopened discussions. Such reopened Meet and Confer discussions must be completed within 60 days after the face-to-face discussions begin, unless the Association and the City agree, in writing, to extend the discussions. Any agreement between the Association and the City that results from the reopened Meet and Confer discussions will not be effective unless and until it is approved by the City and the Association, pursuant to the requirements of Article 25 of this Agreement, either as an amendment to this Agreement or a separate Memorandum of Understanding.

Section 2. Pension Benefits.

In the event that the City negotiates future provisions for pension benefits with the Fort Worth Professional Firefighter's Association which are different than what are applicable to Officers, as set out in Ordinance No. 20471-10-2012, adopted by the Fort Worth City Council on October 23, 2012, the Association shall be entitled to reopen Meet and Confer discussions with the City regarding any such asserted differences. The parties agree that those discussions may result in changes, postponement or reduction in some benefits in order to provide similar pension benefits. If Meet and Confer discussions are reopened, they will be limited to the differences in pension benefits that the Association identifies, in writing, 30 days before the beginning of the reopened discussions. Such reopened Meet and Confer discussions must be completed within 60 days after the face-to-face discussions begin, unless the Association and the City agree, in writing, to extend the discussions. Any agreement between the Association and the City that results

from the reopened Meet and Confer discussions will not be effective unless and until it is approved by the City and the Association, pursuant to the requirements of Article 25 of this Agreement, either as an amendment to this Agreement or a separate Memorandum of Understanding.

ARTICLE 24 OFF-DUTY EMPLOYMENT AT CITY-OWNED FACILITIES

The parties understand that 29 U.S.C. § 207(p)(1), known as the "special detail exemption" is part of the Fair Labor Standards Act, and provides that Officers of public agencies, such as the City, may, at their own option, perform off-duty employment for an employer who is independent and separate from the City, and the City will not be required to count those hours worked in calculating overtime, even if the City facilitates the scheduling of this work or determines the compensation that a third party will pay for the Officers' off-duty work. The Association agrees that the City's procedures regarding facilitating and scheduling Officers for off-duty work for employers who are independent and separate from the City, including work at facilities owned by the City, comply with the special detail exemption.

The parties agree that Officers participating in off-duty employment opportunities facilitated through the City, even at facilities owned by the City, are working off-duty for the third party who contracted for their services, including lessees of City facilities, and are not working for the City. This includes any work performed for third parties in facilities owned by the City, for which the third party is responsible for paying the compensation for the Officers' work. The parties further agree that the hours worked in such off-duty employment will not count as hours worked for the purposes of calculating overtime, or accruing comp time, will not be subject to shift differential, or any type of special or premium pay, and will not be pensionable earnings, even if the City's agreement with the third party requires the third party to pay the compensation owed to the Officers to the City and the City is required to forward that compensation to the Officers. The Chief shall adopt a written policy to provide for the scheduling of Officers for off-duty employment on a reasonable and equitable basis.

ARTICLE 25 COMPLETE AGREEMENT

Section 1. The Parties agree that each has had the full and unrestricted right and opportunity to make, advance, and discuss all matters properly within the province of bargaining for a Meet and Confer agreement. This Agreement constitutes the full and complete Agreement of the Parties and there are no others, oral or written, except as herein contained. No alteration, amendment or variation of this Agreement's terms shall bind the Parties unless made, executed and voted on by the Parties as required by Subchapter I of Chapter 143 of the TLGC. A failure of the City or Officer to insist in any one or more instances upon performance of any terms or condition of this Agreement shall not be considered as a waiver or relinquishment of the right of the City or the Association to future performance of any such

term or condition, and the obligations of the City and the Association to such future performance shall continue in full force and effect.

Section 2. The parties may accomplish a clarification or interpretation of any provisions in this Agreement by a Memorandum of Understanding approved by the Association's Executive Board, and the City Manager, or Assistant City Manager, and signed by the parties' authorized representatives.

Section 3. Either party may propose an amendment to this Agreement at any time during the duration of the Agreement, and both parties agree to meet and confer on the proposed amendment. The Agreement may be amended by mutual agreement of the parties via either reopening the Agreement or via an attached Memorandum of Understanding, after member ratification and City Council approval.

Section 4. 3. In the event that any provision in this Agreement conflicts or is inconsistent with any provision of Chapter 141, 142 or 143, TLGC, or any other civil service provision or rule or statute as amended from time to time, ordinance, General Orders or Personnel Rules and Regulations setting standards or rights for Department employees, this Agreement shall prevail, notwithstanding any such provision of Chapter 141, 142 or 143, TLGC or any other state statute

ARTICLE 26 SAVINGS CLAUSE

Should any provision of this Agreement be found to be inoperative, void or invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, all other provisions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect for the duration of this Agreement, it being the intention of the Parties that no portion of this Agreement or provision herein shall become inoperative or fail by reason of the invalidity of any other portion or provision.

ARTICLE 27 DURATION AND TERMINATION

Section 1. As of the effective date of this Agreement, all pay increases, leave, or changes in benefits, shall be implemented in accordance with the respective timelines outlined herein. This Agreement shall remain in effect from October 1, 2024 2020 until the 30th day of September, 2028 2024, or until such time as it is superseded by a new agreement between the Parties, whichever occurs later provided however, that in no event shall this Agreement continue in effect after September 30, 2029 2025.

Section 2. The City presently intends to continue this Agreement each fiscal year through its term, to pay all payments due, and to fully and promptly perform all of the obligations of the City under this Agreement. All obligations of the City shall be paid only out of current

revenues or any other funds lawfully available therefore and appropriated for such purpose by the City Council, in compliance with the Texas Constitution, Article Xt, Sections 5 and 7. In the event that the City cannot meet its funding obligations, as provided in the State Constitution, this entire Agreement becomes null and void.

Section 3. Voter Disapproval of the Crime Control Prevention District.

- A. In the event that the election to extend and continue the Crime Control Prevention District does not result in its extension, the City shall have the authority to postpone the implementation of any pay increase, step increase, or step pay change set forth in this Agreement upon the effective date and thereafter, for a period of 12 months from the date of the canvass of the election results; provided, however, that after postponement, such increase shall nevertheless take place beginning the 12th month after the date initially provided for, and shall continue in effect during any remaining evergreen period, as provided in Section 1.
- B. In the event of action by the City Council under the prior paragraph, the Parties shall convene for the purpose of negotiating contract changes in the context of lost funding, but all obligations of the Agreement shall otherwise continue, subject to the postponement of any increases or changes noted above, unless agreed amendments are approved by both Parties. Any pay increases, step increases or step pay changes postponed herein shall be paid the first pay period following the 12th month from the date of the canvass of the election results unless modified by amendment of this Agreement by the Parties.
- C. This Agreement does not impair the authority of the City Council to determine the number of authorized positions in the Department, or to change the classification of positions.

Section 4. Alternatives During the COVID 19 Economic Recovery.

The City and Association have agreed to alternatives during the economic recovery in regards to the across-the-board wage increases as scheduled in Article 10. The Parties have agreed to base the below alternatives off of CCPD sales tax collections, using the last year as the base year. Further, the Parties have agreed to tie the alternatives to the collection of the three last months of the fiscal year so that there is as much time as possible to provide for the greatest amount of economic recovery. See the worksheet in Appendix G for the actual collection for the months of July, August and September 2019.

The Parties agree on three alternatives that are based on revenues coming in at:

- between 0% and 5% less than was collected;
- 2. between 5% and 10% less than collected, and;

more than 10% less than collected.

The City estimates that overall CCPD collections will be reduced by a total of 15% for the year on budgeted revenues that were 4% higher that 2019. The largest decreases that led to that overall drop were tied to the months of March, April and May. The City agrees to limit the review to only the last three months so the City can better gauge the recovery taking place. By using the 2019 actual collections, the City will have factual numbers to go off of so that the City is not using estimates. In essence, the percentages in numbers 1, 2 and 3 above can be increased by 5% when comparing to the actual budgeted projected revenues.

The Parties agree to have the three alternatives as outlined in Appendix _ to show what the 4-years of ATB would be based on the actual CCPD revenues collected for the months of July, August and September 2020. The Parties agree that the actual revenues are not known until late November 2020 when received from the State. Consequently, the ATBs would not occur until first full pay period after December 1, 2020. The alternatives are as follows:

- A. Alternate A is the ATB as currently negotiated with 4% in the first year then lower as outlined in the charts developed by HR. The scenario that will call for implementation of Alternative A is if CCPD sales tax collected for the final three months of the fiscal year, July September 2020, comes in at an amount that is between 0% and 5% less than the 2019 actual CCPD sales tax collected for July September 2019.
- **B.** Alternate B is an ATB that would drop the 4% in the first year to 2% and altering years 2 through 4, increased to catch up the reduction of the 2% in the first year. The scenario that will call for implementation of Alternative B is if CCPD sales tax collected for the final three months of the fiscal year, July September 2020, comes in at an amount that is between 5% and 10% less than the 2019 actual sales tax collected for July September 2019.
- C. Alternate C is an ATB that would drop the 4% in the first year to 0% and altering years 2 through 4, increased to catch up the reduction of the 4% in the first year. The scenario that will call for implementation of Alternative C is if CCPD sales tax collected for the final three months of the fiscal year, July September 2020, comes in at an amount that is more than 10% less than the 2019 actual CCPD sales tax collected for July September 2019.

ARTICLE 28 SPECIAL SICK LEAVE PROVISIONS

Section 1. Payment of Sick Leave on Separation.

a) Separation pay for accrued sick leave above the state-mandated 720 hours will be paid only to Officers with at least five (5) years of actual service who separate in good standing. An Officer shall not be considered to have separated in good standing if he/she is indefinitely suspended or leaves the Department in lieu of termination.

- b) The maximum accrued sick leave payable will be increased by 280 hours to 1000 hours, effective on October 1, 2020.
- c) If, during the period of this agreement the Association and the City mutually agree to develop a different leave benefit system, then both parties may reopen negotiations on this Article exclusively.

Section 2. Preemption.

Officers shall be entitled to Special Sick Leave as provided in this Article and as provided and defined by City of Fort Worth and FWPD policy and procedure as of October 1, 2020. In accordance with the provision in TLGC Section 143.045, Accumulation and Payment of Sick Leave, the Parties expressly agree that this Article shall preempt and supersede any inconsistent provisions of TLGC Section 143.045, and inconsistent policies and procedures of the City of Fort Worth and the Fort Worth Police Department. Such entitlements as provided for in this Article shall not be changed or amended during the term of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 29 NOTICE

Except as otherwise provided herein, any notice, demand, request or other communication hereunder given or made by either Party to the other shall be in writing and shall be deemed to be delivered whether actually received or not, when deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the Parties hereto at the respective addresses set out below, or at such other address as they may provide by written notice to the other Party.

A. If to City:

City Manager City of Fort Worth 200 Texas Street Fort Worth, TX 76102

B. If to

Association:

President

Fort Worth Police Officers' Association 100 North Forest Park Blvd, Suite 200

Fort Worth, Texas 76102

WITNESS WHEREOF, THE PARTIES HAVE CAUSED THIS AGREEMENT TO BE SIGNED BY THEIR DULY AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES ON THE DATES INDICATED BELOW.

CITY OF FORT WORTH

David Cooke City Manager	Date	Mattie Parker, Mayor.	Date
William Johnson, Assistant City M	anager. Date		
Approved as to Form and Legality	:	Attested by:	
Christopher A. Troutt. Sr. Asst. City Attorney	Date	Mary Kayser City Secretary	Date
FORT WORTI	H POLICE OFFI	CERS ASSOCIATION	
Lloyd Cook, President	 Date		

Fort Worth Police Officers Association

INSERT

Α	Ρ	P	F	N	D	IX	Δ

APPENDIX B

APPENDIX C

APPENDIX D

APPENDIX E

APPENDIX F

APPENDIX A VOLUNTARY PAYROLL DEDUCTION - CITY OF FORT WORTH

The City of Fort Worth offers voluntary payroll benefits deductions to assist employees in the payments of various organizations on a bi-weekly basis. Payroll deductions are available for legally mandated deductions and deductions associated with City-sponsored programs including the below organizations. Deduction amounts may increase based on changes implemented by the service provider, without requiring an additional form to be completed. For more information on Payroll deductions, please view the Personnel Rules and Regulations: Appendix 9 – Payroll Deductions.

	thorize the City of Fort Worthto □ begin □ following Payroll Deduction(s):	ntinue	□ change	
Em	ployee Name:		Employee ID #:	
	LAST Name FIRST Name Middle Ini	ial		6-digit Employee ID#
Em	ployee Signature:		Date:	
	Must have an original employee signature (no faxes, scanned docum	ents, e	etc.) to process Payroll E	Peduction Request.
	Deduction Name		Bi-Weekly \$ Amount	Deduction Code
	Association of City Employees (ACE)			ASNCEE
J	Black Fire Fighter's Association			BFFASC
J	Fort Worth Black Law Enforcement Officers Association			BLPOA
_	CLEAT (Combined Law Enforcement Assoc of Texas)* (see note below)			CLEAT
J	Fireman's Group Relief			FRGRRF
_]				FRASCN
_]	Fort Worth Fire Fighter's Association To Be Completed By FWMAR Staff ON Fort Worth Marshals Association (FWMAR)**(note)	LY		FTODPL
	Tott Worth Marshals Association (TWMAR) (Note)	_		GECFW
<u></u>	General Employee Association (GECFW)			HLO
<u></u>	Hispanic Leadership Organization			LATPOA
<u> </u>	National Latino Law Enforcement Organization			METLIFE
J	Metropolitan Life (Stop Deduction Only)			
J	North Texas Association of Public Employees (USW-NTAPE)			NTXPEE
J	Office & Professional Employee International Union (OPEIU)			OPIEU
J	Police Benevolent Fund			POLBEN
7	Police Officers Association (POA)			POLASN
J	Texas Municipal Police Association*# (see notebelow)			TMPACN
J	United Negro College Fund			UNNGCL
J	United Way			UNDWAY
_ _		\dashv		YMCA
<u>_</u>	City of Fort Worth Parking Lot (TO BE COMPLETED BY TPWONLY) RATE: TAX: CIRCLE ONE: LOT GARAGE CONV. CNTR			PKGLOT/PKGHSN/ PKGGRG/PKGSTX /PKGCOM/ PWGWSH
Off	y Police Officer who was not a member of one or more of these association cers Association (POA) in order to select this deduction. ty of Fort Worth Marshals may select this deduction without joining the PO		of October 1, 2008, must	be a member of the Polic

**Marshals must contact Marshal's Association before signing up for Fort Worth Marshals Association.

To Be Completed by HR Records:	Date Received:	Date Input:	Input By:
2,			

APPENDIX B

VACATION LEAVE ACCRUALS CHART OFFICER

Employe e Group	Maximum Accrual Per Year (Hours)	Accrual Rate Per Pay Period (Hours)	Maximum Accumulation (Hours) 4X	Limits at the Beginning of each Payroll Year (Hours) 3X	Maximum Payment At Termination (Hours) 2X
Officer with 1 year of service (14.6)	117	4.50	468	351	240
Officer with 5 years of service (16.6)	133	5.12	532	399	272
Officer with 10 years of service (17.6)	141	5.42	564	423	288
Officer with 15 years of service (19.6)	157	6.04	628	471	320
Officer with 20 years of service (22.6)	181	6.96	724	543	368

APPENDIX C

FY 2025 Police Pay Plan

Key	Title	Base Pay Step 1 Base Pay	1st Year 2 Base+1	2nd Year 3 Base+2	3rd Year 4 Base+3	4th Year 5 Base+4	6th Year 6 Base+5	8th Year 7 Base+6	10th Year 8 Base+7	12th Year 9 Base+8	14th Year 10 Base+9
X03	Police Officer	36.57	38.40	40.32	42.33	43.65	44.74	45.86	47.00	48.28	50.78
		76,076	79,866	83,869	88,053	90,799	93,062	95,385	97,767	100,430	105,632
X04	Police Corporal				3rd Year	4th Year	6th Year	8th Year	10th Year	12th Year	14th Year
	3 Years				4	5	6	7	8	9	10
					Base Pay	Base +1	Base+2	Base+3	Base+4	Base+5	Base+6
					46.57	48.19	49.39	50.63	51.89	53.31	56.06
					96,858	100,239	102,740	105,301	107,922	110,890	116,604
X07	Police Sergeant						7th Year	8th Year	10th Year	12th Year	14th Year
	5 Years						6	7	8	9	10
							Base Pay	Base+1	Base+2	Base+3	Base+4
							54.46	55.82	57.21	58.78	61.77
							113,282	116,111	119,000	122,261	128,486
X08	Police Lieutenant								10th Year	12th Year	14th Year
	7 Years								8	9	10
									Base Pay	Base+1	Base+2
									63.04	64.77	68.10
									131,120	134,712	141,648
X09	Police Captain									13th Year	14th Year
	9 Years									9	10
										Base Pay	Base+1
										71.43	75.07
										148,584	156,145

NOTES

FY Effective First Pay Period after 10/1/2024: Step 1-4: 12%; Step 5-8: 10%; Eliminate FY 24 Step 9; New Step 9 (FY24 Step 10); New Step 10 (FY24 Step 11); 5%; Corporal Detective: new Step 4

 FY: Effective First Pay Period after 1/1/2026:
 Step 1-8: 3%; Step 9-10: 4%

 FY: Effective First Pay Period after 1/1/2027:
 Step 1-8: 3%; Step 9-10: 5%

 FY: Effective First Pay Period after 1/1/2028:
 Step 1-8: 3%; Step 9-10: 5%

Hourly Rates are shown rounded to the penny. Annual figures are based on the rounded hourly rates.

Source: HR Department PRINTED ON 9/3/2024

FY 2026 Police Pay Plan

Key	Title	Base Pay	1st Year	2nd Year	3rd Year	4th Year	6th Year	8th Year		12th Year	
		Step 1 Base Pay	2 Base+1	3 Base+2	4 Base+3	5 Base+4	6 Base+5	7 Base+6	8 Base+7	9 Base+8	10 Base+9
X03	Police Officer	37.67	39.55	41.53	43.60	44.96	46.08	47.23	48.41	50.21	52.82
		78,358	82,262	86,385	90,694	93,523	95,854	98,246	100,700	104,447	109,857
X04	Police Corporal				3rd Year	4th Year	6th Year	8th Year	10th Year	12th Year	14th Year
	3 Years				4	5	6	7	8	9	10
					Base Pay	Base +1	Base+2	Base+3	Base+4	Base+5	Base+6
					47.96	49.64	50.88	52.14	53.44	55.45	58.30
					99,764	103,246	105,822	108,460	111,160	115,326	121,268
X07	Police Sergeant						7th Year	8th Year	10th Year	12th Year	14th Year
	5 Years						6	7	8	9	10
							Base Pay	Base+1	Base+2	Base+3	Base+4
							56.10	57.50	58.93	61.13	64.24
							116,681	119,595	122,570	127,151	133,626
X08	Police Lieutenant								10th Year	12th Year	14th Year
	7 Years								8	9	10
									Base Pay	Base+1	Base+2
									64.93	67.36	70.82
									135,054	140,100	147,313
X09	Police Captain									13th Year	14th Year
	9 Years									9	10
										Base Pay	Base+1
										74.29	78.07
										154,527	162,391

NOTES

FY 2025: Effective First Pay Period after 10/1/2024: Step 1-4: 12%; Step 5-8: 10%; Eliminate FY 24 Step 9; New Step 9 (FY24 Step 10); New Step 10 (FY24 Step 11); 5%; Corporal Detective: new Step 4 FY2025: Effective First Pay Period after 1/1/2026: Step 1-8: 3%; Step 9-10: 5%
FY 2026: Effective First Pay Period after 1/1/2028: Step 1-8: 3%; Step 9-10: 5%

FY 2027 Police Pay Plan

Key	Title	Base Pay	1st Year	2nd Year	3rd Year	4th Year	6th Year	8th Year	10th Year		14th Year
		Step 1 Base Pay	2 Base+1	3 Base+2	4 Base+3	5 Base+4	6 Base+5	7 Base+6	8 Base+7	9 Base+8	10 Base+9
X03	Police Officer	38.80	40.74	42.78	44.91	46.31	47.47	48.65	49.87	52.73	55.46
		80,709	84,730	88,976	93,415	96,328	98,729	101,194	103,721	109,669	115,350
X04	Police Corporal				3rd Year	4th Year	6th Year	8th Year	10th Year	12th Year	14th Year
	3 Years				4	5	6	7	8	9	10
					Base Pay	Base +1	Base+2	Base+3	Base+4	Base+5	Base+6
					49.40	51.13	52.40	53.71	55.05	58.22	61.22
					102,757	106,343	108,997	111,714	114,494	121,092	127,332
X07	Police Sergeant						7th Year	8th Year	10th Year	12th Year	14th Year
	5 Years						6	7	8	9	10
							Base Pay	Base+1	Base+2	Base+3	Base+4
							57.78	59.22	60.70	64.19	67.46
							120,181	123,183	126,247	133,509	140,307
X08	Police Lieutenant								10th Year	12th Year	14th Year
	7 Years								8	9	10
									Base Pay	Base+1	Base+2
									66.88	70.72	74.36
									139,106	147,105	154,679
X09	Police Captain									13th Year	14th Year
	9 Years									9	10
										Base Pay	Base+1
										78.01	81.98
										162,253	170,510

NOTES

FY 2025: Effective First Pay Period after 10/1/2024: Step 1-4: 12%; Step 5-8: 10%; Eliminate FY 24 Step 9; New Step 9 (FY24 Step 10); New Step 10 (FY24 Step 11); 5%; Corporal Detective: new Step 4 FY 2026: Step 1-8: 3%; Step 9-10: 4%

FY 2027: Effective First Pay Period after 1/1/2027: Step 1-8: 3%; Step 9-10: 5%

FY 2028: Effective First Pay Period after 1/1/2028: Step 1-8: 3%; Step 9-10: 5%

FY 2028 Police Pay Plan

Key	Title	Base Pay	1st Year	2nd Year	3rd Year	4th Year	6th Year	8th Year	10th Year	12th Year	14th Year
		Step 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		Base Pay	Base+1	Base+2	Base+3	Base+4	Base+5	Base+6	Base+7	Base+8	Base+9
X03	Police Officer	39.97	41.96	44.06	46.26	47.70	48.89	50.11	51.36	55.36	58.23
		83,130	87,272	91,645	96,218	99,218	101,691	104,229	106,833	115,153	121,117
X04	Police Corporal				3rd Year	4th Year	6th Year	8th Year	10th Year	12th Year	14th Year
	3 Years				4	5	6	7	8	9	10
					D D	D	D 12	D 12	D	D 5	D 16
					Base Pay	Base +1	Base+2	Base+3	Base+4	Base+5	Base+6
					50.88	52.66	53.97	55.32	56.70	61.13	64.28
					105,840	109,534	112,267	115,066	117,929	127,147	133,698
X07	Police Sergeant						7th Year	8th Year	10th Year	12th Year	14th Year
							,				
	5 Years						6	7	8	9	10
							Base Pay	Base+1	Base+2	Base+3	Base+4
							59.51	61.00	62.52	67.40	70.83
								01.00		07.40	70.03
							123,787	126,878	130,035	140,184	147,322
X08	Police Lieutenant								10th Year	12th Year	14th Year
	7 Years								8	9	10
									Base Pay	Base+1	Base+2
									68.88	74.26	78.08
									143,279	154,460	162,413
									143,277	134,400	102,413
X09	Police Captain									13th Year	14th Year
	9 Years									9	10
										Base Pay	Base+1
										81.91	86.07
										170,366	179,036
P		•									

NOTES

FY 2025: Effective First Pay Period after 10/1/2024: Step 1-4: 12%; Step 5-8: 10%; Eliminate FY 24 Step 9; New Step 9 (FY24 Step 10); New Step 10 (FY24 Step 11); 5%; Corporal Detective: new Step 4 FY2025: Effective First Pay Period after 1/1/2026: Step 1-8: 3%; Step 9-10: 5%
FY 2028: Effective First Pay Period after 1/1/2028: Step 1-8: 3%; Step 9-10: 5%

Hourly Rates are shown rounded to the penny. Annual figures are based on the rounded hourly rates.

APPENDIX D Holiday Pay Examples

Productive time = time that is included in the total number of hours worked by an Officer in a work week, for the purpose of calculating an Officer's eligibility for overtime in a work week. Includes: Regular (REG), Holiday (HOL), Accrued Holiday Used (HLA), Personal Holiday Leave (PHL), Special Personal Holiday Leave (SPHL)

Non-Productive Time = Vacation (VAC), Sick (S), Holiday Accrued (HAE), Holiday Premium Pay (HOT)

Key:

- 1. **Bold Italics** = "Productive" hours
- 2. () = Hours worked converted for $1 \frac{1}{2}$ times
- 3. RDO = Regular Day Off
- 4. Payroll Week = Saturday Friday
- 5. Day Breaker = Shift that crosses two calendar days
- 6. Total including ½ time conversion = the total hours for which an Officer will be paid after being credited with ½ time premiums for overtime and holidays.
- 7. Holiday Premium Pay = Holiday Overtime on the pay stub

Note: An Officer who chooses to accrue a holiday (Holiday Accrual Earn) when they work will not receive "productive time" for those hours worked. They will receive productive time when they use the accrued hours (Holiday Accrual Used) at a later date.

SECTION 1 – Officers Who Are NOT Scheduled to Work on a Holiday

Example 1: Schedule 0600 - 1400 hours Tuesday – Saturday (8-hour shift in one calendar day)

Officer is not scheduled and does not work on the Holiday.

		Sa	Su	M – Holiday	T	W	Th	F	Total
Hours Worked			RDO	RDO	8	12	8	8	44
									Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings	8			8	12	8	4	40
	Holiday Premium (1 ½)								0
Paid	Holiday								0
	Overtime (1 ½)							4	6
								(6)	
	Sub-Total Paid	8	0	0	8	12	8	10	46
Accrued Holiday Accrual Earned				8					8
Total Compensation (Paid and		8	0	8	8	12	8	10	54
Accrued)									

Example 2: Schedule 0600 – 1400 hours Tuesday – Saturday (8-hour shift in one calendar day)

Officer is not scheduled to work but works a portion of a shift on the Holiday. In addition to Holiday Premium that is paid at 1 ½ times, the Officer chooses to be paid for the portion of the holiday worked and automatically accrues for the portion of the holiday not worked.

		Sa	Su	M – Holiday	T	W	Th	F	Total
Hours Wo	Hours Worked		RDO	RDO/4	8	8	8	8	44
									Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings	8			8	8	8	4	36
	Holiday Premium (1 ½)			4 (6)					6
Paid	Holiday			4					4
	Overtime (1 ½)							4	6
								(6)	
	Sub-Total Paid	8	0	10	8	8	8	10	52
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned			4					4

Total Compensation (Paid and	8	0	14	8	8	8	10	56
Accrued)								

Example 3: Schedule 0600 - 1400 hours Tuesday – Saturday (8-hour shift in one calendar day)

Officer is not scheduled to work but works a portion of a shift on the Holiday. In addition to Holiday Premium Pay that is paid at 1 ½ times, the Officer chooses to accrue a whole holiday.

		Sa	Su	M - Holiday	T	W	Th	F	Total
Hours Wo	orked	8	RDO	RDO/4	8	8	8	8	44
									Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings	8			8	8	8	8	40
	Holiday Premium (1 ½)			4 (6)					6
Paid	Holiday								0
	Overtime (1 ½)								0
	Sub-Total Paid	8		6	8	8	8	8	46
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned			8					8
Total Con Accrued)	npensation (Paid and	8		14	8	8	8	8	54

Example 4: Schedule 0600 – 1600 hours Tuesday – Friday (10-hour shift in one calendar day)

Officer is not scheduled and does not work on the Holiday.

		Sa	Su	M - Holiday	Т	W	Th	F	Total
Hours Wor	rked I	RDO	RDO	RDO	10	14	10	10	44
									Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings				10	14	10	6	40
Paid	Holiday Premium (1 ½)								0
1 ara	Holiday								0
	Overtime (1 ½)							4 (6)	6
	Sub-Total Paid	0	0	0	10	14	10	12	46
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned			8					8
Total Com accrued)	pensation (Paid and	0	0	8	10	14	10	12	54

Example 5: Schedule 0600 – 1600 hours Tuesday – Friday (10-hour shift in one calendar day)

Officer is not scheduled to work but works a portion of a shift on the Holiday. In addition to Holiday Premium Pay that is paid at 1 ½ times, the Officer chooses to be paid for the portion of the holiday worked.

		Sa	Su	M – Holiday	T	W	Th	F	Total
Hours Wo	orked	RDO	RDO	RDO/4	10	10	10	10	44
Tiours we	7 Ked	RDO	RDO	KDO/4	10	10	10	10	Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings				10	10	10	6	36
	Holiday Premium (1 ½)			4 (6)					6
Paid	Holiday			4					4
	Overtime (1 ½)							4 (6)	6
	Sub-Total Paid	0	0	10	10	10	10	12	52
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned			4					4
1	pensation (Paid and	0	0	14	10	10	10	12	56
Accrued)									

Example 6: Schedule 0600 – 1600 hours Tuesday – Friday (10-hour shift in one calendar day)

Officer is not scheduled to work but works a portion of a shift on the Holiday. In addition to Holiday Premium Pay that is paid at 1 ½ times, the Officer chooses to accrue the whole holiday

		Sa	Su	M – Holiday	T	W	Th	F	Total
Hours Wor	·ked] DO	RDO	RDO/4 10		10	10	10	44
									Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings				10	10	10	10	40
	Holiday Premium (1 ½)			4 (6)					6
Paid	Holiday								0
	Overtime (1 ½)								0
	Sub-Total Paid			6	10	10	10	10	46
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned			8					8
Total Com Accrued)	pensation (Paid and			14	10	10	10	10	54

Example 7: Schedule 2000 – 0600 hours Tuesday – Friday (10-hour Day Breaker shift) Officer is not scheduled and does not work on the Holiday.

		Sa	Su	M – Holiday	T	W	Th	F	Total
Hours Wo	Hours Worked		RDO	RDO	4	10	14	10	44
									Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings	6			4	10	14	6	40
	Holiday Premium (1 ½)								0
Paid	Holiday								0
	Overtime (1 ½)							4	6
								(6)	
	Sub-Total Paid	6	0	0	4	10	14	12	46
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned			8					8
Total Con Accrued)	npensation (Paid and	6	0	8	4	10	14	12	54

SECTION 2 – Officers Who ARE Scheduled to Work on a Holiday

Example 1: Schedule 0600 – 1400 hours Monday – Friday (8-hour shift in one calendar day)

Officer is scheduled to work and does work on a holiday. The Officer's total hours worked during the week, including the hours worked on the holiday, is 44 hours. In addition to Holiday Premium Pay that is paid at 1 ½ times, the Officer chooses to be paid Holiday Pay rather than accruing a holiday.

		M – Holiday	T	W	Th	F	Total
Hours Wo	orked	8	8	12	8	8	44
							Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings		8	12	8	4	32
	Holiday Premium (1 ½)	8 (12)					12
Paid	Holiday	8					8
	Overtime (1 ½)					4	6
						(6)	
	Sub-Total Paid	20	8	12	8	10	58
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned	0					0
Total Cor	npensation (Paid and	20	8	12	8	10	58
Accrued)	-						

Example 2: Schedule 0600 – 1400 Monday – Friday (8-hour shift in one calendar day) Officer is scheduled to work and does work a full shift on a holiday. In addition to Holiday Premium Pay that is paid at 1 ½ times, the Officer chooses to accrue the holiday rather than being paid for the holiday.

		M – Holiday	Т	W	Th	F	Total
Hours Wo	rked	8	8	12	8	8	44
							Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings		8	<i>12</i>	8	8	36
	Holiday Premium (1 ½)	8					12
Paid		(12)					
	Holiday	0					0
	Overtime (1 ½)						0
	Sub-Total Paid	12	8	12	8	8	48
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned	8					8
Total Con	npensation (Paid and	20	8	12	8	8	56
Accrued)							

Example 3: Schedule 0600 – 1400 Monday – Friday (8-hour shift in one calendar day) Officer is scheduled to work and observes the holiday.

		M – Holiday	T	W	Th	n F	Total
Hours Wo	orked	0	8	12	8	8	36
							Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings		8	12	8	4	32
	Holiday Premium (1 ½)	0					0
Paid	Holiday	8					8
	Overtime (1 ½)					4 (6)	6
	Sub-Total Paid	8	8	12	8	10	46
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned	0					0
Total Con	npensation (Paid and	8	8	12	8	10	46
Accrued)							

Example 4: Schedule 0600 – 1400 Monday – Friday (8-hour shift in one calendar day)
Officer is scheduled to work and does work a portion of the holiday. In addition to Holiday Premium Pay that is paid at 1 ½ times, the Officer chooses to be paid for the whole holiday.

		M - Holiday	T	W	Th	F	Total
Hours Worked		4	8	12	8	8	40
							Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings		8	12	8	4	32
	Holiday Premium (1 ½)	4 (6)					6
Paid	Holiday	8					8
	Overtime (1 ½)					4 (6)	6
	Sub-Total Paid	14	8	12	8	10	52
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned	0					0
Total Compensation (Paid and		14	8	12	8	10	52
Accrued)							

Example 5: Schedule 0600 – 1400 Monday – Friday (8-hour shift in one calendar day) Officer is scheduled to work and does work a portion of the holiday. In addition to Holiday Premium Pay that is paid at 1 ½ times, the Officer chooses to accrue time for the portion of the holiday worked and is automatically paid for the portion of the holiday that the Officer does not work.

		M - Holiday	T	W	Th	F	Total
Hours Worked		4	8	12	8	8	40
							Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings		8	12	8	8	36
	Holiday Premium (1 ½)	4 (6)					6
Paid	Holiday	4					4
	Overtime (1 ½)						0
	Sub-Total Paid	10	8	12	8	8	46
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned	4					4
Total Cor	npensation (Paid and	14	8	12	8	8	50
Accrued)							

Example 6: Schedule 1000 – 2000 Monday – Thursday (10-hour shift in one calendar day) Officer is scheduled to work and does work. In addition to Holiday Premium Pay that is paid at 1 ½ times, the Officer chooses to be paid for the holiday rather than accruing a holiday.

		M - Holiday	T	W	Th	Total
Hours Wo	rked	10	10	14	10	44
						Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings		10	14	8	32
	Holiday Premium (1 ½)	10 (15)				15
Paid	Holiday	8				8
	Overtime (1 ½)				2 (3)	3
	Sub-Total Paid	23	10	14	11	58
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned	0				0
Total Con	pensation (Paid and	23	10	14	11	58
Accrued)						

Example 7: Schedule 1000 – 20000 Monday – Thursday (10-hour shift in one calendar day) Officer is scheduled to work and chooses to observe the holiday.

		M - Holiday	T	W	Th	Total
Hours Worked		10	10	10	10	40
						Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings		10	10	10	30
	Holiday Premium (1 ½)					0
Paid	Holiday	10				10
	Overtime (1 ½)					
	Sub-Total Paid	10	10	10	10	40
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned	0				0
Total Compensation (Paid and		10	10	10	10	40
Accrued)						

Example 8: Schedule 2000-0600 Monday – Thursday (10-hour Day Breaker shift)

Officer is scheduled to start a work week at 2000 hours on a holiday and does work. In addition to Holiday Premium Pay that is paid at 1½ times, the Officer chooses to be paid Holiday Pay for the hours worked on the holiday rather than accruing a holiday and automatically accrues for the unscheduled hours on the holiday. (If the Officer did not work extra hours that week, the Officer could make up the hours on the Holiday by using accrued leave time that is considered productive time.)

		Sa	Su	M - Holiday	T	W	Th	F	Total
Hours Worked		RDO	RDO	4	10	14	10	6	44
									Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings		0		10	14	10	2	36
	Holiday Premium (1 ½)			4 (6)					6
Paid	Holiday			4					4
	Overtime (1 ½)							4 (6)	6
	Sub-Total Paid		0	10	10	14	10	8	52
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned			4					4
Total Compensation (Paid and Accrued)			0	14	10	14	10	8	56

Example 9: Schedule 2000 – 0600 Saturday – Wednesday (10-hour Day Breaker shift) Officer is scheduled to start a work week at 2000 hours on Saturday. The Officer takes off the Sunday night-Monday morning shift and Monday is a holiday. The Officer returns to work Monday at 2000 hours. The Officer chooses to accrue the hours worked on the holiday and observe a portion of the holiday.

		Sa	S	M - Holiday	T	W	Total
Hours Worked		4	6	4	14	10	38
							Total including ½ conversion
Paid	Regular Earnings	4	6		14	10	34
	Holiday Premium (1 ½)			4 (6)			6
	Holiday			4			4
	Overtime (1 ½)						0
	Sub-Total Paid	4	6	10	14	10	44
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned			4			4
Total Compensation (Paid and		4	6	14	14	10	48
Accrued)							

SECTION 3 – Chief's Prerogative Regarding Non-Essential Staff When the Contractual Holiday for Police Officers is on a Different Day than the Observed Holiday for the City of Fort Worth

Example 1: Schedule 0800 – 1700 Monday – Friday (uncompensated lunch)

Officer who has weekends off and is non-essential when City offices are closed. Note: The Officer will have to use previously accrued holidays for Monday since the Sunday accrual will not be available until the following pay period. If no holiday accrual has been accumulated, accrued compensatory or vacation time will be used.

		S – Christmas Day	M – City Observed Holiday	Т	W	Th	F	Total
Hours Worked		0	0	8	12	8	8	36
								Total including ½ conversion
	Regular Earnings			8	12	8	4	32
Paid	Holiday Premium (1 ½)							0
	Holiday							0
	Overtime (1 ½)						4 (6)	6
	Holiday Accrual Used		8					8
	Sub-Total Paid	0	8	8	12	8	10	46
Accrued	Holiday Accrual Earned	8						8
Total Compensation (Paid and Accrued)		8	8	8	12	8	10	54

APPENDIX E

Education Reimbursement Policy

8.2 Tuition Reimbursement Policy

The Tuition Reimbursement program addresses the City's commitment to Police Officer growth and development. Reimbursed tuition must be directly related to a Police Officer's current job or to a position with the City that requires the educational preparation. The Human Resources Department determines whether the courses taken are related or required as part of the job. Expenses related to law and religious degrees are not eligible for reimbursement, and other doctorate degrees are eligible for only partial reimbursement.

Funding for this program is subject to City Council approval and is limited to the fiscal year in which funds are budgeted unless otherwise required by a then-applicable labor agreement. In years when the program is funded, Police Officers who meet the program criteria will be reimbursed for eligible expenses up to the individual Police Officer cap. Information on the individual cap and tuition reimbursement process is available by contacting the Benefits Division of the Human Resources Department.

Applicants must submit a completed application to a designated Human Resources Department representative for review and verification of eligibility. The approval of a course or a degree plan is not a guarantee of a promotion or obtaining a position that requires or uses the training. Information regarding the tuition reimbursement application process and deadlines is available by contacting the Benefits Division of the Human Resources Department.

8.2.1 Reimbursement Payback Provisions

A Police Officer who receives an overpayment or incorrect amount of reimbursement is required to notify the Benefits Division of the Human Resources Department within 14 calendar days of receipt of the erroneous reimbursement. Police Officers are responsible for monitoring their pay advices and verifying reimbursement amounts. Police Officers are also expected to repay the City any overpayment. It is the responsibility of any participating Police Officer to timely notify the Benefits Division of an overpayment. Failure of a Police Officer to timely notify the Benefits Division of an overpayment may result in disqualification from receiving future tuition reimbursements and/or disciplinary action, up to and including indefinite suspension.

Overpayment reimbursement may be deducted from a Police Officer's pay check and/or final pay check with the Human Resources Director (or designee) approval. Police Officers will be notified by the Benefits Division of any pending payroll deductions in regards to tuition reimbursement payback prior to the payroll deduction. Overpayment amounts deducted from pay checks cannot cause a Police Officer to be paid less than minimum wage.

If a Police Officer resigns or is involuntarily terminated before completing a course, the City is not obligated to pay reimbursement. A Police Officer who voluntarily terminates, resigns, or retires within 12 months after receiving tuition reimbursement must repay 100% of the reimbursement. A Police Officer who voluntarily terminates, resigns, or retires within 13 months to 2 years (24 months) after receiving tuition reimbursement must repay 50% of the reimbursement.

A Police Officer who is involuntarily terminated or terminated because of a reduction in force, medical disability, or as a result of occupational injuries or illnesses is not required to repay the money received for educational reimbursement and is not subject to the payback provision.

8.2.2 Eligibility Requirements For Tuition Reimbursement Program

A Police Officer may qualify to receive reimbursement for one degree at each level while employed with the City. For example, a Police Officer may receive tuition reimbursement for one degree at the high school/GED level, one degree at the associate level, one degree at the undergraduate (bachelors) level, and one degree at the graduate (masters) level. Degrees that may have been obtained prior to City employment will not impact eligibility for tuition reimbursement during employment. For example, if a Police Officer has obtained an undergraduate degree prior to employment, they may still be eligible for tuition reimbursement for an additional undergraduate degree while employed with the City if other eligibility requirements are met.

Doctorate level degrees (Ph.D.) are covered only if in a scientific field (chemistry, biology, forensics, etc.) and highly related to the Police Officer's current classification with the approval of the City Manager or designee. Doctorate level degrees in Law (J.D.) are not covered. Undergraduate, graduate and doctorate-level degrees in religion are not eligible for reimbursement.

The requirements for a Police Officer to apply for education reimbursement are:

- Must be a regular, full-time Police Officer participating in the City's retirement fund.
- Must have successfully completed their initial probation and any extended probation.
- Cannot currently be on disciplinary probation or have received a Performance Improvement Plan (PIP) during the most recent performance evaluation.
- Must have the approval of their supervisor and Human Resources before attending the course.
- Cannot have any outstanding amounts on previous reimbursement overpayments

To be eligible for reimbursement for an undergraduate course, a Police Officer must attain a course grade of "C" or higher in a graded course, or a "pass" grade in an ungraded course.

To be eligible for reimbursement for a graduate course, a Police Officer must attain a grade of "B" or higher in a graded course, or a "pass" grade in an ungraded course.

All course work must be taken while off duty. When there is an unavoidable conflict between class and job responsibilities, a supervisor may make a reasonable effort to accommodate the class schedule. Any accommodation of a Police Officer's class schedule is at the supervisor's discretion.

Courses that are not eligible for reimbursement under this program are: (1) Seminars and conferences that meet for two weeks or less; (2) Seminars, training and review courses that deal with professional certifications or licensing; (3) audited courses or for noncredit, continuing education courses for which there is no grade; and (4) credits obtained by the College Level Examination Program (CLEP).

The department may reimburse Police Officers for classes that are not eligible for reimbursement, such as short seminars, review courses or certifications, dependent on budgetary considerations and consistent with departmental policy and practice.

Fees and expenses other than tuition and mandatory, course-related fees, such as books, supplies, computers, tablets, parking fees, health insurance fees, and room and board, are excluded from reimbursement under this program.

Incomplete forms or forms without all required documents attached will not be processed. Forms and requests turned in beyond the published deadline will not be approved, processed or paid.

College programs such as mini-terms/sessions, distance learning or quarters that are not set on a semester basis are eligible for reimbursement if they are job-related or part of a degree program and are taken for credit. The Police Officer must meet the established application deadline for the spring, fall or summer semester that precedes the course.

Courses must be taken at an accredited school, junior college, college, university, technical or trade school. (See *Glossary* for definition of accredited school.)

8.2.3 Administration, Payments, and Maximum Reimbursement

Tuition Reimbursement is paid only once for each approved course. Reimbursements are made as soon as practicable after receipt of the required paperwork.

A Police Officer who receives financial assistance for their education from another source must disclose the source and amount on the Tuition Reimbursement Application. The City does not pay for tuition and mandatory fees paid by other sources, such as scholarships, grants, Veterans benefits or other subsidies. Any Police Officer who receives reimbursements from the City for expenses that were paid by other sources must pay back 100 percent of those funds before becoming eligible for any future reimbursements from the City.

The City's total tuition reimbursement cannot exceed the Police Officer's education expenses.

8.2.4 Tuition Reimbursement Appeals

If a Police Officer requests tuition reimbursement and the request is denied by the Police Chief, the Police Officer can contact the Human Resources Manager for Talent Acquisition to try to resolve the dispute. The HR Manager for Talent Acquisition will discuss the dispute with the Human Resources Director. If the Human Resources Director disagrees with the Police Chief's decision to deny a Police Officer's request for tuition reimbursement, the Police Chief and the Human Resources Director will work to reach a solution. If the Police Chief and the Human Resources Director will discuss the appeal with the Assistant City Manager (ACM) over Public Safety. The final decision on the appeal is made by the ACM according to the provisions of this Tuition Reimbursement Policy.

APPENDIX F

Examples of Additional Position without Vacancy Under Article 4, Section 2(A)

- 1. If the Association President is a sergeant and is promoted to lieutenant while he or she is President, the additional position authorized in this section will be converted to the rank of lieutenant, at the same moment that the promotion is effective.
- 2. If the Association President is a sergeant and is demoted to corporal/detective while he or she is President, the additional position authorized in this section will be converted to the rank of corporal/detective at the same moment that the demotion is effective.
- 3. If the Association President is a sergeant and is replaced as President by a sergeant, the additional position authorized in this section will remain a sergeant. The replaced President will return to full-time police work and that will not create an excess in the number of sergeants.
- 4. If the Association President is a sergeant and is replaced as President by a lieutenant, the additional position authorized in this section will be converted to lieutenant. The replaced President will return to full-time police work and, if that creates an excess number of sergeants, the Officer who was most recently promoted to sergeant will be demoted to corporal/detective and placed on a reinstatement list. Further demotions and placement on a reinstatement list will follow, as determined by the applicable rules in TLGC Chapter 143, as modified by this Agreement.
- 5. Nothing in Article 4, Section 2(A), nor any of these examples creates a vacancy in any rank.